

State will transfer R\$ 6 billion for health spending in municipalities

Governor signs commitment with AMM to pay overdue funds expected for city halls

The state government will pay R\$ 6 billion referring to overdue resources for the health area foreseen for Minas Gerais municipalities.

The commitment was signed by governor Romeu Zema with the president of the Minas Gerais Association of Municipalities (AMM), Julvan La cerda. The announcement was made yesterday during a virtual meeting with approximately 200 mayors, with the participation of the President of the Legislative Assembly of Minas Gerais (ALMG), Agostinho Patrus.

The idea is to reach an agreement with the Court of Justice of the State of Minas Gerais (TJMG) to guarantee the payment of resources as early as next week. "I am convinced that Minas Gerais is on the way to having better days and I believe that, with vaccination, we will continue with the problem, but managed", said Governor Romeu Zema.

The main points addressed at the meeting were those related to the challenges arising from the Covid-19 pandemic and needs such as more resources for smaller cities and investments in hospitals. **page 3**



The government of Minas intends to reach an agreement with the TJMG to guarantee the payment of resources to the municipalities next week



Pig farming production costs are high

Live hog price rises with exports

The growth in demand for pork, both in the domestic and foreign markets, favors the recovery of prices paid to producers in Minas Gerais. In April there was an increase in the price, after remaining below expectations in the first months of the year. A kilo of live pigs was traded for R\$ 8, on average. However, the inflation of production costs rose more than 100% in one year, pressured by the increase in corn, an essential item in feeding the herd. In March, Minas exported 1,610 tons of pork, the highest volume since June 2020 and the second highest in history. **page 26**

EDITORIAL

The pandemic, which has become a torment all over the world, has had and continues to have devastating effects, starting with the number of lives lost. It also produced considerable damage to the economy, demanding a reconstruction process that would be slow, requiring efforts and resources already comparable to those mobilized for post-war reconstruction, from 1945 onwards and throughout the following decade. The side

well, if the expression applies in the face of universal mourning, it lies in the perspective of a better understanding of reality and, consequently, the understanding that efforts to reduce inequalities between individuals and between nations can no longer be postponed, with the design of an economic order that is at once more balanced, fairer and more rational.

"There is light at the end of the tunnel", p. two

Grupo Gema de Minas invests in the diversification of its product line

Headquartered in Capelinha, in the Jequitinhonha Valley, the Gema de Minas Alimentos group has been increasing its portfolio since the beginning of the year and already has a mix of 25 items aimed at different sectors and intends to end 2021 with at least 50 products many different. Specialized in coffee, the group has concentrated grain production

in the industrial park of Capelinha. New items are outsourced, but manufacturing may be incorporated into the manufacturing unit in the future. The local infrastructure is 20,000 square meters in a plot of 80,000 square meters. In 2020, the company started growing beans, which was carried out in three harvests. **page 27**



The Gema de Minas group has an industrial plant in Capelinha, in Jequitinhonha

ALMG votes

today on project that creates emergency income

The plenary of the Legislative Assembly of Minas Gerais (ALMG) votes today, in the 2nd round, on Recomeça Minas. The proposal was approved yesterday in two shifts by the Financial and Budgetary Oversight Committee (FFO). Among the amendments maintained is the one that creates an emergency income of R\$ 500 for families in extreme poverty, in addition to others that provide for tax benefits and facilitate the release

Modernization of public lighting generates gains in Belo Horizonte

Belo Horizonte is the first capital in the country to have modernized public lighting.

With an investment of R\$ 400 million over three years, through a public-private partnership (PPP) with the BHIP concessionaire, 180,000 lighting points were replaced from sodium vapor lamps to LED lamps, generating Savings of BRL 25 million per year on the municipality's energy bill. **page 7**

ARTICLES

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Sustainable Tropical Bioeconomy: third leap of Brazilian science

(Evaldo Vilela)

Water: billing and control

(Patricia Boson)

MERCANTIL DO BRASIL

Dollar - day 29	Euros - he 29	TR (day 30):	0,0000%
Commercial	Purchase: BRL 6.4972 Sale: BRL 6.4995	Savings (day 30):	0,1590%
Purchase: BRL 5.3350 Sale: BRL 5.3370	Gold - day 29	IPCA-IBGE (March):	0,93%
Tourism	New York (troy ounce): \$ 1,772.36	IPCA-IPCAD(March):	1,24%
Purchase: BRL 5.3370 Sale: BRL 5.5130	BM&F (g): R\$ 304,86	IGP-M (March):	2,94%
Ptax (BC)			
Purchase: BRL 5.3656 Sale: BRL 5.3662			

MERCANTIL DO BRASIL

BOVESPA
+0,97 +0,05 -1,00 +1,39 -0,82
04/26/04 27/04 28/04 29/04



OPINION

Sustainable Tropical Bioeconomy: third leap of Brazilian science

EVALDO VILELA *

We live in a crucial moment for the Sciences that integrate the Water, Energy and Food complex, pillars of the Sustainable Tropical Bioeconomy. The performance of the institutions and researchers involved in these areas will directly depend on the quality of life, overcoming hunger, well-being and, especially, the degree of sustainability with which we will be able to continue producing essential elements for life, preserving natural resources for future generations.

Over the past 50 years, the Science, Technology and Innovation Platform , from which Brazil created Sustainable Tropical Agriculture , has made the food supply cheaper and democratized , increasing the quality of these foods and generating a positive impact on people's health. In addition, it allowed tropical peoples to produce food in their own countries, generating income and employment for populations before miserable.

If today we manage to deliver much more food using less land, less natural resources, if today Brazil is responsible for feeding close to 1 billion people around the world, a large part of these achievements is the result of Science, Technology and Innovation developed in a tropical environment. An articulated effort by universities, Embrapa, other scientific institutions and the entrepreneurship of Brazilian farmers.

Despite all the advances, the development of Brazilian tropical agriculture presents weaknesses such as the significant dependence on fertilizers and pesticides. Not to mention the inconsistency of still having a

significant portion of the population without adequate access to food. Therefore,

it is necessary to advance even more and Science, Technology and Innovation are indispensable in identifying, measuring or solving these issues. In the next 30 years the world will have to produce more food than the sum of everything that has ever been produced in the entire history of mankind.

It is within this framework that the Tropical Biomes Project integrates, in a network, some of the most important science organizations in Brazil and in the world. This time, the mission is not only necessary, but urgent. And also vital!

Science and scientists, however, cannot do this alone. Nobody does anything alone anymore in today's world. The boundaries between areas of knowledge are increasingly tenuous. A rather trivial example of this is Bioeconomy itself, the theme of this event. A word generated from the meeting of two areas of knowledge.

Furthermore, when dealing with an issue with so many facets, such as sustainable development, it is essential to treat it in a multidisciplinary way , bringing together different actors and areas of knowledge. Above all, it is necessary to bring together the knowledge generated by other researchers and projects such as the Long Duration Ecological Program - PELD, sponsored by CNPq, which has been gathering important information about several Brazilian biomes for 24 years.

In science, we must always remember Isaac Newton's famous phrase in a letter addressed to Robert Hooke in 1676: "If I have seen further, it is by standing on the shoulders of giants". With this beautiful sentence, the physicist illustrated a very important characteristic of science: that it is necessarily a collective construction.

Communication between researchers

it is essential, but not enough, there must also be the sharing of knowledge generated in order to reduce the distance between the academy and the expectations that society places on the development of science and technology. Science influences, but is also influenced by, society. In this sense, communication between science and society is a two-way street, and it is the only way towards dreaming a better world together.

For this reason, we address today mainly to everyone, but especially to young people. Young people know that Science is a partner of values, of the vision of a less unequal society, of a more humane and conscious productive system. It is only necessary to look at the evolution of the human condition throughout the civilizing process to verify this synergy.

But, current times are challenging and more complex. They demand more protagonism of the vision of Science in the formation of opinion and behavior in society.

This Science Front gathered here today shows not only that this is possible. Together we need to make the leap from the Industrial Economy to the Knowledge Economy. In the environment of accelerated transformations of the 21st Century, this is a question of survival.

Knowledge is the path to a more humanely organized society, more profitable for economic agents, but responsible for the Planet and future generations. The Forum of the Future and the Biomass Project thus seek to reflect the most genuine aspirations of young people!

* President of CNPq and Coordinator Scientific of forum of Future

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There is no light end of the tunnel

The pandemic, which has become a torment all over the world, has had and continues to have devastating effects, starting with the number of lives lost. It also produced considerable damage to the economy, demanding a reconstruction process that would be slow, requiring efforts and resources already comparable to those mobilized for post-war reconstruction, from 1945 onwards and throughout the following decade. These are questions that can be seen in a positive perspective, starting with the exposure, or the unveiling in its most perverse form, of pre-existing inequalities that are now perversely amplified.

The bright side, if the expression applies in the face of universal mourning, lies in the perspective of a better understanding of reality and, consequently, the understanding that efforts to reduce inequalities between individuals and between nations can no longer be postponed, with the design of an economic order that is at the same time more balanced, fairer and more rational. And with emphasis on the very relevant fact that now, and unlike the post-war period already mentioned, the understanding seems to be sprouting that reducing poverty and inequalities is a condition for stability, security, but also a path that points to new business and investment opportunities.

These are issues that can be seen in a positive perspective, starting with the exposure, or the unveiling in its most perverse form, of pre-existing inequalities that are now perversely amplified

A new discourse, sanctioned by organizations such as the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank

(Bird) and which can be transformed into a new attitude. Concepts such as fiscal discipline, trade openness and market economy, pillars of the model whose fragility is now sufficiently exposed, are giving way to fresher ideas, starting with a better understanding of social pressures, resulting from previous mistakes. All this, in the developed world, is no longer understood as an upstart discourse, but as a predictable reaction of those who did not make gains with previous policies. In short, a richer planet with a poorer population, resulting in a threatening imbalance for both, something that the coronavirus has simply thrown wide open.

This is why we can all face a great opportunity. Recovering the global economy means deconcentrating income and thus expanding markets and opportunities, making investments on an unprecedented scale possible, with results that, in addition to being quick, could gain unprecedented proportions. For scholars, something evidenced in the content of the US\$ 2 trillion investment package announced in the United States, focused on infrastructure and job creation, which naturalizes the decisive role of the State and at the same time the taxation of those who have more and consequently can do more.

Water: billing and control

PATRICIA BOSON *

Faced with the publication of Decree No. 48160, of 03/24/2021, which establishes procedures for the implementation of charges for water use throughout the territory of MG, there can be only one reaction: indignation and disappointment. This is my feeling – the feeling of a specialist, who, alongside a group of relevant scholars on the subject, both theoretical and practical, participated in the process of formulating the State Water Resources Policy. Result of a rich public hearing, promoted by the Legislative Assembly, translated into Law nº 13,199/99, which instituted, as one of the instruments for managing water resources, the charging for the use of water as an economic instrument that complements the other legal devices of regulation and planning.

Below, I summarize the reasons for my disappointment. The newly issued Decree is based on a serious and gross conceptual error. Years of practice of environmental management based only on *command and control* ends up causing misinterpretation in the management leaders of the theme within the scope of the public power. Charging is not and cannot be a punishment for the polluter/paying user, resulting from the use of water. As an innovative economic management instrument, as established by law, charging cannot resemble any tax charge or environmental penalty, as it is a contractual consideration derived from an agreement of wills, quite the opposite-sensu of what it is in the decree. By using its power of empire to impose an onus on the parties to this transaction, that is, by enacting the element of compulsoriness in the genesis of the charge, the State destroys the entire concept of the instrument.

The decree is also a praxis error . The charge does not apply in isolation from the other instruments. It has, as stated, a direct relationship with the regulation instrument , as it only applies to uses subject to a grant. Here, therefore, it is necessary to highlight: the State does not even have 50% of the actual uses of water abstraction granted today and does not grant the release of effluent, therefore, even to send the bill, it is unaware of most of those who make use of water. Thus, in addition to hurting the concept, the decree creates a compulsory burden only for those who are acting in accordance with the law. This sends the wrong message, very

dangerous and unfair. It is worth mentioning that the charge is also directly related to the planning instruments, plans and framing. In this context, several Master Plans for Basins, already approved, prove the impossibility of applying this economic instrument due directly to the socioeconomic condition of the users - inability to pay.

Finally, the current, newly issued decree sets up an ostensible error of opportunity. A review of the original decree, now almost two decades old, is indeed urgent and necessary, but with other objectives. Among them, that of avoiding the diversion of resources collected from charging for the use of water to cover holes in the government budget - exactly over 92.5% of the total collected which, by force of law, is linked to the application in projects in the hydrographic basin origin of the collection. Examples abound, including recent transfers for use in projects in the respective basins, only after the imposition of a conduct adjustment term in which the State agreed with the Public Prosecutor's Office.

It is also urgent and necessary, in the revision that is needed to correct the imbroglia created by the State, to establish rules that remove the bureaucratic constraints required for contracting goods and services from the process of applying financial resources, as well as to create the possibility of direct application by the payer. Such measures would not only prevent the retention of values, but could also develop securitization models, such as processes for raising larger amounts of funds, so necessary in our watersheds and aligned with BDMG's initiative in the sector - this, yes, innovative and implemented by issuing green bonds.

It is evident, therefore, that the enactment of the decree had as its sole objectives to collect and facilitate the bureaucracy for this collection. Unfortunately, the sovereignty of *command and control* associated with the government's tax revenue prevents any modern and innovative thinking.

* Coordinator of the Water Resources Sanitation Technical Committee of the Minas Gerais Engineering Institute - MINEIRA DE ENGENHEIROS – SME. titaboson@gmail.com

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ECONOMY

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Agreement should guarantee BRL 6 billion for cities

State government and AMM will meet next week to discuss the transfer of overdue funds

JULIANA SIQUEIRA

The government of Minas Gerais will guarantee the payment of overdue resources related to the health area of Minas Gerais cities. The amount is around R\$ 6 billion. The commitment was made by Governor Romeu Zema (Novo) to the president of the Minas Gerais Association of Municipalities (AMM), Julvan Lacerda, according to information from the entity itself.

Justice of the State of Minas Gerais (TJMG) to guarantee the payment of resources as early as next week.

“I am convinced that Minas Gerais is on the way to having better days and I believe that, with vaccination, we will continue with the problem, but managed”, said Governor Romeu Zema, according to AMM material.

Lacerda highlighted that the meeting held yesterday had as its goal a discussion



GIL LEONARDI / IMPRENSA MG



DISCLOSURE / AMM

“If it is for peace, things happen more easily. No conflicts needed. I am very grateful to know that the governor will receive us to review the agreement with the State to settle the debt with the municipalities

of resources was done during a virtual meeting yesterday , with approximately 200 mayors from several cities. The President of the Legislative Assembly of Minas Gerais (ALMG), Deputy Agostinho Patrus, also participated in the meeting, in addition to the Secretary of State for Government, Igor Eto, the Secretary of State for Health, Fábio Baccheretti, and the Secretary General, Mateus Simões. The idea is to start a new agreement with the Tribu

are healthy with the State, aiming to succeed in the demands of the municipalities in the current period, which is quite challenging, due to the Covid-19 pandemic and all the reflexes generated by it. “If it is for peace, things happen more easily . It doesn't need conflicts . I am very grateful to know that the governor will receive us to review the agreement with the State to settle the debt with the municipalities”, he said.

Patrus, on the other hand, res

Zema participated in a virtual meeting with mayors from Minas Gerais Lacerda: the meeting aimed at a healthy discussion

the importance of dialogue jumped. “I welcome everyone on the importance of establishing this dialogue. The resource replacement program , approved by the ALMG and by the government, will settle corporate debts and use the funds raised to support businessmen to maintain

jobs,” he said, according to AMM material.

