

IO TECH GROUP LIMITED
Unaudited Financial Statements
For the financial year ended 31 December 2022
Pages for filing with the registrar

IO TECH GROUP LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

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IO TECH GROUP LIMITED
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
As at 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	4	4,921,754	1,222,913
		4,921,754	1,222,913
Current assets			
Stocks	5	0	145,147
Debtors	6	14,077	760,196
Cash at bank and in hand		1,267,777	1,584,293
		1,281,854	2,489,636
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(222,182)	(414,285)
		1,059,672	2,075,351
Net current assets		1,059,672	2,075,351
Total assets less current liabilities		5,981,426	3,298,264
Net assets		5,981,426	3,298,264
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	8	346	345
Share premium account		5,451,340	5,426,841
Other reserves	10	6,340,321	3,452,111
Profit and loss account		(5,810,581)	(5,581,033)
Total shareholders' funds		5,981,426	3,298,264

IO TECH GROUP LIMITED
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)
As at 31 December 2022

For the financial year ending 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the financial year in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements; and
- These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and a copy of the Statement of Comprehensive Income has not been delivered.

The financial statements of IO Tech Group Limited (registered number: 09739211) were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors. They were signed on its behalf by:

H C Javice
Director

16 April 2024

IO TECH GROUP LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the financial year and to the preceding financial year, unless otherwise stated.

General information and basis of accounting

IO Tech Group Limited (the Company) is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006 and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the company's registered office is 12b Shaftesbury Centre 85, Barlby Road, London, W10 6AZ, England, United Kingdom.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value, and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' issued by the Financial Reporting Council and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements are presented in pounds sterling which is the functional currency of the Company and rounded to the nearest £.

Going concern

The directors have assessed the Statement of Financial Position and likely future cash flows at the date of approving these financial statements. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence and to meet its financial obligations as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the Statement of Financial Position date are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at that date.

Exchange differences are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which they arise except for exchange differences arising on gains or losses on non-monetary items which are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Turnover is recognised when the significant risks and rewards are considered to have been transferred to the customer.

Share-based payment

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions are measured at fair value at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non-market-based vesting conditions.

Fair value is measured by use of the Black-Scholes model which is considered by management to be the most appropriate method of valuation. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioural considerations.

Cancellations or settlements (including those resulting from employee redundancies) are treated as an acceleration of vesting and the amount that would have been recognised over the remaining vesting period is recognised immediately.

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Taxation

Current tax

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recoverable) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the Statement of Financial Position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises as a result of including items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the company's financial statements. Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more or less tax at a future date, at the average tax rates that are expected to apply when the timing differences reverse, based on current tax rates and laws. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and a valuation allowance is set up against deferred tax assets so that the net carrying amount equals the highest amount that is more likely than not to be recovered based on current or future taxable profit.

Fixed asset investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to sell, which is equivalent to the net realisable value. Cost includes materials, direct labour and an attributable proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal levels of activity. Cost is calculated using the FIFO (first-in, first-out) method. Provision is made for obsolete, slow-moving or defective items where appropriate.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in creditors: amounts falling due within one year.

Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments and transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors and loans to and from related parties.

Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other debtors, and amounts due from related companies, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

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Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors and accruals, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2. Employees

	2022	2021
	Number	Number
Monthly average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including directors	5	5

IO TECH GROUP LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

3. Share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based payment schemes

The Company has a share option scheme for certain members of key personnel of the Company and its subsidiary undertaking. Options are exercisable at a price equal to the estimated fair value of the Company's shares on the date of grant, and the options generally vest over a period of 4 years from the vesting start date. The options lapse if not exercised within 10 years of the grant date or if the employee leaves before the options vest.

Details of the share options outstanding during the financial year are as follows:

	2022		2021	
	Weighted Average		Weighted Average	
	Number of share options	Average exercise price (£)	Number of share options	Average exercise price (£)
Outstanding at beginning of period	173,625	4.46	0	0
Granted during the period	33,000	6.25	185,750	4.54
Forfeited during the period	(14,875)	6.01	(12,125)	5.75
Exercised during the period	(8,750)	2.80	0	0
Outstanding at the end of the period	183,000	4.73	173,625	4.46
Exercisable at the end of the period	60,437	4.78	25,656	4.30

The fair value of the share options at the grant date was calculated using the Black Scholes model, which is considered to be the most appropriate generally accepted valuation method of measuring fair value.

The company recognised total expenses of £ 0 and £ 0 related to equity-settled share-based payment transactions in 2022 and 2021 respectively.

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4. Fixed asset investments

Investments in subsidiaries

	2022
	£
Cost	
At 01 January 2022	1,222,913
Additions	3,698,841
At 31 December 2022	4,921,754
Carrying value at 31 December 2022	4,921,754
Carrying value at 31 December 2021	1,222,913

5. Stocks

	2022	2021
	£	£
Work in progress	0	145,147

6. Debtors

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade debtors	0	78,836
Prepayments	14,047	19,685
VAT recoverable	30	1,453
Corporation tax	0	660,222
	14,077	760,196

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	22,575	55,624
Amounts owed to directors	28,818	20,531
Accruals and deferred income	170,789	337,936
Other taxation and social security	0	194
	222,182	414,285

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8. Called-up share capital

	2022	2021
	£	£
Allotted, called-up and fully-paid		
3,455,426 Ordinary shares of £ 0.0001 each (2021: 3,446,676 shares of £ 0.0001 each)	346	345

9. Related party transactions

Included within other creditors is a balance of £28,818 (2021: £20,531) owed to a director. This balance is unsecured and interest free, with no fixed repayment terms.

10. Reserves

Other reserves

Other reserves comprises amounts received for simple agreements for future equity of £5,603,165 and share based payments of £737,156.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.