

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

E.I.N. # 770150580

**Reports on Financial Statements and Federal Award
Programs in Accordance with the OMB Uniform
Guidance**

December 31, 2024

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Index

December 31, 2024

	Page(s)
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants	1-3
Financial Statements	
Statement of Financial Position.....	4
Statement of Activities.....	5
Statement of Cash Flows	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7–20
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	21–22
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	23
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	24-25
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	26-28
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	29-30
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings and Status	31

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Directors
Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Report on the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute (a nonprofit organization) (the "Institute"), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2024, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Institute as of December 31, 2024, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Institute and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of management for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Institute's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with US GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with US GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Institute's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures. These additional procedures included comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records

used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with US GAAS. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other reporting required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 4, 2025 on our consideration of the Institute's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Institute's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Grant Thornton LLP

New York, New York
June 4, 2025

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute
Statement of Financial Position
December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

	2024
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 40,222
Receivables	
The David and Lucile Packard Foundation	56,848
Federal awards and other	11,332
Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,345
Deferred compensation plan investments	6,730
Right of use lease assets	2,597
Property and equipment, net	156,696
Total assets	<u>\$ 276,770</u>
Liabilities and Net Assets	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 13,643
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	6,002
Operating lease liabilities	2,637
Deferred compensation plan liabilities	6,730
Postretirement benefit liabilities	13,140
Total liabilities	<u>42,152</u>
Net assets	
Without donor restrictions	
Undesignated	144,514
Board designated	25,056
From The David and Lucile Packard Foundation	
For ongoing operations	56,848
	<u>226,418</u>
With donor restrictions	
Purpose restricted	8,200
	<u>8,200</u>
Total net assets	<u>234,618</u>
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$ 276,770</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute
Statement of Activities
Year Ended December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Revenue and other support			
Funding from The David and Lucile Packard Foundation	\$ 56,848	\$ -	\$ 56,848
Federal awards	23,403	-	23,403
Nonfederal awards	1,274	1,832	3,106
Net assets release from restrictions - non federal	1,082	(1,082)	-
Other	2,970	-	2,970
Total revenue and other support	85,577	750	86,327
Expenses			
Research and development	58,493	-	58,493
Marine operations	5,608	-	5,608
Information and technology dissemination	2,086	-	2,086
Operational support	10,214	-	10,214
Total expenses	76,401	-	76,401
Increase in net assets, before nonoperating postretirement activity	9,176	750	9,926
Components of net periodic postretirement benefit cost other than service cost	2,627	-	2,627
Net periodic postretirement benefit (credit)	(435)	-	(435)
Increase in net assets	11,368	750	12,118
Net assets without donor restrictions			
Beginning of year	215,050	7,450	222,500
End of year	\$ 226,418	\$ 8,200	\$ 234,618

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute
Statement of Cash Flows
Year Ended December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

Cash flows from operating activities

Cash received from donors	\$	38
Cash received from grants		25,417
Cash received from other support		608
Cash received from interest		2,664
Cash paid for employees		(38,253)
Cash paid for program expenses		(28,612)
Cash paid for taxes		(65)
Cash paid from deferred compensation		(236)
Net cash used in operating activities		<u>(38,439)</u>

Cash flows from investing activities

Purchase of deferred compensation plan investments		(3,373)
Proceeds from maturity of certificates of deposit		6,020
Proceeds from sale and maturity of deferred comp investments		3,331
Purchase of property and equipment using capital grant funding		(23,503)
Purchase of property and equipment		(22,417)
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(39,942)</u>

Cash flows from financing activities

Cash received from The David and Lucile Packard Foundation		<u>54,926</u>
Net cash provided by financing activities		<u>54,926</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		<u>(23,455)</u>

Cash and cash equivalents

Beginning of year		<u>63,677</u>
End of year	\$	<u>40,222</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

The Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute (the "Institute") is a not-for-profit organization founded in 1987 for the purpose of conducting scientific research in marine biology, oceanography, underwater geology, and other kinds of marine research in and around the Monterey Bay and elsewhere and to educate the scientific community and the general public in regard to such research. The Institute's primary facilities are located in Moss Landing, California.