Demandas dos ammunition pios - In addition to the announcement of the payment of resources, the meeting also had moments in which managers presented the main demands

of Minas Gerais municipalities both for Governor Romeu Zema and for the President of the Legislative Assembly of Minas Gerais, Agostinho Patrus. The main points addressed were those related to the current challenges of the Covid-19 pandemic and needs

such as more resources for smaller cities and investments in hospitals. Other demands are linked to improving the Internet connection in Minas Gerais, which directly influences online classes, and improving highways, contributing to the state's economy.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET

Year ended December 31, 2020 (In thousands of reais)

	2020	2019		2020	2019
Active			Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current			Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	18.857		Suppliers	30.755	25.073
Accounts receivable from customers	13.738	7 14.750	Salaries and social charges	12.168	13.512
Stocks	129.104	132.655	Financing	331	332
Taxes to recover	682	1.769	leases	8.553	3.789
Other accounts receivable group companies	534	176	taxes payable	2.457	1.180
Other accounts receivable	2.163	2.869	Advances from customers of group companies	40	169.913
Total current assets	165.078	152.226	Accounts payable to group companies	3.807	1.308
Not CIRCULANT			Provisions for tax, civil and labor risks	4.762	12.449
Taxes to recover	13.523	13.005	Other liabilities	607	1.205
Compulsory deposits and court values	6.584	6.177	Total current liabilities	63.480	228.761
Advances to forest producer	44.839	57.150	Not CIRCULANT		
Other accounts receivable		2.754	Financing	605	934
Biological asset	172.594	160.185	leases	9.275	591
Lease - right to use assets	17.557	4.288	Provisions for tax, civil and labor risks	10.240	11.723
Immobilized	261.389	260.101	Accounts payable to group companies	279.715	
Intangible	600	652	Other liabilities	46	69
Total non-current assets	517.086	504.312	Total non-current liabilities	299.881	13.317
Total Assets	682.164	656.538	Net worth		
			Capital social	564.606	564.606
			Accumulated losses	(245.803)	(150.146)
			Total Shareholders' Equity	318.803	414.460
			Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	682.164	656.538

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended December 31, 2020 (In thousands of reais)

	2020	2019		2020	2019
loss for the year	(95.657)	(31.597)	Net operating revenue	161.080	178.020
Expenses (income) that do not affect cash:			cost of goods sold	(187.288)	(166.745)
Monetary variation and interest	23.233	3.579	Gross profit (loss)	(26.208)	11.275
Estimated loss with termination of contracts with PPF	(7.207)	5.513	Operating income (expenses)		
Provision for losses/risks	(5.147)	2.668	General, administrative and sales	(9.746)	(10.843)
Depreciation, amortization and depletion	27.790	27.792	Other net operating income (expenses)	(29.783)	(33.799)
Decrease in asset recoverable value	2.534	14	Variation in biological assets	5.920	15.423
Fair value adjustment of biological assets	(5.920)	(15.423)	operating loss	(59.817)	(17.944)
Cost of disposal of permanent assets	26	(130)	Financial income	4.728	1.412
Deferred income tax and social contribution		(158)	Financial expenses	(40.421)	(15.381)
(Increases) decreases in assets:	(60.348)	(7.742)	Net exchange variation	(147)	(1)
Customers	1.012	4.111	Loss before income tax		
Stocks	1.177	(9.019)	and social contribution	(95.657)	(31.914)
Advances to forest producer	21.477	(5.513)	Income tax and social contribution		317
Other assets	2.730	15.765	loss for the year	(95.657)	(31.597)
active taxes	203	(2.811)	Average number of shares in the fiscal year	564.605.868	564.605.868
Increases (decreases) in liabilities:			Loss per share	(0.17)	(0.06)
Suppliers	7.234	(1.082)	BOARD		
Advances from customers of group companies	(169.873)		WAGNER BY BRITO BARBOSA		
Other liabilities	(15.606)	84.697	CEO		
Interest on loans and leases paid	(627)	(408)	FÁBIO PAIVA SCARDUA		
passive taxes	1.277	398	Director		
Cash flow from operating activities	(211.344)	78.396	DISCLOSURE		
Acquisition of fixed/biological assets	(30.804)	(72.338)	The complete Financial Statements, including the Explanatory Notes and the Independent Auditors' Report without reservations, are available at the company's headquarters.		
sale of assets		154	TECHNICAL RESPONSIBLE		
Cash flow from investing activities	(30.804)	(72.184)	DELANIR CRISTINA GOMES		
Principal amortizations without financing	(6.441)	(6.292)	Accounting Manager - CRC-MG 078705/O-8 - Accountant		
Financing with related companies	267.439		GREGORI RANIERI KRIEGER MORA		
Cash flow from financing activities	260.998	(6.292)	CRC-SC 029.020/O-9 T-MG - Contador		
Increase (Decrease) of cash and cash equivalents	18.850	(80)			
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	87			
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	18.857	7			

Page 1 of

TRANSPORT

Freight volume jumps 53% in the 1st quarter

Performance between January and March of this year was driven by the construction and agribusiness sectors

São Paulo - The volume of road freight in Brazil jumped 53% in the first quarter of 2021, compared to the same period of the previous year, driven especially by the construction and agribusiness sectors,

"January was the worst month since 2014 (for soybeans)... The differential was in March, which had a historic recovery. States such as Mato Grosso, Minas Gerais and Goiás were ahead of the harvest"

indicated a report published yesterday by the *online* platform of FreteBras loads.

According to the survey, carried out based on the analysis of 1.6 million shipments between

January and March, both construction and agribusiness increased their volumes by 60% in the annual comparison, supported by the granting of real estate credit in a scenario of low interest rates and by the increase in the agricultural GDP, respectively.

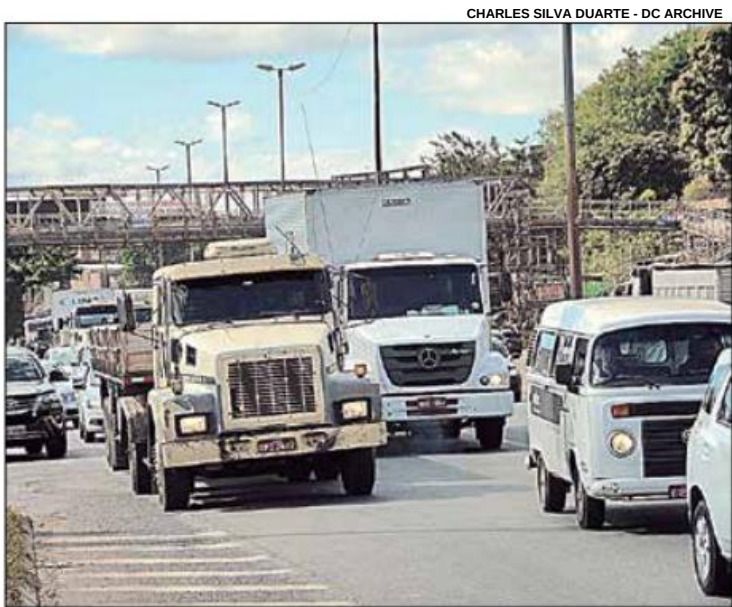
The result was obtained despite difficulties represented by logistical problems - such as the widespread impact that the grounding of the ship Evergiven in the Suez Canal caused for global trade -, the advance of Covid-19 in Brazil and the increase in cost of transport in the face of the higher price of diesel, highlighted GuerraBras.

In agribusiness, the 60% growth on an annual basis occurred despite the delay in the harvest of soybeans, Brazil 's main export product , since strong

rains hampered work in the first two months of the year, resulting in shipments 53% lower than in the same period of 2020.

"January was the worst month since 2014 (for soybeans)... The differential was in March, which had a historic recovery. States such as Mato Grosso, Minas Gerais and Goiás were ahead of the harvest and Brazil was able to export 24% more soy than in the same month of last year", said in a note the Director of Operations of FreightBras, Bruno Hacad.

The most transported products in the period were fertilizers, with an increase of 102% compared to last year, "in a clear anticipation of the expectation of a record harvest this year", said the company, which also drew attention to the movements of



1.6 million road freight shipments were registered in the first quarter

FreightBras said, based on the survey, to expect an even stronger recovery in the second half of the year in Brazil, although with less strength than the rest of the world . For the company, big

part of the resumption depends on the success of vaccination against Covid-19.

"Any forecast will be highly impacted by the advancement of the National Immunization Plan", summarized the report.

Freight price - Also according to freight Bras, the average freight price in Brazil reached R\$ 0.99 per kilometer traveled per axle in the first quarter, up 1.99% in the annual comparison, which indicates a lag in relation to the increase in the price of fuel.

According to data from the National Petroleum, Natural Gas and Biofuels Agency (ANP) compiled by Freight Bras, the average price of diesel at service stations rose by more than 15% in all regions of the country in the first three months of 2021.

"The increase in fuel is extremely worrying because it represents 40% to 50% of truck drivers' costs, but it is not being reflected in the same proportion in the value of freight", said Hacad. **(Reuters)**

HIGHWAYS

EcoRodovias and GLPX win the BR-153 auction

São Paulo - The Eco 153

Consortium, formed by the companies EcoRodovias and GLPX, won yesterday the auction for the BR 153/414/080 Tocantins-Goiás road system, carried out on the B3 stock exchange, in the city of São Paulo.

The consortium offered a maximum discount of 16.25% for the toll value and R\$ 320 million in grants. The other competitor, CCR, also offered the maximum amount of discount on the toll, but a grant of R\$ 117 million.

This was the first bidding that took place with a hybrid system, based on the discount of the toll value and the value of the grant.

The lei loado road system has 850.7 kilometers: from Aliança do Tocantins (TO) to the state border with Goiás

(BR-153/TO highway); from the border between Goiás and

Tocantins to Anápolis (GO) (road BR-153/GO; from Assunção de Goiás (GO) to Anápolis (road BR-414/GO); from the junction with BR-414 in Assunção de Goiás until the junction with the BR-153 (BR-080/GO highway)).

The concession will last for 35 years, renewable for another five years. According to the invitation to bid, investments of R\$ 14 billion are foreseen in

infrastructure and provision of
services conservation

maintenance , operation,
implementation of improvements
and expansion of highway
capacity. The section auctioned
is the main link between the
states of Tocantins , Maranhão,

Pará and Amapá with the center-south of the country.

According to the National Land Transport Agency (ANTT), the creation of 119,422 jobs is estimated.

"The investments that will be made are very important in duplication, in security, in technology. We will be improving the level of service on a highway

that is super important for agribusiness, which will grow more and more in that region", highlighted the Minister of Infrastructure, Tarcísio Gomes de Freitas. **(ABr)**

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ANDRADE GUTIERREZ SA AND SUBSIDIARIES

CNPJ: 17.262.197/0001-30

MANAGEMENT REPORT - 2020

To the shareholders, we are pleased to submit for appreciation and judgment by you, the Financial Statements of Andrade Gutierrez SA and Subsidiaries, for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Financial Statements were prepared in accordance with the accounting practices adopted in Brazil, which cover the Brazilian corporate legislation, pronouncements, guidelines and interpretations issued by the Accounting Pronouncements Committee (CPC), as well as the concepts introduced by Law No. 11.638/07 and Law No. 11.943/09. The Board.

BALANCE SHEET DRAWN UP FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands of reais)

	parent company		Consolidated			parent company		Consolidated	
	12/31/2020	12/31/2019	12/31/2020	12/31/2019		12/31/2020	12/31/2019	12/31/2020	12/31/2019
ACTIVE					PASSIVE				
CURRENT					CURRENT				
Cash and cash equivalents	9.365	38.476	277.902	488.503	4.846	184.259			
Marketable securities		178.179	-	1.722.636	1.409.845	173.698			
Bills to receive			169.186	1.985	274.206	223.593			
Stocks				2.619	95.258	96.459			
Recoverable taxes and contributions	2.135		49.461	162.184	148.697	2.621	10.197		
Miscellaneous advances	2.640		2.621	490	90.361	56.174	2.808	54.859	
Credits with related parties	55.368		13.565	103.306	3.095.431	2.786.822			
dividends receivable			39.270	103.306	3.055.458	2.826.692			
Prepaid expenses		227							
too active		2.808				357			
		72.543				69.057			
Assets held for sale				27					
Total current assets		72.543							
NOT CIRCULANT					NOT CIRCULANT				
Long-term realizable assets:					Loans, financing and debentures	162.665	77.375	4.632	200
Marketable securities		51.891	669.699	74.908	995.652		28.560	83.581	122.514
Bills to receive			1.314.730	125.433	127.289			454.343	288.588
Recoverable taxes and contributions			929.741	501.717	717.101			377.728	393.004
Deferred taxes and contributions			68.670	146.948	176.428				
Judicial deposits and blocks	69	69	66.217	27.008	625.039				
Credits with related parties	728.110	573.079	2.904.887	2.290.750					
too active			41.147	1.593.149					
Total realizable in the long term	728.170	1.661.007	103.003	103.786	268.029	274.983			
Investments	48.224	83.999	98.095	3.548	41.819	40.853			
Investment property			669.921	4.994.883					
Immaterialized	189	189	4.469.474	773.229					
Intangible				8.056.341	7.295.566				
Right to use leases		1.827							
Total non-current assets	778.419								
TOTAL ASSETS	850.962								

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Values expressed in thousands of Reals)

	Capital social	capital reserve	Accumulated results	Other comprehensive income	Equity of controlling shareholders	Non-controlling shareholders' equity	Total
BALANCES ON DECEMBER 31, 2018	2.119.222	39.474	(2.520.972)	(1.671.567)	(2.033.843)		(2.033.843)
Contributions, distributions and constitution of reserves							
capital reduction	(2.117.222)		2.117.222				
Reflex adjustments from previous exercises			(5.384)		(5.384)		(5.384)
Reflection of unrealized profit			432		432		432
comprehensive results							
Net income for the year			(618.862)		(618.862)		(618.862)
Other comprehensive results reflexes				(112.186)	(112.186)		(112.186)
BALANCES ON DECEMBER 31, 2019	2.000	39.474	(1.027.566)	(1.783.753)	(2.769.843)		(2.769.843)
Contributions, distributions and constitution of reserves							
Increase in capital						1.012	1.012
Reflection of unrealized profit			518		518		518
comprehensive results							
Net income for the year			(991.330)		(991.330)	(907)	(992.237)
Other comprehensive income				183.733	183.733	(4)	183.729
BALANCES ON DECEMBER 31, 2020	2.000	39.474	(2.018.376)	(1.600.020)	(3.576.922)	101	(3.576.821)

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands of reais, except earnings per share)

	parent company	Consolidated
	12/31/2020	12/31/2020
NET REVENUE FROM SERVICES RENDERED AND SALES		-2.866.078
COST OF SERVICES RENDERED AND OF SALES		(2.458.642)
GROSS PROFIT (LOSS)		-407.436
OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)	(21.274)	(22.919)
General and Administrative Expenses	(689.745)	(475.092)
Equity Income	(1.961)	(283.125)
Provisions for losses and guarantees		(330.076)
Other operating income (expenses), net	2.003	677
Total	(500.039)	(846.651)
RESULT BEFORE RESULT FINANCIAL	(708.016)	(507.338)
FINANCIAL RESULT, NET RESULT BEFORE TAX	(618.953)	(461.747)
INCOME AND SOCIAL CONTRIBUTION	(991.330)	(618.862)
INCOME TAX AND SOCIAL CONTRIBUTION		
Current		(2.651)
Deferred		169.089
Income tax and social contribution, net		166.438
INCOME		166.438
FOR THE YEAR INCOME attributable to:	(991.330)	(618.862)
Interest of controlling shareholders	(991.330)	(618.862)
Interest of non-controlling shareholders		(907)
INCOME PER THOUSAND SHARES (R\$)		

COMPREHENSIVE INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Values expressed in thousands of Reals)