Since 1994, The David and Lucile Packard Foundation (the "Foundation") has been the Institute's only member, with the power to elect the Board of Directors. In 2024 approximately 66% of the Institute's revenues and other support came from the Foundation. In addition, certain trustees and officers of the Foundation are also directors or officers of the Institute.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting and in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("generally accepted accounting principles") and with the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958, *Not-for-Profit Entities*, which requires the Institute to classify its net assets into two categories according to donor-imposed restrictions – net assets without donor imposed restrictions and net assets with donor-imposed restrictions.

Net Assets without Donor Restrictions

Net assets without donor restrictions represent resources which do not have donor-imposed stipulations available to support the Institute's operations. Additionally, an operating reserve has been established for use on specific projects subject to the Board of Directors' approval. Funding received from the Foundation is considered equity transactions and have been recorded as contributions on the statement of activities. In 2024 the Foundation committed to fund the Institute's subsequent year's operations in the amount of \$56,848. Additionally, the Institute has received funding between 2017 and 2022 in the amount of \$85,000 for specified capital projects. As of 2024 these funds have been spent on specified capital projects, which are pending final completion as of 2024.

Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions represent contributions that are limited in use by the Institute in accordance with donor-imposed stipulations. These stipulations may expire with time or may be satisfied and removed by the actions of the Institute according to the terms of the contributions. At December 31, 2024 the Institute had \$8,200 in net assets with donor restrictions of which \$8,200 is purpose restricted for specific research. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Institute incurred expenditures of \$1,082 that met stipulations of donations.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include the accrual for postretirement benefit liabilities and the estimated useful life for property and equipment.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Institute to credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and receivables. Cash and cash equivalents are maintained by major financial institutions and include investments in money market funds. At times, such amounts may exceed Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation limits. The Institute believes that credit risk related to such accounts is minimal. Receivables consist primarily of funds due from the Foundation (Note 3). The Institute closely monitors receivables and has not experienced significant credit losses to date.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and in banks, money market funds and highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity date of three months or less.

Other Assets

The Institute's other assets include deferred compensation plan investments, and certificates of deposits with original maturity dates greater than 90 days which are reported at fair value.

Certificates of deposit totaled \$474 as of December 31, 2024.

Investments

Fair value is determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Fair value is defined as the amount that would be exchanged for an asset or to transfer a liability between market participants in an orderly transaction at the measurement date. The Institute determines fair value based upon the fair value hierarchy established under applicable accounting guidance which requires an entity to prioritize the use of observable market-based inputs over the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. Investments are categorized as Level 1 when the valuation is based upon quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2 when the valuation is based upon inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3 when the valuation is based upon unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring the Institute to develop assumptions to determine the best estimate of fair value. The Institute's financial securities (nonretirement investments) are categorized in the following levels of the fair value hierarchy at December 31, 2024:

	2024			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Money market mutual funds	\$ 37,669	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,669
Certificates of deposit	-	474	-	474
	<u>\$ 37,669</u>	<u>\$ 474</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 38,143</u>

Investment transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Realized gains and losses on dispositions of investments represent the difference between the original cost of the investment and the proceeds received from the sale. Money market funds are reported on the statement of financial position as cash and cash equivalents. Certificates of deposit are reported on the statement of financial position as prepaid expenses and other assets.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost or at the fair market value at the date of donation and are depreciated on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets (3 to 30 years). Capitalized costs for self-constructed assets include direct labor and benefits for employees specifically identified with the project. Capitalized costs are subject to a threshold of \$5 to be accounted for as property and equipment. Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

Revenue Recognition

The Institute recognizes revenue from contributions, grants and contracts in accordance with Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2018-08, *Not-For-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made*. Accordingly, the Institute evaluates whether a transfer of assets is (1) an exchange transaction in which a resource provider is receiving commensurate value in return for the resources transferred or (2) a contribution. If the transfer of assets is determined to be an exchange transaction, the Institute applies guidance under ASC 606. If the transfer of assets is determined to be a contribution, the Institute evaluates whether the contribution is conditional based upon whether the agreement includes both (1) one or more barriers that must be overcome before the Institute is entitled to the assets transferred and promised and (2) a right of return of assets transferred or a right of release of a promisor's obligation to transfer assets.

The Institute reports contributions of cash and other assets as support with donor restrictions if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restriction and reported in the accompanying statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Contributions with donor restrictions are reported as contributions without donor restrictions when the restriction is met in the same period as the contribution is received.

Contracts deemed exchange contracts are recognized in accordance with ASC 606. The core principle of ASC 606 is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue is measured based on consideration specified in a contract with a customer. The Institute recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control over goods and services to a customer.

Performance Obligations

The Institute is occasionally engaged by organizations with the intention to transfer goods or services which are outlined by a scope of work in every contract and have discrete pricing associated with the service to be provided. Each service is accounted for as a separate performance obligation. Generally, these performance obligations are satisfied over time and recognize revenue as the goods or services are provided, as this best represents the transfer of control to the customer.

Disaggregation of Revenue

The Institute's revenue is disaggregated by customer type, contract type and service type. The majority of the Institute's exchange contract revenue is from contracts with government entities either directly or as a subcontractor and is recognized over time as the services are performed.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

These contracts are cost reimbursable. The Institute also earns royalty revenues from the licensing and sales of intellectual property which are recognized at a point in time. Revenue from these sources is reported on the statement of activities as other income.

The following table disaggregates revenue based on the timing of revenue recognition for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	2024
Over time (procurement)	\$ 60
Point in time (royalties)	127
	\$ 187

Deferred Grant Revenue

Deferred grant revenue represents funds which have been received for programs which have not yet been completed or taken place, and therefore have not yet been earned.

As of December 31, 2024 the Institute had deferred revenue of \$248.

Income Taxes

The Institute is a not-for-profit corporation as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") and is exempt from federal and state income taxes pursuant to Section 501(a) of the Code and Section 23701(d) of the California Tax Code. To the extent that the Institute carries out activities that are subject to unrelated business income tax, it is subject to income taxation. Income tax incurred by the Institute is reported on the statement of activities under operational support.

The Institute is a private operating foundation within the meaning of Section 509(a) of the Code that makes its required charitable expenditures by sponsoring and managing its own programs.

Pursuant to Section 4940(a) of the Code, the Institute's investment income, reduced by certain allowable expenses, is subject to excise tax at a rate of 1.39% of investment income. The Institute's status as an operating foundation is determined annually by satisfying the income test and certain other numerical tests. Generally, a private operating foundation must make qualifying distributions of 4.25% of the average fair value of the foundation's investment assets directly for the active conduct of the activities for which it is organized and operating. The Institute has met the requirements for private operating foundation status through December 31, 2024.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

2. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment at December 31, 2024 consist of the following:

	2024
Land	\$ 4,236
Buildings	51,135
Research vessels	9,763
Remotely operated vehicles	26,314
Ocean deployed equipment	36,222
General equipment, furniture, and fixtures	38,194
Capital projects in progress	120,876
	286,740
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(130,105)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 156,635

The Institute had two major capital projects in progress at the end of 2024, the research vessel David Packard and the construction of a research and robotics building. The amounts related to these assets held in Capital project in progress are \$107,609 as of December 31, 2024.

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2024 was \$7,459.

3. Related-Party Transactions

In June of 2024, the Institute received funding commitment from the Foundation to support the subsequent year's operations. The receivable from the Foundation was \$56,848 as of December 31, 2024 and is included in net assets without donor restrictions.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

4. Contributions receivable

Contributions receivable at December 31, 2024 consist of the following and are grouped within federal awards and other on the statement of financial position:

	2024
Contributions receivable before discount	\$ 1,430
Less: Unamortized discount*	(169)
Net contributions receivable	<u>\$ 1,261</u>

Contributions receivable are estimated to be collected as follows as of December 31, 2024:

Amounts due in

Less than one year	\$ 1,407
One to two years	23
	<u>\$ 1,430</u>

*Discount rates used to present value contributions for the year ended December 31, 2024 was 6.77%.