	Parent Company	Consolidated
	12/31/2020	12/31/2020
Net income for the year	(991.330)	(618.862)
Amounts that will be subsequently reclassified to income for the year when specific conditions are met:		
Accumulated adjustments for the conversion of investments abroad	(15.146)	(608)
Accumulated adjustments for conversion of investments abroad, reflection	697.245	(40.202)
Exchange variations on balances of net investments abroad, reflecting	(829.469)	(101.300)
IR and CSL on exchange variations of investments abroad, reflection	282.019	34.442
Change of interest in investee (SAAG), reflex		(772)
Other comprehensive results, reflection	49.084	3.746
Total comprehensive income for the year	(907.597)	(331.048)
Comprehensive income attributed to: controlling shareholders	(907.597)	(331.048)
Non-controlling shareholders		(911)
EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS		
Ricardo Coutinho de Sa (President)		
Paulo Roberto Redcziguel Guedes		
Claudio Jose de Castro Miserani		
Renato Torres de Faria		
Luiz Otavio Mourao		
João Martins da Silva Neto Gustavo		
Benjamin Gustavo Braga		
Merchor Coutinho		
Mano Vialva (Independent Director)		
Romnie Vaz Moreira (Independent Director)		
ADMINISTRATIVE COUNCIL		
Ricardo Coutinho de Sa (President)		
Paulo Roberto Redcziguel Guedes		
Claudio Jose de Castro Miserani		
Renato Torres de Faria		
Luiz Otavio Mourao		
João Martins da Silva Neto Gustavo		
Benjamin Gustavo Braga		
Merchor Coutinho		
Mano Vialva (Independent Director)		
Romnie Vaz Moreira (Independent Director)		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE ENDED YEAR ON DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Values expressed in thousands of Reals)

	parent company	Consolidated
	12/31/2020	12/31/2020
CASH FLOW FROM ACTIVITIES		
OPERATIONAL		
liquid result	(991.330)	(618.862)
Expenses (income) that do not affect cash:		
Interest and monetary and exchange variations	274.663	111.059
Provision (reversal) for losses on accounts receivable		19.388
Depreciation and amortization	1.833	16
Provisions for losses and contingencies (Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1.961	95.089
Equity	689.745	85.442
Deferred income tax and social contribution		(166.565)
Loss by impairment		805
Result from consortium		(52.710)
Result of sale of equity interest		(1.495)
Fair value of financial assets		(64.405)
Fair value of investment properties	1.479	1.748
Supplement of provisions for liabilities related to agreements		177.805
Result from the sale of LIQ debentures		88.159
Others	(2.775)	97.107
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Bills to receive	(31.453)	(1.119)
Recoverable taxes and contributions	(150)	(173)
Miscellaneous advances	(21)	(25.950)
Prepaid expenses	263	2.340
Judicial deposits and blocks		(6.338)
Stocks		(7.012)
Suppliers and subcontractors	1.227	2
Suppliers and subcontractors - anticipation		59.990
advances from customers		(561.282)
Taxes and contributions to collect	98	(10)
Wages and social obligations	499	45.167
Liabilities associated with assets held for sale		(441)
Assets held for sale		39.242
Remittance of consortium resources		56.827
Too many assets and liabilities	(43)	(66.678)
Interest paid	(8.945)	(19.028)
Finance charges paid on leases		(342.611)
Income tax and social contribution paid	(68)	(108)
JCP dividends received		161.293
Net cash generated by (used in) operating activities	(32.526)	(49.891)
CASH FLOW FROM ACTIVITIES OF INVESTMENTS		
Financial investments	4.846	(55.452)
Acquisition of fixed and intangible assets		(52.655)
(Increase) reduction of permanent investments	771	(50.117)
Amounts received on disposal of property, plant and equipment		33.866
Disposal of fixed assets		16.670
Receipt of (shipments to) related companies, net	27.808	256.964
Sale of equity interest		1.630
Others		
Net cash generated by (used in) investing activities	33.425	203.397
CASH FLOW FROM ACTIVITIES OF FINANCING		
Funding of loans, financing and debentures		425.414
Payment of loans, financing and debentures	(27.431)	(112.554)
Fixed asset financing payments (fixed assets)		(17.341)
payment of leases	(1.580)	(2.010)
Payment of dividends and JCP		(4.500)
Sale of LIQ debentures		2.250
Net cash (applied in) financing activities	(28.011)	(120.064)
Gain resulting from changes in the exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents		63.468
CASH REDUCTION AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(29.111)	33.442
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS NO START OF THE YEAR	38.476	5.034
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	9.365	38.476

per common share share preferred share

(1.4870) (0.9105) (1.4870) (0.9105) (0.7435) (0.4552) (0.7435) (0.4552)

RESPONSIBLE ACCOUNTANT

Mário Magno de Abreu CRC MG 089.771/O-1

The complete Financial Statements, accompanied by the Moore Stephens Consulting Nucleus Independents Report, are available at the Company's headquarters.

The growth challenge

JOÃO CARLOS MARCHESAN *

We need to sensitize our leaders to adopt public policies that favor the country's growth and the elimination of unemployment, for social and economic reasons , to strengthen the domestic market.

Commonly referred to in the plural, public policy is the sum of government activities, which act directly or through delegation, and which influence the lives of citizens. In an even broader sense, public policies can be considered as «what the government chooses to do or not to do» and that, in this case,

can change the life of the country. The challenge of growth goes hand in hand with the challenge of investment. We therefore need public policies that favor the growth of the country.

There is no other way out. The machinery sector , in turn, is experiencing a moment of growth, although we can consider that this growth occurs on the basis of very low numbers, even so, the sector grows.

While in 2020 we underwent a readjustment process, with the pandemic accelerating the transformation process in the production pattern (new technologies , innovation, regulation, business model...) and changing the functioning of society, with social isolation, closure of border and electronic consumption, our surveys indicated good growth rates in January, making us start 2021 with renewed hopes, especially due to the more present possibility of vaccination.

of machinery and equipment totaled R\$ 12.5 billion in January , a result 38.5% higher than that registered in the same month of 2020, and the best for a month of January since 2015, when the sector had invoiced R\$ 13 .2 billion.

Of the total revenue of BRL 12.5 billion, BRL 9.6 billion were from sales to the Brazilian domestic market, a result 50.8% higher than in January 2020. Among the segments that signaled an increase in sales, highlight to agricultural machines with advances in companies of all sizes. Another segment that has contributed to the increase in domestic sales is machinery for infrastructure , encouraged, to a large extent, by the progress of the Investment Partnerships Program (PPI).

On the other hand, the international scenario is also offering good alternatives, especially due to the fiscal package announced by the US, which will certainly have positive impacts on our sector, as 10% of our sector is represented by the US economy.

The impacts of this package will certainly be felt throughout the world economy, which certainly generates optimistic expectations, especially when we take into account the moderation that we have observed in the geopolitical scenario.

optimistic, China's consistent recovery and lower risk aversion. Which brings a certain boost to the sector, since in 2020, the national scenario at the arrival of the pandemic brought an increase in unemployment and indebtedness. In 2021, however , we are experiencing a reality of concerns about sustained recovery , taking into account the timing of vaccination and the fiscal difficulties, which constitute

we are living that we highlight the importance of investments and the reorganization of the economy from a modern and developed industry to create new jobs and leverage sophisticated services . For that, we need investments in Brazil. Our low level of investment rate compromises productivity, limits competitiveness and retards economic growth.

the investments have the ability to reorganize the Brazilian economy, remembering that only through investments will Brazil create new jobs. And investment in Brazil is at a standstill as never before in the country's history.

If we analyze the last 30 years, the average investment in Brazil was 18% of GDP, which is very little if we consider the world average of poor and emerging

countries which is 24% of GDP. And according to several economists, for Brazil to have sustainable growth above 3% per year of GDP, it needs to have an investment rate above 24% of GDP. This is our great challenge, since the average of the last 30 years was 18% of GDP, while from 2015 to 2020 our investment rate is around 15% of GDP, which is unimaginable in a country like Brazil.

into a big problem for the country. First, because there is no Calamidade PEC and the government is limited to 44 billion reais, less than 5% of what was spent last year, which was authorized by PEC 86, so there will be difficulties because there will be a much smaller amount of resources than it was last year.

Thus, the moment we live in demands that public policies are stimulatory policies with the possibility of changing monetary policy. And it is exactly at that moment that

Brazil. This is an unequivocal demonstration that Brazil is being scrapped, because it is not managing to replace existing assets . So this is the great challenge for Brazil, since we all know that without investments, Brazil will not return to growth and productivity.

The lack of investments, in addition to compromising our productivity , will limit our competitiveness and will slow down our economic growth, so we consider this the great challenge for the creation of public policies, in addition to the need for public investments as well. In world infrastructure, the average of public investments 4.5% is made by the states. In Brazil it is no different. If we analyze our historical average, Brazilian infrastructure has always been invested around 4.5% of our GDP.

However, this dropped to 1.5% of GDP, because states, municipalities and the Union do not have fiscal space to make investments. So this is a big challenge: how to invest in infrastructure?

We believe that with the approval of projects that bring greater legal certainty, regulatory visibility and approval of regulatory frameworks, this may be possible, that is, perhaps the challenge of growth based on public policies that favor investment may become a reality. .

* Enterprise Administrator, businessperson" president of Conse Sonof Administration of Abimaq. presidency@abimaq.org.br

Brazilian industry sales

Add to this perspective

This rate is so low that it does not replace the depreciation of the

COMBAT
CORONAVIRUS • COVID-19
IN BELO HORIZONTE

> **VACCINE AGAINST
OR CORONAVIRUS.
TAKE THE SECOND
DOSE IS GUARANTEE
YOUR PROTECTION.**

**CHECK THE DATE ON THE VACCINATION CARD
AND GO TO THE IMMUNIZATION POINT.**

Belo Horizonte City Hall is applying the **2nd dose** of the vaccine, which guarantees immunization adequate after **about 15 days**. That's why she is so important. **AND RE:**

ME WITH THE VACCINE?

> Keep wearing a mask, wash your hands always and avoid agglomerations.

DO YOU HAVE COVID SYMPTOMS ?

> See a doctor before taking the vaccine.

DO YOU HAVE COVID?

> Only take the vaccine 30 days after testing negative for the disease.

WHAT IS THE INTERVAL BETWEEN VACCINES AGAINST COVID AND FLU?

> It must be at least 14 days old.

pbh.gov.br/coronavirus
PARTICIPATE. THE VACCINE SAVES LIVES.

PREFEITURA DE BELO HORIZONTE
GOVERNANDO PARA QUEM PRECISA

STEEL ENGINEERING

CSN maintains optimism for the second quarter

Company posted record profit between January and March

São Paulo - CSN had a record result in the first quarter and expects an even better performance in the current one driven by demand and higher steel prices in the country, while working on deals that include a new IPO and a possible acquisition of assets in the cement area , said group executives yesterday.

The company announced the night before that it had cash generation measured by earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (Ebitda) adjusted to a record R\$ 5.8 billion. During a teleconference with industry analysts, company executives stated that the company will maintain a leverage reduction strategy, possibly reaching a level below one time debt

net/Ebitda until the end of the semester. This quest to reduce debt does not allow the company to reevaluate its dividend payment policy

The company will readjust its prices by 16% to 18% in distribution in Brazil from May 1st, in a scenario where national alloy prices are currently 6% to 7% below international

minimum of 25% of profit, executives said. “This new phase of such strong cash generation is recent and we have not achieved our deleveraging targets”, said the relations director before by the Board of

with CSN investors, Marcelo Cunha Ribeiro. "Dividends are already going to increase significantly because in the first quarter the profit was already R\$ 5 billion", said the executive. CSN 's chief executive , Benjamin Steinbruch, stated that the company's goal "is to work unleveraged, eventually below 0.5 times" and stressed that the group intends to reach investment grade by risk rating agencies by the end of the year. of the year. The expectation is that debt reduction and the ability to even participate in asset acquisition processes in the cement area will be facilitated by the company's own results and by IPO resources from the unit producing the input, an operation approved the day before by the Board of



The Company informed that it changed its supply contract policy with large customers

CSN. According to Steinbruch, “our idea is to do the IPO together with the M&A”. In recent days, news involving LafargeHolcim's interest in leaving Brazil were published by the press, but Stein bruch did not mention the specific names of CSN's acquisition targets in the sector. CSN's cement business director , Edvaldo Rabelo, said that the possible exit of the European group from the national market "was already an expected movement" in a context in which the groups producing the input in Brazil have suffered in the last five to six years with very low and even negative margins.

more than 100 years have already been acquired. The new units being worked on by CSN will be installed in the states of Paraná, Sergipe, Ceará and Pará. In addition, the company is working on a 30% expansion in the capacity of its factory in Arcos (MG). Steel - On the siderurgy front, CSN's commercial executive director , Luis Fernando Martinez, said that the company will readjust its prices by 16% to 18% in distribution in Brazil from May 1st, in a scenario where domestic league prices are currently 6% to 7% below international values.

last week. Martinez stated that CSN has changed its policy for contracts for the supply of steel together with large customers, such as vehicle assemblers and domestic appliance manufacturers , to focus on quarterly settlements instead of the traditional annual understandings . With that, he stated that the company will correct prices again in July, after negotiating increases in January and April. The executive's expectation is that the Brazilian steel market will grow in 2021 by just over 10%, a more optimistic perspective than the sector's single-digit expansion vision.

The increase, the fourth this year, was decided despite an environment in which steel distributors in the country are signaling that they will work with smaller inventories and that they are less able to pass on the continuous readjustment in the prices of the alloy in the domestic market, according to manifestation of the president of the National Institute of Distributors of Steel (Inda), Carlos Loureiro,

Given the optimism, Martinez stated that CSN has almost concluded sales for the third quarter, guaranteeing a volume of 1.2 million tons of steel for the period.

In the first three months of the year, sales totaled 1.3 million tons.

“We are going to double CSN's revenues in 2021, compared to 2020, and we are going to do it with greater profitability”, said Steinbruch. (Reuters)

AMBIENTIS Environmental Solutions SA				BOARD'S REPORT			
CNPJ: 22.120.341/0001-33				Shareholders. In accordance with the legislation in force and the company's bylaws, we present to you the Balance Sheet, Income Statement, Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity and Statement of Cash Flows, relating to the fiscal year ended on, 12/31/2020, for consideration by the General Meeting.			
Balance sheet on 12/31/2020 and 2019 (Values expressed in thousands of Reals)				We remain at the disposal of the Shareholders for any clarification, Belo Horizonte, 04/28/21. The Board.			
				Statement of cash flows on 12/31/2020 and 2019 (Values expressed in thousands of Reals)			
Assets				31/12/2020 31/12/2019			
Current Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents Recoverable taxes Related parties Total current assets Non-current assets				724 303 3 2 1.104 1.409			
Related parties Investments				2.937.3.615 57.505.48.495			
Total Non-current Assets Total Assets Liabilities and Shareholders'				60.442.52.110 61.169.63.519			
Equity Current Liabilities				31/12/2020 31/12/2019			
Related parties Total current liabilities Non-current liabilities				1.350 1.350			
Related parties Total non-current liabilities Shareholders' equity				2.000 850 2.000 850			
Capital Reserve Capital Reserve Earnings Total equity Total liabilities and equity Statement of income for the periods ended				4.411 3.231 41.015 41.015 13.743 7.073 59.169 51.319 61.169 53.519			
on 12/31/2020 and 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands of reals)				31/12/2020 31/12/2019			
and administrative expenses Net cash generated (invested) in financing activities 1.658 Tax expenses Net income in cash and cash equivalents 421 Equity pickup Cash and cash equivalents				(1) (1) 6.985 3.225 303 9 724 303 421 294			
Other operating expenses At the years Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1.180				(200) (63) 303 9 724 303 421 294			
Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 12/31/2020 and 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands of reals)				6.670 3.158			
Balances on December 31, 2018				Capital social 3.221			
Income for the year				Capital a 3.221			
Constitution of legal reserve				Legal Capital Reserve Reserve 4.015.308			
Distribution of dividends				Retained earnings reserve 4.357			
Constitution of profit reserve				result of exercise 3.158			
Balances on December 31, 2019				Total 48.911			
Increase in capital income for the year				Capital social 3.221			
Constitution of legal reserve				Capital a 3.221			
Constitution of profit reserve				Legal Capital Reserve Reserve 4.015			
Balances on December 31, 2020				Retained earnings reserve 4.66			
				result of exercise 6.607			
				Total 51.319			
				Capital social 5.681			
				Capital a 5.681			
				Legal Capital Reserve Reserve 4.015			
				Retained earnings reserve 800			
				result of exercise 12.943			
				Total 50.169			
Bruno Costa Carvalho de Sena - Chief Executive Officer				Alicia Maria Gross Figueiro - Financial Administrative Director			
Pedro Miguel Cardoso Alves - Director of Investments				Farley Vasconcelos Botelho - Accountant CRCMG 84.3150-8			
The statements with their respective explanatory notes are available at the Company's headquarters.							

VISION ENGENHARIA E CONSULTORIA SA - CNPJ: 05.537.063/0001-76									
Balance sheets on December 31, 2020 and 2019 - (in thousands of reais, unless otherwise indicated)									
ACTIVE					LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Parent Company Consolidated					Parent Company Consolidated				
2020 2019 2020 2019					2020 2019 2020 2019				
Current assets					Current liabilities				
Cash and cash equivalents					Suppliers Loans				
Customers					and financing Social and tax obligations				
Stocks					Customer advances Related parties Tax				
receivables					installments Third-party equipment				
recoverable taxes					Total current liabilities				
Related parties					Non-current liabilities				
Prepaid expenses					Lending Suppliers				
total current assets					and financing Advances from customers Tax installments Total non-current liabilities				
non-current assets					Net worth				
Related parties					Share capital				
Other non-current assets					Goodwill reserves Profit reserve Legal reserve				
Investments					Acquisition of fixed assets				
Immovelized					Write-off from the sale of fixed assets Cash used in investment activities (1,408) (2,587) (1,408) (2,587)				
Intangible					Financing activity cash flow				
Total non-current assets					Inflow of loans and financing Payments of loans and financing Cash flow from financing activities with shareholders				
					Dividends paid				
					Advance for future capital increase Related portion Cash used in financing activities Increase in cash and cash				
					equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year				
					Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year				
					Increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,457 1,449 Management holds the explanatory notes.				
					Vision Engenharia e Consultoria SA - CNPJ: 05.537.063/0001-76				
					Luisa Maria Carvalho de Lima - CRC no 046328 - Accountant				
Statement of changes in equity for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019									
(In thousands of reais, unless otherwise indicated)									
Share capital AFAC Goodwill reserve 3,000 1,172 17,875									
Legal reserve Profit reserve Retained earnings 601 (818) 3,211 (803) (2,408)									
Total									
Balances on December 31, 2018									
Net income for the year									
Minimum distributed dividends									
Additional distributed dividends									
Advance for future capital increase									
Balances on December 31, 2019									
Net income for the year									
Minimum distributed dividends									
Additional distributed dividends									
Balances on December 31, 2020									
notes are held by Management.									
Statement of income for the years ended									
on December 31, 2020 and 2019 - (In thousands of reais)									
Parent Company Consolidated									
2020 2019 2020 2019									
Gross Operating Revenue									
Deductions from Gross									
Revenue Operating Revenue									
Net Cost of goods sold and services rendered									
Gross profit									
General and Administrative Expenses									
Other recopies									
Equity									
Operating profit before financial result									
Financial income									
Financial expenses									
Profit before tax on profit									
Income tax									
Social contribution									
Net income for the year									
Number of shares (per thousand)									
Net earnings per share (in reais)									
Statement of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019									
(In thousands of reais, unless otherwise indicated)									
parent company Consolidated									
2020 2019 2020 2019									
Cash flow from operating activities									
Income for the year before IRPJ/CSLL									
Adjustments to reconcile profit:									
Depreciation, amortization									
Loan interest									
Equity									
Provision for taxes payable									
(Increase) decrease in assets									
Customers									

STREET LIGHTING

Modernization is completed in Belo Horizonte

Minas Gerais capital is the first in Brazil to finalize this process after investments of R\$ 400 million in three years

JULIANA SIQUEIRA

With an investment of BRL 400 million over three years, Belo Horizonte became the first capital in the country to have a modernized public lighting system. The work, a public-private partnership (PPP), was carried out by the BHIP concessionaire and included the replacement, in 180,000 lighting points, of sodium vapor lamps by LED lamps.

BHIP's concession is for 20 years, and it is responsible for the maintenance and modernization of the entire public lighting park in the capital of Minas Gerais. "Our concession was signed in 2016. We started maintenance and modernization work in 2017. In October 2017, we started replacing sodium vapor lamps with LED lamps. The work was completed at the end of 2020, three years after it began. We strictly follow the contractual term", emphasizes the president of BHIP, Marcelo Menegatto.

The gains for the municipality of Belo Horizonte are several, according to the president of BHIP. It highlights everything from economic benefits to those related to safety and sustainability. "In addition to all the gains related to the quality of lighting, the modernization allows savings of around R\$ 25 million per year on the electricity bill ", he points out. In this scenario, BHIP even delivered an energy efficiency higher than expected, which was 45%, reaching around 55%.

Menegatto also remembers



BRUNO LAVORATO / DISCLOSURE



BRUNO LAVORATO / DISCLOSURE

Replacement of sodium vapor lamps with LED was initiated in October 2017 by BHIP Public lighting concession lasts for 20 years

that LED lamps do not have heavy metals or toxic substances in their composition, unlike metal vapor and sodium vapor lamps. This factor, he points out, generates important environmental gains. "With regard to sustainability, there is also a lot to be gained", he says.

population on a daily basis. Furthermore, while the failure rate of sodium vapor lamps is 6%, the failure rate of LED lamps is less than 1%. The durability of the latter is also about three times greater.

Faster service -

com to BHIP. BHIP was also responsible for the "Ilú

Highlight Project", which redesigned public lighting at 13 design points

in Belo Horizonte, such as Praça da Liberdade and Praça do Papa.

"In addition to all the gains related to the quality of lighting, the modernization allows for savings of around BRL 25 million per year on the electricity bill"

Another relevant aspect of LED lamps that contributes to the improvement of public lighting, according to the president of BHIP, has to do with the fact that this type of material improves the identification of objects, generating more benefits for the

Another change related to public lighting in Belo Horizonte has to do with the response time for maintenance calls. If before the public-partnership-private the deadline reached ten days, it is now up to 48 hours.

ATG PARTICIPACOES S/A. - CNPJ No. 10.307.495/0001-50									
MANAGEMENT REPORT Dear Shareholders, In compliance with legal and statutory provisions, we submit to you appreciation, the financial statements of ATG PARTICIPAÇÕES S/A, for the year ended December 31, 2020, accompanied by the opinion of the independent auditors. Belo Horizonte, March 25, 2021.									
BALANCE SHEET									
ON DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (in thousands of reais)									
parent company									
Consolidated									
Active									
Current									
Cash and cash equivalents	75		526		560				
Customers			6.634		8.461				
Stocks			6.813		7.420				
advance to third parties			29		40				
Other credits			14.695		15.672				
Total current assets	77	77	28.677		32.153				
NOT CIRCULANT									
Customers			1.110		1.005				
Related parties	123	123	11.587		12.171				
Investments	45	47	14.431		9.221				
Immobilized			718		807				
Intangible	2	11	14.181		16.675				
Total non-current assets	170	258	335.352		302.659				
total assets	172	335	364.029		334.812				
Current liabilities									
Suppliers' Loans	1.301	1.301	3.267		3.541				
and financing Accounts payable here.			66.845		1.034				
land Tax and social obligations Advances			6.001		6.002				
from customers Other accounts payable			6.334		8.619				
Total current liabilities Non-current	1.301	1.301	22.451		21.999				
Accounts payable here, land Related parties Provision for	29.564	29.629	73.307		67.442				
maintenance Provision for risks			13.690		19.284				
Provision for invest.	22.890	26.484	5.731		223				
Other payables Total non-current liabilities			3		9				
Shareholders' equity	52.454	56.113	159.576		162.813				
equity Share capital	111.000	111.000	111.000		111.000				
Accumulated losses									
Unsecured liabilities	(164.583)	(168.156)	(164.583)		(168.156)				
(53.583)	(57.156)	(53.583)	(57.156)		(53.583)				
Non-controlling interests Total equity			6.908		6.396				
(53.583)	(57.156)	(46.679)	(50.760)		(46.679)				
total liabilities	172	258	335.352		334.812				
INCOME STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (in thousands of reais)									
Parent Company Consolidated									
2020 2019 2020 2019									
Net operating revenue			1.571		5.589				
Cost of properties sold			(1.446)		(8.492)				
Gross Profit			125		(903)				
Operating Income (Expenses) Selling									
Expenses General, Admin.	(18)	(23)	(18)		(89)				
Equity equivalence Other income	3.592	(3.107)	(274)		(1.912)				
operating (expenses) Earnings before revenue			8.006		4.255				
and financial expenses, and taxes Financial result	3.574	(3.130)	3.140		(2.918)				
Financial income Financial expenses Profit (Loss)	(1)	(1)	(951)		(1.160)				
before IR and CSL and IR AND CSL Loss for the year	3.573	(3.131)	4.257		(2.939)				
Attributable			(139)		(58)				
loss Controlling Non-controlling interests	3.573	(3.131)	4.118		(3.997)				
			3.573		(3.131)				
			545		(866)				
Board of Directors: Geraldo Vilela de Faria - João Batista Borges Santos									
Accountant: Eunício dos Reis Rodrigues Fries CRCMG/063.956/O-0									
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT									
To: Directors and Shareholders of ATG Participações S/A Belo Horizonte - MG We have examined the individual and consolidated financial statements of ATG Participações S/A (Company) identified as parent company and consolidated, respectively, which comprise the balance sheet as of December 31, 2020 and the respective statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year ended on that date, as well as the corresponding explanatory notes including the summary of the main accounting policies. In our opinion, the aforementioned individual and consolidated financial statements adequately present, in all material respects, the individual and consolidated equity and financial position of ATG Participações S/A on December 31, 2020, the individual and consolidated performance of its operations and the its individual and consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil. Basis for Opinion Our audit was conducted in accordance with Brazilian and international auditing standards. our opinion									
responsibilities in accordance with such standards are described in the section to be									

Belo Horizonte, March 25, 2021. Pemon Auditores Independentes SS
CRC ZSP- 031.056/O-2 Henrique Silva Pemon Accountant CRC 1SP-250.993/O-6

CODEME ENGENHARIA SA - CNPJ No. 16.521.601/0001-80									
Balance sheet on December 31 (in thousands of reais)					Statement of Comprehensive Income on December 31 (in thousands of reais)				
Active	Controler 2020		Consolidated		Net income (Loss) for the year	2019		Consolidated	
	2019	2020	2019	2020		2019	2020	2019	2020
Current					Total comprehensive income for the year	(1.931)	30.063	(1.931)	30.063
Box and equiv. cash	12.197	3.026	16.548	7.088					
receivable from customers	58.351	50.446	59.999	51.181					
Inventories	21.719	14.354	33.795	26.665					
Taxes recoverable Advances	14.756	11.794	21.571	18.547					
Dividends receivable	810	970	813	983					
Other accounts receivable	901	4.715							
	4.179	3.685	4.194	3.703					
	112.513	88.990	136.920	108.167					
non-current assets									
kept for sale	19.320	29.424	19.320	29.424					
	131.833	118.414	156.240	137.591					
Not CIRCULANT									
achievable in the long term									
Too many accounts receivable	17.000	12.000	17.000	12.000					
Accounts receivable from customers		3.127		3.127					
Stocks			116	112					
recoverable taxes	6566	18395	1601	1921					
Judicial deposits	29584	27075	54751	26.516	60.289	74.112			
deferred taxes	62518	33269	38857	3.423	529	576	520		
	458	7090	74915	71.533	77.067	135	848		
Investments	176748	290456	295162	157	228	292	088		
Intangible				294.819	Consolidated				
Immobilized	2019		2020	2019					
total assets									
Liabilities and shareholders' equity									
Current									
Suppliers	19.790	8.727	19.880	11.786					
Loans and finance				14.131					
Salaries and social obligations Tax				5.768					
obligations Taxes in installments Customer advances Related parties Other accounts payable				16.611					
				1.307					
			14.0785	39	11.078	1.307	61.660	69.920	
			2.975	2.977					
	19.130.848	8.919.052	22.419.246	2.118	2.018	2.118	2.018	2.118	2.018
Not CIRCULANT									
Loans and finance	39.702919	42.761919	39.702919	42.761					
Salaries and social obligations	7.658	7.658	7.658	7.658					
Dividends payable Taxes	3.246	2.354	3.246	2.354					
in installments Related parties Provision for	16.653	21.460	10.044	3.841					
contingencies Other accounts payable	1.563	2.324	1.563	2.324					
	600	1.400	600	1.400					
	70.541	78.876	63.732	61.257					
Net worth									
Capital social	154.669	154.669	154.669	154.669					
capital reserve	78.699	78.699	78.699	78.699					
Asset valuation adjustments	10.259	15.163	10.259	15.163					
Accumulated losses	(134.460)	(137.469)	(134.460)	(137.469)					
	109.131	111.062	109.131	111.062					
total liabilities and shareholders' equity	290.456	295.162	292.088	294.819					
Income Statement Years ended on December 31 (in thousands of reais)									
Parent Company Consolidated									
2020 2019 2020 2019									
Net revenue Cost of sales	159.435	113.496	178.754	132.708					
Gross result	(137.847)	(102.722)	(150.353)	(47.123)					
Selling expenses (2.858)									
Administrative expenses (18.162)									
Result, participate in lunge by equity method Result of participation in	3.052	13.827	(7)						
invested at fair value Other income (exp.) net	(2.900)	23.169	(1.402)	34.041					
Operating result Financial expenses	720	28.793	1.198	23.425					
Financial income Financial result									
result before IR AND CSL									
IR and CSL Net Income (Loss)									
	(7.236)	27.076	(5.169)	64.440	6.986	71	3.966	6.986	71
and exercise	(1.931)	30.063	(1.931)	30.063					
Qty. shares in thousands Earnings per share - BRL									
Statement of changes in shareholders' equity in thousands of reais									
Capital Reserve					Loss Adjustment				
Capital Advance for the future Social capital increase					Reserve Goodwill valuation Accrued				
102.669					36.000				
On January 1, 2019									Total
Capital increase with the issuance of new shares	52.000								52.000
Future advance capital increase					(36.000)				(36.000)
Net income for the year									30.063
Performing the attributed cost adjustment									877
On December 31, 2019	154.669				78.699				151.663
loss for the year									(1.931)
Performing the attributed cost adjustment									4.904
On December 31, 2020	154.669				78.699				109.131
Board of Directors: Ademir de Carvalho Barbosa Filho and Marcelo Rezende de Carvalho Barbosa. Accountant: Osires Campos Costa Junior - CRC MG-060498/O-0									

2/2	Guilherme Moreira Teixeira - Chief Executive Officer Independent auditor's report on the individual and consolidated financial statements To the Shareholders and Directors of Construtora Barbosa Mello SA Belo Horizonte – MG. Opinion: We audited the individual and consolidated financial statements of Construtora Barbosa Mello SA ("Company"), identified as parent company and consolidated, respectively, comprising the balance sheet on December 31, 2020 and the respective statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows, for the year ended on this date, as well as the corresponding explanatory notes, including the summary of the main accounting policies. In our opinion, the aforementioned individual and consolidated financial statements adequately present, in all material respects, the individual and consolidated equity and financial position of Construtora Barbosa Mello SA on December 31, 2020, the individual and consolidated performance of its operations and respective individual and consolidated cash flows for the year ended on this date, in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil. Basis for Opinion: Our audit was conducted in accordance with Brazilian and international auditing standards. Our responsibilities under these standards are described in the following section entitled "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Individual and Consolidated Financial Statements." We are independent in relation to the Company and its subsidiaries, in accordance with the relevant ethical principles set forth in the Code of Professional Ethics for Accountants and in the professional standards issued by the Federal Accounting Council, and we comply with other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards. Alicia Maria Gross Figueiró - Executive Vice President We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our claims. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered relevant to the audit report for the respective disclosures in the individual financial statements. Management and governance responsibilities for the statements count when, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence, and consolidated or include modification of our opinion, if the disclosures are inadequate. Individual and consolidated accounts: Management is responsible for preparing and adapting the economic decisions of users taken based on said financial statements. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our presentation of the individual and consolidated financial statements in accordance with the individual and consolidated practices. As part of the audit carried out in accordance with Brazilian reporting standards. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to no longer maintain accounting practices adopted in Brazil and for the internal controls it has determined are necessary for and international auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism in going concern; • We assessed the overall presentation, structure and content of the audit to enable the preparation of individual and consolidated financial statements free from distortion re throughout the audit. In addition: • We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of financial statements, including disclosures and whether the individual corresponding transactions and events in a manner compatible with individual and consolidated tables, regardless of whether caused by fraud or consolidated, representing the management is responsible for assessing the capacity for error, planning and executing procedures audit in response to such risks, as well as the objective of fair presentation; • We obtained appropriate and sufficient audit evidence to continue operating the Company, disclosing, when applicable, matters related to its use of accounting basis in the preparation of the financial statements, of not detecting a material misstatement or otherwise as fraud can involve circumventing internal controls, collusion, forgery, failure by management, obtained an understanding of relevant internal auditing controls. We communicate with those responsible for the scope and timing of audit work plans and significant findings from the individual and consolidated financial statements, eventually, the auditor's responsibilities for auditing the individual and consolidated financial statements; and its subsidiaries; • We assessed the suitability of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness identified during our work. Júlio César de Melo Franco - Director of Operations Farley Vasconcelos Botelho - Rodrigo Gonçalves Lima - Director of Engineering Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about the individual financial statements and the accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management; • conclude on the adequacy of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, on a consolidated basis, taken as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and issue an audit report containing our opinion. Reasonable assurance on audit evidence obtained whether material uncertainty exists regarding events or conditions is a high level of assurance, but not a guarantee that the audit performed in accordance with actions that could raise significant doubt regarding the ability to continue as a going concern. Company's operations. If we conclude that there is material uncertainty, we must draw attention to our Brazilian and international auditing standards that always detect any material misstatements
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FUELS

ANP approves new model for selling biodiesel

Producers fear cost increases in 2022

Rio de Janeiro and São Paulo - The board of the National Agency of Petroleum, Natural Gas and Biofuels (ANP) yesterday approved a proposal for a new biodiesel commercialization model that aims to replace public auctions for the purchase of the renewable product from the beginning of 2022.