The Institute had conditional contributions of \$45,654 as of December 31, 2024. These are comprised of federal awards that the Institute has obtained but not yet met the conditions to recognize as revenue. As the conditions are met revenue will be recorded as federal awards on the statement of activities.

5. Commitments and Contingencies

Leases

The Institute leases certain land facilities and equipment under operating and financing leases. The terms of these leases expire in 2031 through 2039, with certain options to renew which are expected to be exercised. Under the accounting standard for leases, a lease conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. On the statement of financial position "Right of use lease assets" represent the Institute's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and the "Operating lease liabilities" represent the Institute's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease based the on present value of lease payments over the lease term.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

Components of lease expense for the year ended December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Year ended December 31, 2024

Lease Cost

Operating lease cost	\$	230
Short term lease cost		61
Total Lease Cost	\$	291

Year Ending December 31, 2024

Operating lease	2,658
Total lease right-of-use asset	2,658
Operating lease	2,834
Total lease liability	\$ 2,834

The following table displays the weight-average term and discount rate for operating leases as of December 31, 2024:

Weighted-average term (years)	14
Weighted-average discount rate	1.93%

The undiscounted cash flows for future years as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Undiscounted cash flows due within:	Operating
2025	\$ 251
2026	258
2027	265
2028	273
2029	280
2029 and thereafter	1,860
Total undiscounted cash flows	3,187
Less present value	353
Total lease liability	\$ 2,834

Rent expense was \$291 for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Other commitments and contingencies

During 2022 the Institute entered into a contract to construct a research and robotics building. The contract amount as of December 31, 2024 is \$42,555 with installments of \$1,761 remaining to be paid in 2025, as construction of the building is completed.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

During 2021 the Institute entered into a contract with Construcciones Navales P. Feire S.A. to construct a new research vessel. The contract value is \$43,974 which the Institute has made payments of \$41,974 as of December 31, 2024. During 2024 the Institute took ownership of the research vessel and will make the remaining \$2,000 payment when defects on the research vessel are remedied. The vessel was not placed in service until 2025 due to repairs required to make the vessel operational which were completed in January of 2025.

In October 2024 the Institute renegotiated its contract with Construcciones Navales P. Feire S.A. to make the final \$2,000 payment at the equivalent value in Euros as of October 30, 2024. As a result of this renegotiation the Institute entered into an agreement with Wells Fargo Bank to purchase \$1,841 Euros at a price of \$2,027 USD to hedge against any currency fluctuations between the contract renegotiation date and the payment date of January 31, 2025. As of December 31, 2024 the fair market value of the hedge contract with Wells Fargo was \$1,900 as the Euro declined from 1.08 on the contract execution date of October 30, 2024 to 1.03 as of December 31, 2024. The foreign currency hedge is classified as Level 2 under the fair value hierarchy.

During 2024 the Institute entered into an installment payment agreement with CSI Leasing, Inc. to license the use of a Rubrik system over 5 years at a cost over 5 years of \$1,860. The license will be effective January 1, 2025 with annual payments of \$372 starting on January 1, 2025, and payable annually until January 1, 2029.

As of December 31, 2024 the Institute has \$500 on deposit as collateral to guarantee that the Institute will comply with the provisions of a land lease entered into with the State of California, California State Lands Commission to obtain right-of-way use needed for the operation of one of the Institute's projects, the MARS Project. This amount is included in prepaid expenses and other assets in the statement of financial position.

The Institute derives a portion of its revenues from various federally funded programs that are subject to review and audit by governmental oversight agencies. Institute management believes that the Institute is in material compliance with the standards set forth by the federal governmental agencies and that the outcome of reviews and audits conducted by such agencies will not have a significant effect on the financial position of the Institute.

During 2023 the Institute had a structural evaluation completed on a commercial pier that it wholly owns. As a result of the evaluation it was determined that the pier was no longer fit for use and will need to be demolished. The net book value of the pier is not material. The Institute is currently not under an obligation to demolish the pier and as such, the cost to do so has not been reflected in the 2024 financial statements.