The measure complies with the resolution of the National Energy Policy Council (CNPE), which determined the regulation of a new model to replace auctions to meet the mandatory percentage of biodiesel to fossil diesel.

The proposal, developed by a working group, recommends the adoption of a model of direct contracting of biofuel by the

taxpayers, in which the mandatory hiring target would be 80% of the contracted

"There was no indication of a possible extension of the implementation period so that this topic could be addressed, which is so relevant so that it does not result in a cost impact for the consumer"

previous two months, pointed out the regulator ANP, in a note to the press.

The autarchy stressed that the approval "can be seen as the starting point of this regulatory debate, but that

draft on the subject will still be submitted to consultation and public hearing.

Concern - In a note, the Association of Biofuels Producers of Brazil (Aprobio) said that it calls attention to the fact that the ANP working group recognizes that, if the current taxation system is maintained, there will be an increase in costs due to the tax accumulation.

It was emphasized that this aspect is beyond the agency's competences, but there was no indication of a possible extension in the implementation period so that this very relevant topic could be dealt with so that it does not result in a cost impact for the final consumer", he said. to Aprobio.



JAMIL BITTAR - REUTERS

Proposal recommends adoption of a model of direct contracting of biofuel by distributors

In the press release, the ANP said that the new model for the supply of fuel throughout the agency's territory does not mention tax impacts. Regarding costs, in a general sense, competition; among others.

only that "the model presents greater predictability and new tools to deal with auctions until the entry into force of the new commercial model, which will obey the current format, and biodiesel demand and, said the ANP, in terms of price, quality and offer of products; guarantee

ELECTRIC SECTOR

2W Energy ensures resources for expansion

São Paulo Electricity trading company 2W Energia has moved forward with plans to expand operations into the renewable generation segment, by virtually securing financing for its first wind farms, the company's president told Reuters, who also revealed intentions for growth in technology.

The company, which has a portfolio of wind and solar projects with around 1 gigawatt in capacity for implementation in the coming years, is expected to start work on two plants in 2021.

2W's strategy comes amid strong growth in the free energy market, where consumers with greater demand, such as industries and companies, can negotiate supply and prices with power generation groups or trading companies.

"2W was born like eating cializing, but we are becoming an integrated platform that goes from generation to the final consumer. We have 1 GW in projects to implement by 2025", said CEO, Claudio Ribeiro.

The company expects to start in 60 days the mobilization for the works of the first park -- Anemus, in Rio Grande do Norte, with 139 megawatts. Completion is scheduled for September 2022.

The second plant, Kairós, with 42 megawatts, in Ceará, is expected to be built by the end of the second half, probably in December, according to Ribeiro.

He said that 2W obtained a mezzanine loan of US\$ 45 million from North America Darby International Capital e

that there is a commitment to use US\$ 35 million of the resources in the Anemus project, for which the company will still raise R\$ 475 million with the issuance of debentures that will be coordinated by BTG Pactual.

The Kairós project should use the remaining amount raised with Darby, in addition to resources from 2W, which ended March with R\$ 29 million in cash.

The company still hopes to obtain funds from Banco do Nordeste (BNB) for the works.

The investment in the two parks will add up to BRL 950 million illions.

2W's Commercial and Marketing vice-president, Guilherme Moya, said that the company has also advanced in the commercialization of the future production of Anemus, focusing on small and medium-sized companies, considered "retail" customers in the midst of large consumers operating in the free market.

"At the rate we are going, we are going to sell all the park's energy at retail before the commercial operation... our strategy is to always have the park's energy for the next three years 100% sold in contracts of up to five years".

Technology - 2W has also focused on technology, aiming to develop applications that can add services to its customers.

In this regard, the company announced in March a preliminary agreement to buy 100% of energy technology solutions provider Way2, in a transaction worth R\$ 79 million.

2W's CEO expects to close the deal in 60 days,

after defining how the payment will be made. "The idea is to do some structured operation, exchange of shares, something like that."

"In a macro way, we want to get closer and closer to technology... we are looking at several initiatives", added Ribeiro, pointing out that the

São Paulo - The energy transmitter Isa Cteep, controlled by the Colombian group Isa, reported yesterday a net profit of R\$ 308.1 million in the first quarter, practically stable compared to the same period of the previous year, although with an important increase in earnings operational.

The company's earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (Ebitda) grew 16.7% in the annual comparison, to R\$ 696.8 million, while the adjusted Ebitda registered a jump of 28.5%, to R\$ 770.4 million.

"It is an important growth, in line with the strategy", told Reuters the president of the electric company, Rui Chammas, highlighting the 4.8% increase in investments during the period, to R\$ 290.9 million.

Contributions in reinforcements and improvements soared 726.8% compared to 2020, totaling R\$ 58.7 million, amidst Cteep's plans to increase resources directed to these projects, modernizing its network and replacing old equipment.

Expansion through new projects received R\$232 million in the quarter, down 14.2% year-on-year.

"In addition to a project already energized (IE Aguapei), we expect to energize four to five projects this year, four is a realistic expectation", said the CEO.

He also stated that the company continues to evaluate opportunities for acquiring projects, with

company does not rule out other future acquisitions with this objective.

The company also has initiatives to accelerate energy startups, which will have around BRL 3 million per year.

Results - 2W, which became a public company in mid-2020, aiming at a

analysis for eventual participation in auctions scheduled by the governments of Rio Grande do Sul and Goiás for the privatization of transmission assets of the state electric companies CEEE-GT and Celg-GT. "There is still nothing material in these two cases... but it is the type of asset that deserves to be evaluated", he commented, noting that there is still no date for the bids.

The government of Goiás rescheduled the Celg-GT auction for the second half of the year, previously scheduled for May. Upon making the announcement, CelgPar, through which the government controls the electricity company, said it was considering separating transmission assets from the company's generation area, which could attract more interested parties.

At the same time, Cteep has been studying some of the lots of new transmission projects that will be offered by the government and by the National Electric Energy Agency (Aneel) this year, in auctions scheduled for June and December.

In preparation for the bids, Cteep is keeping an eye on the upward trend in the prices of various materials, as several analysts point to the beginning of a commodity cycle.

"This reinforces our investment logic of always seeking to go to the auction with all 'hedged' prices, without any adventurous exposure... so that we can be competitive without taking risks", said Chammas.

Balance - Isa Cteep's net revenue increased 16.1% year on year, to R\$

initial stock offering (IPO), closed the first quarter with a profit of R\$ 7.4 million, while net revenue rose 58.3%, to R\$ 258.8 million.

Questioned about the IPO plans, Ribeiro said that they have not been abandoned, but are currently being evaluated, after the company

852.8 million.

The company's return on equity (ROE) accumulated in 12 months advanced to 20.2% at the end of the quarter, compared to 18.4% in the same period of 2020.

Cteep's CEO told Reuters that there should be no impact on the electric company's plans after measures taken by Aneel last week to contain the escalation of energy tariffs in Brazil, which included postponing the payment of part of the billionaire indemnities that transmission companies energy have received for the early renewal of their contracts in 2012.

To alleviate electricity bills, which are expected to rise by almost 10% this year, Aneel negotiated the measure with companies in the sector, including a subsequent compensation in the revenue stream.

"It is neutral in terms of economic value for the company," said Chammas, when asked about the measures.

"We see it as positive, because it is a measure that respects existing contracts and that was able to alleviate the tariff pressure of Covid-19... we do not see, in this flow, the need to change our investment plan in any way ... well as growth... or change our dividend practice",

commented.

In February, Cteep approved dividends of R\$531.2 million, or R\$0.80 per share, with payment on May 21. (Reuters)

RECUPERATION PLAN

Assembly votes today on Restart Minas

Amendment included in the bill establishes an emergency income of BRL 500 for families in extreme poverty

SANDRA CARVALHO

Restart Minas, an economic recovery plan for the sectors most affected by the pandemic in the state, will be voted on this morning, in the second round, by the plenary of the Legislative Assembly of Minas Gerais (ALMG). Yesterday , the proposal was approved in two shifts by the Financial and Budgetary Oversight Committee (FFO). Among the amendments maintained by the commission is one that creates an emergency income of R\$ 500 for families in extreme poverty, in addition to others that provide tax benefits and facilitate the release of credit.

Among the rejected amendments is the proposed amnesty for fines and the revocation of operating permits for non-essential businesses caught in breach of the wave purple.

As it is authored by all 77 state deputies, the prediction of some politicians is that the Bill (PL)

Zema guarantees payment of aid

Governor Romeo Zema confirmed, yesterday afternoon, the payment of emergency aid of R\$ 500 – per family – to Minas Gerais citizens in extreme poverty, with *per capita* income.

up to BRL 89, according to the Registry database

Single for Social Programs (CadÚnico). The expectation is that 1.080 million families will benefit. The measure was approved yesterday by the Legislative Assembly of Minas Gerais (ALMG) in the first round.

According to the proposal, the forecast is that the aid of BRL 500 will be paid in a single installment in August of this year, after the payment of the last installment of the emergency aid that is being carried out by the federal government.

“Supporting families who need it most is urgent. Therefore , we are going to pay aid of R\$ 500, in a single installment, to those who are in extreme poverty.

Since the end of last year, we have been studying ways to make this payment. After all, I 've found a broken state , and we're fixing house.

And the solution came from dialogue, from the sum of forces by the Powers, which have a common objective: to improve the lives of our people", said the governor via social networks.

Zema explained that resources from Refis will be used to pay the aid , a company debt renegotiation program approved by the state government in March of this year at the National Council for Finance Policy (Confaz).

Refis covers all Tax on Circulation of Goods and Service Provision (ICMS) debts, outstanding or in installments, registered or not in overdue debt, incurred up to December 2020, and will guarantee companies that adhere to it discounts of up to 90% on interest and fines on your ICMS debts. Payment can be made in up to 84 installments. (Agência Minas)

2442/21 is approved today with ease, by the vast majority.

Recomeça Minas is the result of 16 regional meetings promoted by the ALMG to hear the economic sectors of all regions of the State about the main difficulties due to the Covid-19 pandemic.

The project proposes stimuli for economic recovery in the state on two fronts. One of them provides tax incentives for the settlement of debts of companies and individuals with the State. It is estimated that R\$ 2 billion will be collected from these renegotiations. On another front, there is the direction

of these funds raised for the exemption of sectors most affected by the pandemic and help for the low-income population.

Support - The project has the support of representatives of the retail trade, one of the sectors most affected by the pandemic in the state. “We need to resume our growth, create jobs. It is necessary to give tax incentives to companies. The pandemic has left us in a desperate situation ,” said the president of the Federation of Chambers of Shopkeepers of the State of Minas Gerais (FCDL-MG), Frank Sinatra.

He also highlights the importance of aid of R\$ 500 to families in extreme poverty. “It will contribute to

“We need to resume our growth, create jobs. Incentives must be given to companies. The pandemic has left us in a desperate situation

bringing this portion of the population back into the economy, mainly for purchases of essential goods.

very important, we get the economy going again”.

Sinatra also defended the release of new lines of credit with easier access . “We need competitive rates and special conditions”.

Less bureaucracy in releasing credit is also a point defended by the director of the Federation of Commerce in Goods, Services and Tourism of the State of Minas Gerais (Fecomércio-MG), José Mário Rodrigues Pereira. “Easier access to credit for micro and small companies is essential for this recovery movement . Many companies

that's it

no recourse to even start over.

We are in such a serious situation that it is not possible for the sector to withstand another long stoppage due to the pandemic. It is necessary that the public power really help us at this moment, and Recome Minas represents hope”.

For Pereira, the state government is in a position to facilitate access to credit via the Development Bank of Minas

Gerais (BDMG). “Today we still see many difficulties in accessing these lending

channels. Tax incentives are important, but without credit it is not possible to resume”, he observed.

AG PARTICIPAÇÕES EM DESENVOLVIMENTO URBANO SA									
CNPJ: 18.630.540/0001-14									
MANAGEMENT REPORT - 2020									
To the shareholders, we are pleased to submit for appreciation and judgment by you, the Financial Statements of AG Participações em Desenvolvimento Urbano SA, for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Financial Statements were prepared in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil, which cover Brazilian corporate law, pronouncements, guidelines and the interpretations issued by the Accounting Pronouncements Committee (CPC), as well as the concepts introduced by Law nº 11.638/07 and Law nº 11.941/09. The Board.									
BALANCE SHEET DRAWN UP FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts expressed in thousands of reais)									
		31/12/2020	31/12/2019			31/12/2020	31/12/2019		
ACTIVE				PASSIVE					
CURRENT				CURRENT					
Cash and cash equivalents		2		Taxes to collect		2			
Total current assets		2		Related parties		6	31.32		
NOT CIRCULANT				Total current liabilities					
Long-term realizable assets:				NOT CIRCULANT					
Credit with related parties		13.581	13.581	Provision for loss on investments		279.207	172.060		
Total non-current assets		13.581	13.581	Related parties		473	363		
TOTAL ASSETS		13.583	13.581	Total non-current liabilities		279.680	172.423		
INCOME STATEMENT				NET WORTH					
FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31, 2020				Capital social		98.237	98.237		
(Amounts expressed in thousands of reais, except earnings per share)				Income for the year		(21)	12.863		
		31/12/2020	31/12/2019	Accumulated results		(364.319)	(269.974)		
OPERATING EXPENSES				Total equity		(266.103)	(158.874)		
General and Administrative Expenses		(81)	(84)	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		13.583	13.581		
Equity Income		(94.263)	(80.760)	COMPREHENSIVE INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR					
FINANCIAL		(94.344)	(80.844)	ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts expressed in thousands of reais)					
FINANCIAL RESULT						31/12/2020	31/12/2019		
Financial expenses		(1)	(1)	Net income for the year		(94.345)	(80.845)		
INCOME BEFORE TAXES		(94.345)	(80.845)	Amounts that will be subsequently reclassified to income for the year when specific conditions are met:					
Income tax and social contribution				Change in the fair value of an active financial instrument, reflecting		(12.884)	(4.371)		
NET INCOME FOR THE YEAR		(94.345)	(80.845)	Total comprehensive income for the year		(107.229)	(85.216)		
FINANCIAL YEAR RESULT PER SHARE		(0,9604)	(0,0864)	STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED					
				DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts expressed in thousands of reais)					
						Capital	Valuation	Equity losses	
						adjustments	accumulated	Total	
						BALANCES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018	98.237	17.234	(180.129)
						comprehensive results			(4.371)
						Other comprehensive income			(80.845)
						Income for the year			(80.845)
						BALANCES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019	98.237	12.863	(269.974)
						income			(12.884)
						Other comprehensive income			(80.845)
						Income for the year			(80.845)
						BALANCES ON DECEMBER 31, 2020	98.237	(21)	(364.319)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Values expressed in thousands of Reais)			
	31/12/2020	31/12/2019	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Income for the year	(94.345)	(80.845)	
Expenses (income) that do not affect cash:			
Equity	94.263	80.760	
	(82)	(85)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Related parties	(27)	28	
Taxes to collect	1		
	(26)	28	
Net cash used in operating activities	(108)	(57)	
CASH FLOW FROM ACTIVITIES OF INVESTMENTS			
CASH FLOW GENERATED FROM ACTIVITIES OF FINANCING			
Advance for future capital increase	110	56	
Net cash generated by financing activities	110	56	
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2	(1)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2		