Claims

Claims are filed from time to time against the Institute in the ordinary course of business. The Institute is not aware of any such matters that would have a material adverse effect on the Institute's financial position.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

6. Retirement Plans

The Institute sponsors a defined contribution plan under IRC 403(b). The defined contribution plan covers all employees who meet eligibility requirements. Contributions to the 403(b) plan are made by the Institute at 10% of an employee's annual salary. Under the 403(b) plan and subject to statutory limits, employees may make voluntary deferred salary contributions to the 403(b) Plan. Total expenses related to this plan were \$2,904 in 2024.

The Institute sponsors a Section 457(b) Qualified Eligible Salary Deferral Plan (the "Salary Deferral Plan") primarily for the purpose of providing deferred compensation for a select group of management or highly compensated employees to accumulate retirement assets. The Salary Deferral Plan enables participants to defer income on a pre-tax basis. There are no Institute contributions related to this plan. At December 31, 2024 the Institute held plan investments of \$6,550 that are included in deferred compensation plan investments. These assets are designated by the Institute to pay future Salary Deferral Plan liabilities of \$6,550 as of December 31, 2024. These liabilities are included in deferred compensation plan liabilities.

The Institute also sponsors a Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Restoration Plan (the "Compensation Restoration Plan") primarily for the purpose of providing deferred compensation for a select group of management or highly compensated employees to accumulate retirement assets. The Compensation Restoration Plan provides for the Institute to make contributions to a participant's account equal to the amount in excess of IRC limits which the participant would otherwise have been eligible for in accordance with the Institute's 403(b) plan. At December 31, 2024 the Institute held plan investments of \$180, that are included in deferred compensation plan investments, which are designated by the Institute to pay future Compensation Restoration Plan liabilities of \$180 December 31, 2024. These liabilities are included in deferred compensation plan liabilities.

At December 31, 2024 all the Institute's deferred compensation plan investments were classified as Level 1 as they are mutual funds with daily traded fair market values and consisted of the following:

	2024
Equity mutual funds	\$ 4,025
Equity and bond mutual funds	2,549
U.S. Government securities mutual funds	156
Total fair value of deferred compensation plan investments	<u>\$ 6,730</u>

The Institute has a contributory retiree health insurance program (the "Plan") which covers substantially all employees who meet the eligibility requirements. Each August 1, the Institute contributes on behalf of each retired employee to a health reimbursement account ("HRA"). The amount of the contribution is 50% of the premium in effect as of August 1, 2017 with the same family status (single or two-party coverage) as the retiree. The retiree may then spend the amount in the HRA on any medical expenses that are tax-deductible, including premiums for health insurance.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

The following information presents the Plan's unfunded status and the amounts recognized in the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2024 on a measurement date of December 31, 2024:

	2024
Benefit obligation	\$ 13,140
Fair value of plan assets	-
Unfunded status	<u>\$ 13,140</u>
Amount recognized in the statements of financial position as postretirement benefit liabilities	\$ 13,140

Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions at December 31, 2024 were as follows:

	2024
Net loss	\$ (1,108)
Prior service cost	(1,418)
	<u>\$ (2,526)</u>

The Plan's net periodic postretirement benefit cost for the year ended December 31, 2024 was (\$2,370).

Changes other than net periodic postretirement benefit cost recognized in the statement of activities for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	2024
Net actuarial (gain)	\$ (2,891)
Amortization of net (gain)	(31)
Amortization of prior service cost	<u>3,357</u>
Net periodic postretirement benefit cost/credit	<u>\$ 435</u>

Total contributions paid by the Institute to the Plan for the year ended December 31, 2024 were \$368. Total benefit payments made from the Plan for the year ended December 31, 2024 were \$368.

The weighted-average discount rate used in determining the accumulated postretirement benefit liabilities was 5.44% as of December 31, 2024 and in determining the net periodic postretirement benefit cost was 4.77% for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

The Plan is fully insured and is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The estimated minimum benefit payments by year that reflect expected future service to be paid by the Institute are as follows:

2025	\$	757
2026		800
2027		851
2028		883
2029		923
2030-2034		4,788

The annual rate of increase in the per capita cost of medical benefits (i.e., health care cost trend rate) was assumed to be 8.2% in 2024 and declining by 0.4% per year until the ultimate trend rate of 5.0% is reached by 2033.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

7. Functional Expenses

	2024					
	Program Services				Supporting Activities	
	Research and Development	Marine Operations	Information Dissemination	Program Subtotal	Operational Support	Total Expenses
Salaries, Fringe, Board Fees	\$ 23,932	\$ 6,718	\$ 1,377	\$ 32,027	\$ 6,530	\$ 38,557
Miscellaneous	24,854	(2,177)	208	22,885	4,040	26,925
Depreciation	4,337	113	101	4,551	2,908	7,459
Occupancy	4,448	768	249	5,465	(4,093)	1,372
Travel, Conferences and meetings	861	172	17	1,050	281	1,331
Legal Fees	6	-	-	6	320	326
Printing and publications	55	14	134	203	28	231
Accounting Fees	-	-	-	-	200	200
Postretirement benefit costs - interest and amortization	(1,630)	(458)	(94)	(2,182)	(445)	(2,627)
Total expenses	<u>\$ 56,863</u>	<u>\$ 5,150</u>	<u>\$ 1,992</u>	<u>\$ 64,005</u>	<u>\$ 9,769</u>	<u>\$ 73,774</u>

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

The Institute classifies program operating cost amongst its three main activities. Cost are associated with each activity either by occurring directly within that activity or by allocation from another activity. Allocations are made for facility and ship usage to better align costs with each activity's use of resources. Allocable costs from the marine division are captured in cost centers and then allocated based on days the organizational function uses those operations. Facilities costs are allocated based on square footage of the facility and the function occupying the area. Total program expenses shown on the analysis of expenses do not articulate with total expenses shown on the statement of activities. Interest expense and gain amortization associated with the contributory retiree health insurance program are reflected in the analysis of expenses with their respective program activity. The Institute incurred costs for award acquisition of \$82 during 2023 which are reflected in operational support. The Institute's expenses are classified within the following activities:

Research and Development

Develop and adapt innovative technologies for advancing our understanding of the ocean.

Marine Operations

The Division of Marine Operations serves a role in the support of the Institute's research and development by operating and maintaining the Institute's research vessels and remotely operated vehicles. The support provided by the Division of Marine Operations facilitates the work of developing, adapting and utilizing innovative technology.

Information Dissemination

Information and technology dissemination serves as a gateway for the transfer of knowledge gained, solutions devised and technologies developed to communities outside of the Institute. These communities include researchers, educators, policy makers, resource managers, industry and the general public.

8. Available Resources and Liquidity

The Institute has a board designated operating reserve of \$25,056 as of December 31, 2024. This is a governing board-designated reserve with the objective of setting aside funds to be used on specifically approved projects. The Institute maintains the reserve at no less than \$6,000 which was determined by management as the minimum needed to meet capital fluctuations during a given year. The operating reserve consists of unused funds that result from support in excess of actual expenditures. Over the course of a given year, the Institute may realize surpluses or deficits relative to its proposed revenue and expenditures; these fluctuations are added to or are deducted from the operating reserve at the end of each calendar year. The operating reserve is held as money market funds. Although the Institute does not intend to spend from its board designated funds other than amounts appropriated for general expenditure as part of its annual budget approval and appropriation process, amounts from the operating reserve could be made available by the Board of Directors if necessary.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

(in thousands of dollars)

The following represents the Institute's financial assets as of December 31, 2024.

	2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 40,222
David and Lucile Packard Foundation receivables	56,848
Federal awards and other receivables	11,332
Total financial assets	<u>108,402</u>
Less those unavailable due to designations	
Board designations	
Operating reserve	25,056
Funding from Valley Foundation for capital projects	86
Total amounts unavailable for general expenditures	<u>25,142</u>
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for operating expenditures within one year	<u>\$ 83,260</u>