The complete Financial Statements, together with the Moore Consulting News Auditors Independentes report, are available at the Company's headquarters.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS	
Bruno Gonçalves Siqueira	
Fernando Santos Sales	
Gustavo Braga Wednesday Coutinho	
Paulo Marcio de Oliveira Monteiro	
RESPONSIBLE ACCOUNTANT: Márcio Magno de Abreu - CRC-MG 089.771/O-1	

HOSPITAL DE EYES DE MINAS GERAIS SA			
CNPJ: 65.278.663/0001-32			
Balance sheets As of December 31, 2020 and 2019			
(Values expressed in thousands of Reais)			
	Use	2020	2019
Active			
Current			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	29.180	530.040
Financial Investments on Term Accounts Receivable		6.196	493.329
Advances Granted	6	1.348.341	74.570
Taxes to recover		297.030	300.217
Stocks		3.342.936	5.547.819
Loans		8.025.950	
Not CIRCULANT			
Achievable in the Long Term Investments		19.542	2.540.500
Immovilized		4.431.588	7.952.991
Intangible		5.518.272	4.312.432
Total assets		12.819.076	13.898.505
Liabilities and equity			
Current			
Customer advance		66.928	
Suppliers	12	302.309	366.176
Labor obligations	14	268.248	246.501
Tax Obligations	15	85.000	1.735.819
Loans and Financing	13	933.090	2.650.144
Other bills to pay			
Not CIRCULANT			
Loans and Financing - LP		391.116	3.095.035
Long Term Accounts Payable		391.116	3.095.035
Net worth			
Capital	16	232.283	232.283
Capital Reserve Profit		899.100	11.431.302
Reserve Legal Reserve		13.955.950	11.614.114
Total shareholders' equity		12.574.299	15.098.947
Liabilities and equity		13.898.505	20.944.126
Explanatory Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year on December 31, 2020			

1. Operational Context - Hospital de Olhos de Minas Gerais SA, incorporated on February 11, 1991, is a privately held corporation, headquartered in Nova Lima - MG, whose corporate purpose is to provide medical services - hospitals in the specialties of ophthalmology, plastic, aesthetic and restorative surgery and surgeries in general and the development of studies and research in the area of health.

2. Basis of Preparation - The financial statements were prepared and are being presented in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil (BRGAAP), required for the years ended December 31, 2020, which take into account the provisions contained in the Brazilian Corporate Law - Law no. 6.404/76, in the pronouncements, guidelines and interpretations issued by the Accounting Pronouncements Committee - CPC and approved by the CFC - Federal Accounting Council. Comprehensive income statements are being presented, however, there are no amounts to be presented on this concept, that is, the income for the year is equal to the total comprehensive income. These financial statements were approved and authorized for disclosure by the Executive Board on April 26, 2021. 3. Main Accounting Practices - The summary of the main accounting policies adopted by Hospital de Olhos de Minas Gerais is as follows: a. Recognition of revenues and calculation of results - Revenues and expenses are recorded on an accrual basis. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, less any estimated discounts, discounts granted and other similar deductions. b. Adjustment to present value of assets and liabilities - Long-term monetary assets and liabilities are monetarily amortized and, therefore, are adjusted to present value. The adjustment to present value of short-term monetary assets and liabilities is calculated and only recorded if considered relevant in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole. c. Property, plant and equipment - Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost and valued at the attributed cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Property, plant and equipment costs include all expenses to bring them to their location and conditions of use and, in the case of qualifying assets, also include capitalized borrowing costs.

Depreciation of assets starts when they are ready for their intended use and is recognized based on their estimated useful life by the Tax Authorities, so that the cost value less their residual value after their useful life is fully written off. Estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed at balance sheet closing and the effect of any change in estimates is accounted for prospectively. When existing, assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives in the same way as own assets. Currently, the company does not have assets acquired through financial leasing in its fixed assets. Expenses with the replacement of components of property, plant and equipment items that are recorded separately, including those arising from major renovations, are accounted for in property, plant and equipment. Other expenses are capitalized only when there is an increase in the economic benefits of that item. Any other type of expense is recognized in profit or loss as a cost or expense. d. Current taxes - The provision for current income tax and social contribution is based on taxable income for the year. Taxable income differs from income shown on the income statement and is determined on the date of initial recognition. All normal acquisitions or disposals of financial assets are recognized or derecognized on a trade date basis. Normal acquisitions or disposals correspond to acquisitions or disposals of financial assets that require the delivery of assets within the time frame established by rule or market practice.

(i) Loans and Receivables - Receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Receivables comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable from customers and other receivables. They are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. (ii) Cash and cash equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents are cash balances and financial investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the contracting date, subject to insignificant risk of change in value. f.

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Income Statements On

INFLATION

IGP-M closes

April with deceleration compared to March

High was 1.51% against 2.94% in the previous month

São Paulo - The General Market Price Index (IGP-M) recorded a rise of 1.51% in April, after rising 2.94% in the previous month, with both producer and consumer inflation accompanying a deceleration in values of fuels.

The data reported yesterday by the Getulio Var gas Foundation (FGV) was above expectations in a Reuters survey , of an increase of 1.37%, and led the index to accumulate a 12-month high of 32.02%.

In April, the Extended Producer Price Index (IPA), which accounts for 60% of the general index and measures changes in wholesale prices, slowed down to 1.84%, from 3.56% in the previous month.

tion was pointed out as the main responsible for this movement.

“The slowdown of the rate of change in fuels guided the retreat of inflation to the producer and to the consumer

The consumer also saw the increase in prices diminish, with the Consumer Price Index (CPI), with a weight of 30% over the general index, registering a high of 0.44% in April, against 0.98% in March.

Among the components of the IPA, the group of final goods recorded an increase of 1.1% in April, after having increased 2.5% in the previous month, a deceleration that was attributed to fuels for consumption, whose rate of change changed from 18.64% to -1.08%.

Intermediate goods also slowed down in the period , posting a rise of 3.16%, after jumping 6.33% in March. The subgroup of fuels and lubricants for production

However, he also highlighted the advance of the IGP-M rate of change in 12 months: “a trend that should continue until next month, given that the IGP-M had risen only 0.28% in May 2020.”

The National Construction Cost Index (INCC), in turn, rose 0.95% in the period, after advancing 2.00% in March.

The IGP-M is used as a reference for the correction of contract values, such as property rentals.

(Reuters)

INDUSTRY

Series of uncertainties knocks down confidence

São Paulo - Industry confidence in Brazil dropped for the fourth straight month in April and reached the lowest level in eight months amidst a series of uncertainties surrounding the current situation, according to data from the Getulio Vargas Foundation (FGV) released yesterday . . The Industry Confidence Index (ICI) fell 0.7 points in the month and reached 103.5 points, the lowest level since August 2020 (98.7 points).

“The slow pace of the vaccination process, the devaluation of the real and the shortage of inputs faced by some sectors create an environment of uncertainty that favors the worsening of the current situation and the maintenance of cautious expectations”, explained the economist at FGV Ibrc Claudia Perdigão.

The Current Situation Index (ISA) fell by 1.4 points in April to 110 points, the weakest level since September

2020 (107.3 points).

The Expectations Index (IE), an indicator of perspectives for the coming months, lost 0.2 points, to 96.9, the lowest level since July 2020 (90.5 points).

“The establishment of job maintenance programs and assistance to companies may contribute to the recovery of expectations for the beginning of the next semester”, completed Perdigão.

The government issued in this

week provisional measure providing for the renewal of the BEm program, to support formal employment, with an estimated cost of R\$ 9.98 billion, an amount that will be covered by an extraordinary credit opened by a second MP.

The Minister of Economy, Paulo Guedes, also stated that the government will soon announce the reissue of Pro nampe, aimed at micro and small companies. (Reute

TRENA TERRAPLENAGEM E CONSTRUÇÕES S/A - CNPJ Nº 18.742.098/0001-18				
BALANCE SHEET (in BRL)				
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Active				
Current				
Cash and cash equivalents	14.346.318,35	12.602.367,30		
Customers	773.668,09	701.223,56	93.784,92	
miscellaneous credits	296.974,03	2.347.971,42		
Stocks	4.624.801,45	7.117.997,76		
real estate under construction	3.655.351,34	24.678.740,54		
Total Current Assets	21.889.717,68			
Non Current				
advancements in the long term	80.453,65	10.000,00		
Other non-current assets	5.750.043,97			
Investments	2.004.239,17	3.689.068,82		
Immunized	1.150.436,31	3.073.485,85		
Total Non-Current Assets	8.986.173,17	4.772.554,67		
Total Assets	30.875.890,85	17.374.911,97		
Share Capital	2.728.240,25			
Reserve	0,00			
Retained Earnings	5.825.016,00	15.982.744,58		
Total			24.992.991,38	
On December 31, 2019				
Fiscal Year Result				
Adjustments Previous Exercises				
Reserve Dividends to be distributed				
SCF's results				
Distributed Dividends				
Distributed Profits				
On December 31, 2020				
Share Capital	2.728.240,25			
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Retained Earnings	5.825.016,00	15.982.744,58		
Total			24.992.991,38	
On December 31, 2020				
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On December 31, 2020				

MINING

City Hall of Itaguaí fines Vale by BRL 2.4 million

Municipality justified measure against company for alleged irregularities found, such as the expired operating license

São Paulo - The mining company Vale had a subsidiary, Companhia Portuária Baía de Sepetiba (CPBS), fined R\$ 2.38 million by the city of Itaguaí, in Rio de Janeiro, after inspection by the Municipal Secretariat for the Environment and Sustainability , informed the city administration yesterday.

The inspection took place at the Iron Ore and Solid Bulk Terminal on Madeira Island, in Itaguaí, and found alleged irregularities that would include an expired operating license, according to the city hall, which the company and the state environmental agency deny.

“Vale clarifies that the license for the operation of Companhia Portuária Baía de Sepetiba is valid, with the State Institute of the Environment (Inea), the licensing body responsible for inspection. The company follows the procedures required by law to renew the license,” he said in a note to Reuters.

The company also said that it “maintains the most rigorous standards of environmental control in its operations”.

When contacted, the state environmental agency Inea said that it regularly inspects Vale's operations “and carries out fines when necessary”.

“Vale clarifies that the license for the operation of Companhia Portuária Baía de Sepetiba is valid, with the State Institute of the Environment (Inea), the licensing body responsible for inspection. The company follows the procedures required by law to renew the license,” he said in a note to Reuters.

According to Inea, the operating license for the terminal in Itaguaí is being renewed , but inspectionally extended during the process.

“Therefore, the information that the terminal operates without

license is wrong”, says mou.

Vale has operated the terminal in Itaguaí since 2002 and the unit has the capacity to ship 25 thousand tons of iron ore per

hour, receiving the product from Minas Gerais by rail, according to municipal authorities.

The city hall said it had found “more than seventeen

irregularities” in its inspection, which would include an operating license “which expired about nine years ago”.

This time, the action against a Vale terminal involved only a fine, without interdictation.

Similar cases - The assessment of Vale in Itaguaí came days after a company terminal in Manga ratiba, also in Rio de Janeiro, was blocked by local authorities, in a stoppage that lasted a few hours before being cleared by the state environmental agency.

After the news about the fine to the mining company yesterday,



The company has operated the terminal since 2002 and the unit has the capacity to ship 25,000 t of iron ore per hour

The Association of Private Port Terminals (ATP) released a note in which it criticized the recent measures taken by authorities in relation to iron ore handling terminals.

In addition to Vale, CSN was fined R\$ 4 million last week and had operations at terminals in Itaguaí temporarily interdicted due to alleged environmental irregularities by authorities of the

city, also with subsequent release by Inea, an agency of the Rio de Janeiro government.

“Private port terminals were victims of unfounded accusations by city halls, since they have all the documentation regularized and approved by the state agency responsible for environmental licensing.

In addition, city halls have not presented evidence to prove any damage

environment in the operation of the terminals”, said the ATP.

The entity also defined the measures of the cities as “arbitrary” and said that they cause “great damage” to the economy. (Reuters)

stf

Judgment of exclusion of

ICMS represents a risk to the Union

Brasília - The Secretary of the Treasury, Bruno Funchal, said yesterday that the judgment of the Federal Supreme Court (STF) on the effects of the 2017 decision to exclude ICMS from the PIS/Cofins calculation base represents one of the greatest risks taxes that the Union faces.

According to the Treasury, the impact could reach R\$ 258.3 billion.

In a virtual press conference to comment on the central government's data for the month of March, Funchal stated that the best modulation of the decision involves postponing the impact of the measure in order to give time to discuss a tax reform that may deal with this litigation.

“It's a big fiscal risk, I think it's one of the biggest fiscal risks we have, which will have a very significant impact”, said Funchal.

“We don't have room for more loss of revenue, and this will generate a loss of revenue. The best modulation is to move as far forward as possible and discuss tax reform that can deal with this litigation”.

In the trial, which was on the Supreme Court's agenda yesterday, but which should only begin next Wednesday, the Supreme Court will decide whether the exclusion from the ICMS state tax will only be valid from the appeal decision or whether taxpayers will be entitled to compensation for amounts collected in the past.

A source heard by Reuters said that the cause could have an impact of BRL 245 billion if it has always been applied , with the government having to return to companies money already paid with ICMS on the PIS/Cofins calculation basis .

Funchal, however, did not say how low the potential impact of the decision would be seen, nor the annual amount. The amount of BRL 258.3 billion was later informed by the Treasury to the press, in a position dated December 31, 2020, without detailing deadlines or potential losses per year.

(Reuters)

ANDRADE GUTIERREZ INVESTIMENTOS EM ENGENHARIA SA					
CNPJ: 17.027.611/0001-26					
MANAGEMENT REPORT - 2020					
To the shareholders, we are pleased to submit for appreciation and judgment by you, the Financial Statements of Andrade Gutierrez Investimentos em Engenharia SA, for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Financial Statements were prepared in accordance with the accounting practices adopted in Brazil, which cover the Brazilian corporate legislation, pronouncements, guidelines and the interpretations issued by the Accounting Pronouncements Committee (CPC), as well as the concepts introduced by Law nº 11,638/07 and Law nº 11.941/09. The Board.					
BALANCE SHEET DRAWN UP FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Values expressed in thousands of reais)					
ACTIVE	31/12/2020	31/12/2019	PASSIVE	31/12/2020	31/12/2019
CURRENT			CURRENT		
Cash and cash equivalents	9	6	Suppliers	25	13.954
advances	68	45	Taxes to collect	143.203	165.835
Taxes to recover	181	168	obligations payable	157.182	179.523
Related parties	1.465	978	Total current liabilities		
dividends receivable	38.529	38.529	NOT CIRCULANT		
Total current assets	40.252	39.726	Taxes to collect	27.198	38.112
NOT CIRCULANT			Provision for investment loss	266.103	158.874
Long-term realizable assets:			Related parties	291.176	240.779
Related parties	446	2.757	obligations payable	1.694.960	1.473.945
Total long-term receivables	446	2.757	Total non-current liabilities	2,279.437	1,911.710
Investments	429.942	418.571	NET WORTH		
Total non-current assets	430.388	421.328	Capital social	54.596	2.000
TOTAL ASSETS	470.640	461.054	Accumulated results	(1,122.879)	(601.328)
			Other comprehensive income	(897.696)	(1,030.851)
			Total equity	(1,865.979)	(1,630.179)
			TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	470.640	461.054
INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts expressed in thousands of reais, except earnings per share)					
	31/12/2020	31/12/2019	COMPREHENSIVE INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Values expressed in thousands of Reals)		
Administrative costs	(688)	(727)		31/12/2020	31/12/2019
Equity Income	(281.609)	61.381	Net income for the year Items that may be subsequently reclassified to the income statement:	(521.551)	(310.882)
Provisions for new agreements and obligations	(183.429)	(257.009)			
Other operating expenses, net	(8.693)	(37.415)	Cumulative adjustments for conversion of reflex investments (40.202)	697.245	
OPERATING RESULT BEFORE THE FINANCIAL RESULT	(474.419)	(213.770)	Exchange variations on balances of investments abroad (829.469) (101.300)		
FINANCIAL RESULT, NET			IR-CS on exchange variations of investments abroad Reflex Other	282.019	34.442
Financial income	1.176	52	comprehensive income reflexes	(3.057)	21.163
Financial expenses	(48.181)	(97.164)	Total comprehensive income for the year	(388.396)	(420.999)
EARNINGS BEFORE TAXES	(47.005)	(97.112)			
Income tax and social contribution	(521.424)	(310.882)	EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS		
Chain			Ricardo Coutinho de Sena	Fernando Orsini Rodarte	
Deferred	(127)		Gustavo Braga Wednesday Coutinho	Luis Cesar Moreira	
NET INCOME FOR THE YEAR	(521.551)	(310.882)	Marcelo Marcante	Charles Messias Buldrini Flógionio	
Basic and diluted earnings per share	(9.722)	(6.3423)	Fernando Leyer Gonçalves		
The complete Financial Statements, together with the Moore Consulting News Auditors Independents report, are available at the Company's headquarters.					