9. Subsequent Events

The Institute has evaluated subsequent events for the period December 31, 2024 through June 4, 2025, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended December 31, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal ALN #	Award Number	Pass Through Number	Federal Expenditures	Pass Through to Subrecipient
Research and Development - Cluster					
National Science Foundation					
Biological sciences	47.074	MCB-2316456		\$ 37,418	\$ -
Biological sciences	47.074	DEB-2326028		12,145	-
Biological sciences	47.074	IOS-2114170		73,090	-
Geosciences	47.050	OPP-1744773		885	-
Geosciences	47.050	OCE-2103137		472,676	349,379
Geosciences	47.050	OCE-2049117		217,438	-
Geosciences	47.050	OCE-2110258		1,615,596	988,293
Geosciences	47.050	OCE-1946578		11,202,948	10,016,814
Geosciences	47.050	OCE-2126537		63,391	-
Geosciences	47.050	OCE-2220659		79,599	-
Geosciences	47.050	OCE-2226467		17,946	-
Geosciences	47.050	OCE-2300399		72,114	-
Geosciences	47.050	OCE-2408811		59,060	-
Technology, Innovation and Partnerships	47.084	ITE- 2230776		1,959,460	682,406
Office of Integrative Activities	47.083	OIA-2137977		-	-
Subtotal direct awards - National Science Foundation (NSF)				15,883,764	12,036,891
Pass - through from University of Rhode Island - Geosciences	47.050	OCE-1842412	0007337/01232019	\$ 46,590	\$ -
Pass - through from Princeton University - Geosciences	47.050	OPP-19936222	SUB0000407	1,132,882	-
Pass - through from University of Texas at Austin - Geosciences	47.079	OISE-2114717	UTAUS-SUB0000008	8,616	-
Pass - through from University of California San Diego - Biological sciences	47.078	2332379	707058	23	-
Pass - through from Stanford - Geosciences	47.050	OCE-2023301	62448926-178401	-	-
Total National Science Foundation				17,071,875	12,036,891
US Geological Survey					
Direct programs					
Research and data collection	15.808	G22AC00591		\$ 551,589	\$ -
Research and data collection	15.808	G21AC10333		133,963	-
Research and data collection	15.808	G24AC00229-00		56,466	-
Total US Geological Survey				742,018	-
Department of Energy					
Direct programs					
Renewable energy research and development	81.087	DE-EE0009444		36,712	-
Total - Department of Energy				36,712	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the schedule

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, continued

Year Ended December 31, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal ALN #	Award Number	Pass Through Number	Federal Expenditures	Pass Through to Subrecipient
Office of Naval Research					
Direct Programs					
Basic and applied research	12.300	N000142412457		\$ 51,423	\$ 41,988
Basic and applied research	12.300	N000142312521		16,526	-
Total Office of Naval Research				<u>67,949</u>	<u>41,988</u>
Navel Sea Systems Command					
Pass - through from University of Washington	12.RD	N00024-21-D-6400/N0002421F8712	60465	3,684	-
				<u>3,684</u>	<u>-</u>
National Aeronautics and Space Administration					
Direct programs					
Science	43.001	80NSSC21M0032		\$ 426,935	\$ 91,467
Subtotal direct awards - National Aeronautics and Space Administration				426,935	91,467
Pass - through from University of Maine	43.001	80NSSC21K0015	UMS1319	1,498	-
Total National Aeronautics and Space Administration				<u>428,433</u>	<u>91,467</u>
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration					
Direct programs					
Ocean	11.011	NA23OAR0110521		\$ 149,457	\$ 63,056
Integrated Ocean Observing System (IOOS)	11.012	NA21NOS0120090		2,711,970	2,073,092
Integrated Ocean Observing System (IOOS)	11.012	NA22NOS0120184		192,462	123,524
Integrated Ocean Observing System (IOOS)	11.012	NA23NOS0120083		399,174	242,493
Integrated Ocean Observing System (IOOS)	11.012	NA24NOSX012C0033-T1-01		8,714	-
Subtotal direct awards - National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)				3,461,777	2,502,165
Pass - through from Integral Consulting, Inc.	11.011	NA23OAR0110318	C3317	9,120	-
Pass - through from University of California San Diego	11.478	NA19NOS4780181	122410489	172,957	-
Pass - through from University of California San Diego	11.478	NA20NOS4780187	704160	13,861	-
Pass - through from University of California San Diego	11.012	NA24NOSX012C0034-T1-01	UDR0000642	95	-
Pass - through from University of California Santa Cruz	11.431	NA22OAR4310562	A23-0068-S001-P0806085	16,719	-
Pass - through from University of Washington	12.RD	NA23NOS0120241	UWSC11376	293	-
Pass - through from University of Washington	11.432	NA19OAR4320072	PZL0193	145,292	-
Pass - through from University of Washington	11.478	NA19NOS4780191	UWSC11616	26,089	-
Pass - through from Woods Hole Oceanographic Institute	11.405	NA22OAR4050072	A101630	33,287	-
Pass - through from Woods Hole Oceanographic Institute	11.017	NA23OAR0170508	A101632/24990900	15,344	-
Total National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration				<u>3,894,834</u>	<u>2,502,165</u>
Total Research and Development - Cluster				<u>22,245,505</u>	<u>14,672,511</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				<u>\$ 22,245,505</u>	<u>\$ 14,672,511</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the schedule