SOCIEGE ENGENHARIA E CONCESSIONS SA - CNPJ: 21.053.459/0001-23					
BALANCE SHEET FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 - (BRL)					
Active	Individual Consolidated		Individual Consolidated		
	2020 Balances 2019 Balances	2020 Balances 2019 Balances	2020 Balances 2019 Balances	2020 Balances 2019 Balances	2020 Balances 2019 Balances
Current	10.011.473.13	295.802.11	218.670.14	358.220.20	
Box	13.814.15	464.18	730.20	380.14	489.1.101.310.121.604
Banks	1.260.058				
Financial income	913.352	943.695	1.293.699	1.311.509	
Recoverable Taxes	17.575	66.370	17.575	66.370	
Customers	525.583	960.496	1.211.410	1.487.171	
Billable Customers					
Income tax and social contribution	8.048.014	5.054.455	8.048.014	5.054.455	
Chain	478.545	3.002.416	478.545	3.002.416	
Deferred	100.151	29.092	4.416		
NOT CIRCULANT	11.519.847.15	754.125.10	810.807.14	706.270.20	
Achievable in the Long Term	9.032.482.13	634.875.03	932.482.13	634.875.03	
Judicial deposits	215.022	220.488	215.022	220.488	
Credits with Connected Persons	7.200.940	12.348.443	7.200.940	12.348.443	
Credit with Third Parties	550.586	550.586	1.065.944	1.065.944	
Earnings Receivable	1.065.944	2.482.286	2.081.198	401.207	
Investments	2.482.286	2.091.198	491.207	5.059.8.072	
Investments	107.442	5.059.8.072	107.442	- 1.179.664	
Immoblized	1.179.664	21.531.320	29.029.946	17.282	
Immoblized	22.029.476	29.064.490			
Intangible					
Intangible					
Total assets					

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY BY CORPORATE LAW FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 - (R\$) - CONSOLIDATED					
BALANCE ON DECEMBER 31, 2019	Updated Paid-in Capital		Capital Reserves 149.688		
	Capital Social	Capital Reserves 149.688	Accumulated Profits (Losses) -292.344	accumulated	
Capital Reserves	18.000.000	1.630.599	1.780.287	17.857.344	
Net Profit or (Loss) for the Year				1.780.287	
Profit/Loss for the Year	18.000.000	1.780.287		1.780.287	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 - (Amounts expressed in reais)					
Individual Consolidated Year Ended On 12/31/2020 Year Ended On 12/31/2019 Year Ended					
BREAKDOWN Cash					
On 12/31/2020 Year Ended On 12/31/2019					
Flow from Operating Activities					
Net Income (Loss) for the Year	(1.480.809)	749.104	(1.272.080)	419.291	
Amortization Write-off (Payment)	3.013	9.986	15.290	14.207	
Financial Deposits Interest Paid on Loans and	5.465	5.465			
Financing Write-off on Investments	13	244	23.512	250	
Adjusted Net Income	1.500	250			
Variation in Assets and Liabilities	(1.470.817)	759.584	(1.190.313)	436.719	
Decrease (Increase) in Customers	2.586.359	1.272.306	2.427.207	745.630	
Decrease (Increase) in Securities Receivable	(2.993.559)		(2.993.559)		
Decrease (Increase) in Recoverable Taxes	(16.407)	48.795	(16.407)		
(Increase) in Credits with Related Persons	7.120.788	2.486.382	7.120.788	2.486.382	
Other Credits Increase (Decrease) in Suppliers	(390.191)	25.428	(319.518)	103.097	
Provisions for new agreements and obligations	(274.671)	(201.764)	(143.164)	(116.329)	
Decrease) in Debts with Related Companies Increase	(86.110)	(97.129)	(64.204)	(80.078)	
(Decrease) in Debts with Related Companies (Decrease)	(1.372)		(4.078)	2.706	
In Debts with SCF Increase (Decrease) in Tax Installments	(5.201.630)	(1.745.755)	(6.946.075)	(1.745.755)	
Net Cash, Generated (Used) Operating Activities	290.946	(733.442)	290.946	(733.442)	
Net Resources from Operations	(351.481)	(300.029)	(351.481)	(300.029)	
Cash Flow from Investing Activities	(724.893)	1.478.540	(2.149.332)	803.657	
Acquisition of Investments	(784.159)	615.619)	(687.365)	417.825	
Earnings Receivable		(1.065.944)		(1.065.944)	
Results in Equity Income Additions to Fixed Assets	391.560	67.718	45.206	67.718	
For Total Use of the Investment					
Activity Cash Flow from Financing	(392.599)	(1.613.845)	(759.709)	(590.193)	
Obtaining a New Loan Payment of Loans and Financing Interest Paid on Loans and	(1.309)	(5.252)	(34.391)	(9.962)	
Financing Capital Reserve - Share Subscription Total	(13)	(244)	(23.512)	(2.970)	
Financing Activity	(1.322) (5.496) (1.118.813) (140.801) 2.060.469		1.751.127	177.213	
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2.201.269	941.656	2.060.469	(1.118.813) (140.801)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Period					
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Period					
Total Effects on Cash and Cash Equivalents					

Total Effects on Cash and Cash Equivalents					
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements					
1. Operational Context - Sociege Engenharia e Concessões SA is a closed corporation, headquartered in the city of Belo Horizonte/MG, whose corporate purpose is the execution of civil engineering works and services in general, public or private, compatible with the professional attributes of its technical managers, in all its modalities and activities concerning the construction and maintenance of civil works, real estate activities of purchase, sale and lease of properties, allotment, permissions and public concessions, operation and exploitation of public water and sewage services under concession, as well as participation in other companies, as partner or shareholder. 2 - Presentation of Financial Statements - The financial statements were prepared in accordance with the precepts of Law 11,638/07 and 11,941/09. Enacted on 12/28/2007 and effective as of 01/01/2008, Law 11,638/07 amended, revoked and introduced new provisions to Law 6.404/76, regarding the accounting practices adopted in Brazil, with a view to disclosure of information in line with international accounting standards. 3 - Main Accounting Practices: (a) Calculation of Income - Income is calculated on an accrual basis and considers: Provisions for Income Tax and Social Contribution on Net Income calculated in accordance with the rules of the Income Tax Regulation. - Calculation of the result of the works, computed in the net profit, carried out according to the measurement of the services performed. (b) Cash and Cash Equivalents - Loans held in bank accounts and financial investments are stated at realizable value, including, when applicable, income earned on each investment, up to the closing of the balance sheet. (w) Current and Non-Current Assets - Stated at realizable value, including, when applicable, income and corresponding updates. (d) Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets - These are recorded at acquisition cost, reduced by accumulated depreciation calculated using the straight-line method at rates established based on tax legislation considered adequate by Management. Management carried out an analysis on the recovery of these assets, in compliance with the provisions of NBC TG 01(R1) - Impairment of Assets, and did not identify					

MANAGEMENT REPORT - Dear Sirs, In compliance with the legal provisions, we submit for your appreciation and approval, the company's balance sheet, drawn up on December 31, 2020, as well as the statement of income for the year ended on that date and other financial statements for the year.

Statement of Income for the Year by Corporate Law Year Ended on December 31, 2020 - (BRL)					
Operating income	Individual Consolidated		Individual Consolidated		
	2020 Balances 2019 Balances	2020 Balances 2019 Balances	2020 Balances 2019 Balances	2020 Balances 2019 Balances	2020 Balances 2019 Balances
Revenue from Provision of Services	1.069.10	506.335	1.069.10	506.335	3.309.668
Water Supply Revenue					
Revenue to Bill ()	3.620.454	2.151.446	3.620.454	2.151.446	
Prest. of SCP Services () Imp. and	-1.069	-2.661.041	-1.069	-2.661.041	
Net cash generated by financing activities	3.479.573	9.235.504	6.677.871	10.206.414	
Income Cost of Services Provided ()	-1.630.795	-8.497.974	-4.342.075	-9.463.167	
Cost of Services Provided SCP	269.257	2.985.580	269.257	2.985.580	
Gross Profit (Expenses) Operating Income	2.118.033	9.231.110	2.005.053	3.328.827	
Financial Expenses	-3.544.831	-2.274.541	-3.745.509	-2.598.923	
and Administrative Personnel Travel	-278.452	-376.006	-278.452	-376.006	
Party Services Tax Expenses	145.321	-351.610	-617.205		
Provision for loss Financial	-670.436	-1.349.365	-670.436	-1.349.365	
Income Equity Income	-2.467	-10.541	-95.902	30.816	
Income from Private	-142.771	-187.347	-418.207	-227.366	
Equity Companies	-1.891.610	-1.891.610	52.416	68.045	
Profits before CSSL	391.560	14.461	-45.206		
Contrib. Social on Net Income					

Profits before IMPJ Profit/Loss for the Year -1,480,809 749,104 -1,272,080

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

no indicator of loss of its recoverable amount by the company's activities (impairment). (e) **Provision for Vacations and Social Charges** - Accrued and proportional vacations, including an additional 1/3 provided for in the Federal Constitution and the respective social charges are being measured on an accrual basis. (f) **Current and Non-Current Liabilities** - Stated at known or estimated amounts, plus, when applicable, the corresponding charges and monetary variations incurred. (g) **Measurement of Assets and Liabilities** - The use of estimates in the preparation of the financial statements requires management to make assumptions and judgments. In its best judgment, that affect the presented amounts of assets and liabilities, as well as the amounts of revenues, costs and expenses. Actual values may differ from those estimated. **4 Customers** - Refers to balances receivable for services provided and receivable from customers. **5 Receivables** - Represents the amount of receivables from customers for services performed in each project, up to the balance sheet date. **5 - Receivables** - Balances receivable for services provided to public bodies, billed in previous years and not received up to the balance sheet date. Management opted for not recognizing provisions for cover possible losses on defaulted amounts. Based on the expectation of realizing the receivables in full. **Companies are persons** - Companies are persons, legal entities and undertakings that are subject to payments made and credits received in advance from companies and related persons, being measured based on the historical value of the respective financial movements.

US currency retreated 0.41%, to BRL 5.3370

“It has been difficult to talk about the scenario for Br

Since (Reuters) day 19, when the dollar broke the 50-day average, the currency retreats 4.49%

[illegible][illegible]



ECONOMY

POLICY

Covid CPI will

investigate go

Brasília - The rapporteur of the Covid CPI, Renan Calheiros (MDB-AL), yesterday presented a work plan for the commission whose investigations focus on the actions of the federal government in fighting the

pandemic, such as the delay in purchasing vaccines, guidelines on social isolation and the defense of unproven medicines science against the disease.

Part of the work plan, in practice, is already underway, given the earlier approval of the summons by the current Minister of Health, Marcelo Queiroga, and former holders of the portfolio Luiz Henrique Mandetta , Nelson Teich and Eduardo Pazuello, in addition to president of Anvisa, Antônio Barra Torres, and a request for a series of information.

"It is necessary to investigate whether, in addition to the seriousness of a potentially lethal virus, the Public Power acted appropriately for the purpose of minimizing losses and protecting the population", says the document released by the rapporteur's advisory.

"The idea is to determine whether or not the health authorities acted recklessly or without the proper technique, whether or not they were silent, whether or not they failed to carry out contingency plans or whether or not they acted, with the necessary advance notice, in a planned and integrated way. When announcing the work plan, Renan took the opportunity to repeat that he will not aim to investigate institutions or people and to deny the thesis that the military would be in the collegiate's sights. The ex-Minister of Health Eduardo Pazuello and the current Minister

of Defense, Braga Netto, who commanded the Civil House and the Covid crisis cabinet, are members of the Force.

"We are not going to investigate the military. This government narrative is wrong," said Renan. "We are not going

to investigate institutions, we are not going to investigate people, we are going to investigate facts", said the rapporteur.

Among the general lines of investigation are actions to face the pandemic , such as guidelines on social isolation, acquisition and distribution of vaccines, as well as what is listed as "refusal and delay of CoronaVac and Pfizer doses", acquisition of diagnostics, respirators , bed structuring, and the official communication strategy on actions to combat the pandemic, in addition to the foreign policy to face the pandemic.

The use of the Tra teCOV application, maintained online by the Ministry of Health with the function of indicating the use of drugs such as chloroquine , ivermectin and azithromycin - which have no proven efficacy against Covid-19, and which can cause serious side effects -, is also part of the list of general research points.

The acquisition and distribution of drugs from the so-called combination and oxygen kit are also in the crosshairs, as well as government actions to preserve employment and income, such as the issue of emergency assistance . (Reuters)

Registered as a Legal Entity under No. 5.332 in Book A7, on June 8, 1965

Civil Registry of Legal Entities (Notary Jero Oliva) and registered in the

CNPJ/MF under no. 21.728.779/0001-36

BOARD'S REPORT

The members of the Board of Directors - 2020/2021, in compliance with the Opinion of the Fiscal Council and the Independent Auditors, approved the said Balance Sheet of the Centro de Integração Empresa Escola de Minas Gerais, suggesting that a report be made to the Founding Members, Owners, Cooperators and Meritorious, in the following Terms: According to the statutory provisions chap. III, art. 27 letter "B", we fulfill the grateful duty of presenting to you, the Balance Sheet and respective Financial Statements of activities for the fiscal year ended on December 31, 2020. Belo Horizonte, April 22, 2021. Sebastião Alvino Colomante, Chief Executive Officer; José Pedro Barbosa and Waldir Esmero Campos, Executive Vice Presidents; Raimundo Alves de Jesus and Flávia Dias de Castro, Executive Directors; Hélio da Silva Machado Filho and Patrícia Augusta de Alvarenga, CFO, Antônio Carlos Dias Athayde, Executive Superintendent.