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended December 31, 2024

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule"), presents the federal grant activity of the Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute (the "Institute"). The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in the Schedule may differ from the presentation of the amounts in the financial statements. All federal awards passed through from other governmental agencies are included in the Schedule. During the year ended December 31, 2024, no noncash awards were received by the Institute. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting, a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to facilitate and comply with the cash reimbursement of grant expenditures by the Institute throughout the year.

2. Facilities and Administrative Costs

The Institute uses its negotiated indirect cost rates rather than the 10% de minimis rate allowed by Uniform Guidance.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

The Board of Directors
Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute (the "Institute"), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2024, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 4, 2025.

Report on internal control over financial reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Institute's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institutes' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Institute's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on compliance and other matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Institute's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements,

noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Institute's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Grant Thornton LLP

New York, New York
June 4, 2025

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees
Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Report on compliance for the major federal program

Opinion on the major federal program

We have audited the compliance of Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute (the "Institute") with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Institute's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2024. The Institute's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Institute complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Basis for opinion on the major federal program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Institute and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Institute's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of management for compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Institute's federal program.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Institute's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with US GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Institutes compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with US GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Institutes compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Institute's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on internal control over compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a

type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this Report on Internal Control Over Compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Grant Thornton LLP

New York, New York
June 4, 2025

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Year Ended December 31, 2024

I. Summary of Auditor's Results

1. Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financing reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? No
- Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

2. Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weakness(es) identified? No
- Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

- Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No

3. Identification of Major Programs

Assistance Listing Number Name of Federal Program or Cluster

Various Research and Development Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Year Ended December 31, 2024

II. Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings and Status

Year Ended December 31, 2024

FINDING 2023-001 – Internal Control over Financial Statement Presentation

Significant Deficiency

Criteria

Internal control environments, which are operating optimally, provide for controls over the accuracy of the financial statements as outlined in accordance with US generally accepted accounting principles (US GAAP). Under Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958-605-25-11 contributions qualify as conditional if they contain donor-imposed conditions that represent a barrier that must be overcome as well as a right of release from obligation. Conditional contributions shall not be recognized as revenue until the condition or conditions on which they depend are substantially met.

Condition

The draft financial statements provided by management included a misstatement related to the treatment of conditional contributions.

Context

The quantified impact of this error was as follows:

- Accrued expenses and other liabilities were overstated by \$2,066,729; federal awards and other receivables were understated by \$2,882,560; and nonfederal awards revenue with donor restrictions was understated by \$4,949,289.

Cause

Although the organization followed their internal revenue recognition policy, the interpretation of what qualifies as a conditional contribution under the revenue recognition policy was not in compliance with US GAAP.

Effect

Once pointed out in the audit, the organization corrected the error.

Recommendation

We recommend revising the revenue recognition policy to be in compliance with US GAAP. In addition, we recommend that the organization perform a detailed review over all new awards to determine if they meet the criteria of a conditional contribution.

Views of Responsible Officials (unaudited)

Management concurs.

Current status

Remediated.