Balance sheets on December 31, 2020 and 2019 - (In reais)					
ACTIVE	Grades	2020	2019	PASSIVE	Grades
Current assets				current liabilities	
Cash and cash equivalents 4		1.812.323	3.066.266	Forfeitures	10
Other receivables 5		1.401.563	231.880	Labor and social obligations	10
Total current assets		3.213.886	3.298.146	Tax obligations	11
non-current assets				Internal Scholarship Fund	12
Financial investments projects 6		3.046.040	2.681.397	Other bills to pay	
Investment property 7		1.265.328	1.982.429	Transfer obligation - CIEE partnership	
Fixed Assets 8		4.095.716	4.357.760	Total current liabilities	
Intangible	9	141.998	188.854	Provisions for risks	13
Total non-current assets		8.549.082	9.210.440	Total non-current liabilities	
total assets		11.762.968	12.508.586	Social equity	14
				Social equity	14
				revaluation reserve	14
				accumulated surplus	14
				Total equity	
				Total liabilities and equity	

The accompanying explanatory notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statements of comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 - (In reais)		2020	2019
Surplus (deficit) for the year		217.115	(263.913)
Other comprehensive income			
comprehensive income		217.115	(263.913)

The accompanying explanatory notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statements of changes in equity for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 - (In reais)					
Grades	Shareholders' equity	Revaluation reserve	Accumulated surplus	13-2020	13-2019
Balances on December 31, 2018					10.287.463
Depreciation - valuation at fair value	8		(89.761)		(89.761)
fiscal year deficit	14		(263.913)		(263.913)
Balances on December 31, 2019					9.933.789
Depreciation - valuation at fair value	8		2.817.725		2.817.725
financial year surplus	14		(96.992)		(96.992)
Balances on December 31, 2020					12.508.586

The attached Management notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 - (In reais)		2020	2019
Cash flow from operating activities		217.115	(263.913)
Supervent (deficit) of the year			
Adjustments by:			
Depreciation/amortization		426.723	418.054
Amortization at fair value		(96.992)	(89.761)
Income from government subsidy		(1.747.501)	(1.400.258)
Losses with fixed assets		1.747.501	1.400.258
provision for risks		7.236	(78.800)
Income from financial investments		72.105	222.778
Losses with fixed assets		1.073	
Adjusted surplus (deficit)		627.200	208.358
(Increase) decrease in assets			
Other receivables		(1.169.683)	(186.639)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities			
Suppliers		5.787	(156.617)
Labor and social obligations		(54.180)	213.692
Tax obligations		14.632	
Internal Scholarship Fund		(126.077)	(611.585)
Other obligations		13.761	(8.227)
Transfer obligation - CIEE partnership		(500.000)	(500.000)
Net cash applied to operating activities		(1.874.977)	(1.048.105)
Cash flow from investing activities			
Acquisitions of fixed and intangible assets		598.205	(124.892)
financial applications projects		(426.748)	329.324
Net cash generated by investing activities		161.457	204.432
Net reduction of cash and cash equivalents		(1.253.943)	(821.954)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		3.066.266	3.888.220
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		1.812.323	3.066.266
Net reduction of cash and cash equivalents			
Transactions that did not affect cash:			
Investment property write-off		717.101	852.000
addition of fixed assets		(717.101)	(852.000)

The accompanying explanatory notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

EXPLANATORY NOTES FROM MANAGEMENT TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 - (Amounts expressed in reais)

1. Operational context - The Empresa Escola Integração Centro is the entity of the main economic environment in which the Association operates in Minas Gerais - CIEE/MG, located at Rua Celso de Castro, 161, 27th floor, Belo Horizonte - MG, is an association legally denominated in public, municipal (BH), State and Federal, Beneficent of 3. Main accounting practices - The main accounting practices Social Assistance (CNAS) in the sectors related to development described below were applied consistently to all processes of professional, technical training, cultural and scientific, exercises presented in these financial statements:

a) Cash and as well as the integration between educational institutions and cash equivalent companies - Cash and cash equivalents cover balances (private or public), with a view to optimizing the absorption of cash and financial investments with optimal maturity of three professionals in the job market. To this end, it uses resources monthly or less from the contracting date, which are subject to donations from individuals or legal entities, from entities with an insignificant risk of change in value and are used in the class, as well as subsidies from the government Public Federal, State settlement of short-term obligations. b) Financial investments or Municipal through Laws 9.532/97 and 5.172/96, applying - projects - These refer to the financial investments of CIEE/MG in the income generated and collected, as well as all resources and fixed income and funds of investments, which can be redeemed for operating results, in studies, research, funding of programs at any time by the Association. These resources represent the interest of the community and the development of the structure and a reserve for the maintenance, improvement and development of the institution's human talents, all with a view to maintaining the programs developed by the Association. c) Investments develop their institutional objectives. Developed programs - CIEE/MG has some investment properties that are owned by the Association - All programs and benefits maintained by the demonstrated at the historical cost of acquisition, one of these properties if CIEE/MG are free, continued, planned and operationalized is rented to third parties. d) Fixed assets - Fixed assets are based on social protection actions aimed at young students, recorded at the cost of acquisition or construction, plus, when enabling the promotion of protagonism, citizen participation and applicable interest capitalized during the period construction, mediation and access to the world of work. All of these actions apply to qualifying assets, net of depreciation in accordance with specific legislation. Among the accumulated and provision programs for impairment offered, we can mention: a) Internship Program - PROES: the assets for paralyzed assets and with no expectation of reuse or program is totally free and operates in accordance with the performance requirements. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method, based on current legislation (Article 205 of the Federal Constitution, Law on the estimated useful life of each asset. e) Intangible assets - These are Education Guidelines and Basic Licenses (LDB) No. 9.394/96 and the Specific Law for the use of software, Assignment of Use of Corporate RM Mono Firma and 11.788/08). The target audience is regular high school students. Totvs ERP Implementation, these assets are stated at the cost of professional and higher education, with priority given to the acquisition target audience, deduced from the period's amortization. f) Other assets and the National Social Assistance Policy, CIEE/MG has liabilities - An asset is recognized in the balance sheet when adequate physical structure to receive students with disabilities is likely to generate their future economic benefits or with reduced mobility, in accordance with ABNT rules, in favor of the Association and if their cost or value can be measured whose programs are disclosed, in articulation with the Security Centers. A liability is recognized in the balance sheet Specialized Social Assistance Reference Centers (CREAS) and when the Association has a legal or constituted obligation as Social Assistance Reference Centers (CRAS). b) Program as a result of a past event, it being likely that a Professional Information Resource (PROPI): the purpose of this economic program is required to settle it. They are added, when it is necessary to instruct the candidates of applicable personal and professional preparation, of the corresponding charges and monetary variations for the labor market; posture and professional ethics; instruction or foreign exchange incurred. Provisions are recorded on the basis of resume preparation, interview behavior; best estimates of the risk involved. Assets and liabilities are guidance on the use and protection of the image against the propagation of those classified as current when their realization or liquidation on social networks, among other topics. Upon participation in the program, it is likely to occur within the next 12 months. Otherwise, CIEE/MG will not refer these transactions to opportunities shown as non-current. c) Provisions - Internship Program, Apprenticeship Program and Jobs provisions are recognized when the Association has a legal obligation made available by the partner Cooperating Member companies, or constituted as a result of a past event and it is probable through the New Graduates Program. d) Special Program that economic benefits are required to settle the obligation (PRESP): the target audience is students, educational institutions and a reliable estimate of the value can be made. The relative expense companies. The program is completely free and aims to stimulate and support whatever provision is presented in the income statement, to the entrepreneurial capacity and initiative of students. They are not of any refund. h) Assessment of the recoverable value carried out at seminars and selection processes for resumes, application of assets (impairment test) - The Association annually reviews knowledge tests. d) Referral Program the net book value of assets, with the objective of evaluating New Graduates (PRESP): target audience is former interns events or charges in economic, operational circumstances and former regular high school apprentices, professional or technological education, which may indicate deterioration or loss of their superior, recent graduates, prioritizing the target audience of the Recoverable Value Policy. When such evidence is identified, and national Social Assistance. e) Apprenticeship Program: where the net book value exceeds the recoverable amount, the program at CIEE/MG started in February 2016 with impairment adjustment. i) Assets and liabilities linked subject to Federal Law No. 10.097/00, regulated by monetary restatement - The rights and obligations, legal or by Federal Decree No. 5.598/05, as registered with the Council contractually subject to monetary variation, are updated up to the Municipal Rights of Children and Adolescents of Belo Horizonte on the balance sheet dates, and their counterparts are directly reflected in the results of the exercises presented. j) Social assets - It is under number 377/01 and the National Register of Professional Learning of the Ministry of Labor and Employment. It is intended for young people and represented by social assets, plus surpluses or adolescents, students in the final years of elementary school and deficits, revaluation reserve and adjustment of fair value evaluation of complete secondary education, aged between 14 and 24 years old of the assets. k) Recipes - The recipes comprise in their entirety. The objective is to provide a space of opportunity for the young person/

2. Fair value of the payments received from contracts for teenagers to enter the job market, duly guided by the management of internships, apprenticeships and government subsidies. l) professionally trained. In June 2019, Statements of Cash Flows were signed - The Statements of Flows in partnership with the Roberto Marinho Foundation to adopt the cash flow statement are prepared and presented by the indirect method of the Appendix Legal Program methodology. The program's activities are in accordance with Accounting Pronouncement CPC 03 "Demonstration of cash flows are carried out at the CIEE/MG headquarters in Bairro Floresta in the city", issued by the Accounting Pronouncements Committee of Belo Horizonte in the state of Minas Gerais, in the Regional Unit (CPC).

do Norte de Minas, at the Contagem Regional Unit, at Unit 4. Cash and cash equivalents - Covers cash balances, Nanuque and Sete Lagoas Customer Service. 1.1. Covid-19 - In banks account movement and financial investments. The application in mid-March of this year, starting the financial mobility restrictions, has a remuneration of the variation of the Human Deposit Certificate preventive to the impacts related to the pandemic arising from Banking (CDBs), on average, 98% of the CDI on December COVID-19 virus, recommended by the World Organization of 2019 and has immediate liquidity. It was classified as Cash and Health and determined by the Brazilian authorities, the national scenario cash equivalents.

and worldwide for the Association's businesses presented significant changes. The Association is actively working on preventive measures to help control the spread of the Coronavirus (COVID-19), reinforcing hygiene protocols, disseminating information on the subject on its internal communication channels and following the guidelines of the World Health Organization (WHO), canceling internet events and trips, adopting electronic means of communication, among other initiatives. Such measures kept contraction rates low, preserving the health and lives of our employees and reducing the impact on operational performance. The Association did not have its activity suspended, one of the measures adopted was the reduction of the workload, which allowed the activities to continue. The equity values and results presented in this report must be analyzed considering the measures that were taken.

		2020	2019
Cash and banks		723	1.398
Banks movement account		1.811.600	1.799.300
Financial investment Total			1.265.967
5.		1.812.323	3.066.266
Other receivables			
2020	2019		
Other amounts receivable	13.597	1.400.000	48.995
24.549 Amount receivable from the sale of properties	1.232.200		25.592
Cooperating Members - Approvals	31.307	168.353	Total 1.401.563
231.880			

6. Financial investments - projects - The investment in Banco Bradesco S/A has remuneration in the variation of the Bank Deposit Certificates (CDBs), on average, at 98% of the CDI (on December 31, 2020 and 2019) and in other banks are remunerated with fixed income investment funds.

		2020	2019
Financial investments - fixed income		1.130.619	1.107.473
Investment fund (Fundo)			
Investments - CDB 1.915.421 - 5.73.924 Total 1.046.040		2.681.397	

7. Property for investment - The property at Rua Celso de Castro, 161 is rented to a third party. For each lease, a period of validity is negotiated with the annual value of the rent indexed to the CPPI. The properties were appraised by a brokerage and the lots by the Municipality of Itapiranga. The estimated market value according to the appraisal report is R\$ 2.484.142.

		2020	2019
Property - Rua Celso de Castro		411.800	411.800
Property - Rua Itaipava, 108 Lots		494.000	494.000
Cont. Serra Verde Total		359.528	1.076.629
1.265.328		1.982.429	

On 08/12/2020, the institution entered into an agreement with the Associação do Bairro do Condomínio Serra Verde - Igarapé, for its integration as an effective associate with all the rights and duties of an associate, through the reimbursement of expenses with improvements and investments of the Condominium. With this integration, the institution was able to start the process of selling some of the properties.

Actual results may vary in relation to such estimates. c) Functional currency and presentation currency - Items included in the financial statements are measured using

Statements of income for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 - (In reais)					
Grades	2020	2019			
Revenue from activities					
Institutional income (internships)	15	5.665.612	6.751.254		
Learning income		2.647.225	1.755.800		
Income from government subsidy	15	1.747.501	1.400.258		
		10.060.338	9.877.312		
Activity costs					
Interns	16	(3.362.233)	(5.262.907)		
Learning	16	(1.700.976)	(1.238.246)		
		4.997.129	3.716.160		
He survived the brute					
Operating expenses (income)					
general and administrative	17	(4.302.287)	(2.720.414)		
Immunity/gratuity	18	(1.747.501)	(1.400.258)		
Other incomes		172.859	320.697		
Income from sales of fixed assets and investments	20	1.104.727			
		(4.772.202)	(3.796.976)		
Surplus (deficit) before the financial result		224.927	(423.815)		
Financial result					
Financial income	19	73.904	225.138		
Financial expenses	19	(81.716)	(66.236)		
Surplus (deficit) for the year		217.115	(263.913)		

The accompanying explanatory notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
To the Directors and Administrators of the
Integration Center Company School of Minas Gerais - CIEE/MG
Belo Horizonte - MG
Opinion
We audited the financial statements of the Centro de Integração Empresa Escola de Minas Gerais - CIEE/MG (Association), which comprise the balance sheet on December 31, 2020 and the respective statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year ended on that date, as well as the accompanying explanatory notes, including a summary of the main accounting policies.
In our opinion, the aforementioned financial statements fairly present, in all material respects, the equity and financial position of Centro de Integração Empresa Escola de Minas Gerais - CIEE/MG on December 31, 2020, the performance of its operations and the its cash flows for the year ended on that date, in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil applicable to non-profit entities - ITG 2002 (R1).
basis for opinion
Our audit was conducted in accordance with Brazilian and international auditing standards. Our responsibilities under these standards are described in the following section entitled "Auditor Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements". We are independent from the Association, in accordance with the relevant ethical principles set forth in the Code of Professional Ethics for Accountants and in the professional standards issued by the Federal Accounting Council, and we fulfill our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management and governance responsibility for financial statements
Management is responsible for the preparation and proper presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil applicable to non-profit entities - ITG 2002 (R1), as well as for the internal controls it has determined to be necessary to enable the preparation financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue operating, disclosing, when applicable, matters related to its operational continuity and the use of its accounting basis in the preparation of the financial statements, unless the Directors intend to liquidate the Association or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative to avoid the cessation of operations.
Those responsible for the governance of the Association are those with responsibility for overseeing the financial statement preparation process.
Auditor's responsibility for auditing the financial statements
Our objective was to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements, taken as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report containing our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of security, but not a guarantee that the audit carried out in accordance with Brazilian and international auditing standards always detects any material misstatements of issue. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material when, individually or jointly, they may influence, within a reasonable perspective, the economic decisions of users taken based on said financial statements.

As part of the audit performed in accordance with Brazilian and international auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. Furthermore:
• We identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, whether caused by fraud or error, planned and performed audit procedures in response to such risks, and obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence to support our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is greater than that arising from error, as fraud can involve the act of circumventing internal controls, concealment, forgery, omission or intentional false representations;
• obtained an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal controls;
• we assessed the adequacy of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Our conclusion on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether there is material uncertainty regarding events or conditions that could cast significant doubt on the going concern ability of the company Association. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we must draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or include a modification in our opinion if the disclosures are inadequate. Our conclusions are based on audit evidence obtained up to the date of our report. However, future events or conditions may lead the Association to no longer remain in operational continuity.

• We evaluated the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including disclosures and whether the financial statements represent related transactions and events in a manner consistent with the objective of fair presentation.
• We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other things, the scope and timing of planned audit engagements, and significant audit findings, including significant deficiencies in internal controls that may have been identified during our audits, works.

Belo Horizonte, April 20, 2021 Daniel

Menezes Vieira CT CRC

1MG-078.081-0 Grant Thornton

Auditors IDEC-CRC SP 29P-034.766/Q-0

B. Property, plant and equipment - Composition of property, plant and equipment in the years:					
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net	2020	2019
Properties	5.025.571	(2.802.867)	2.822.610	2.822.610	2.822.610
Furniture and utensils	737.812	(615.686)	122.126	122.126	122.126
Installations	118.915	(21.657)	96.858	96.858	96.858
Properties	5.872.298	(3.440.210)	2.432.088	2.432.088	2.432.088
Total	6.684.677	(2.586.613)	4.098.064	4.098.064	4.098.064
Movements of fixed assets in the fiscal years:					
Immunized	5.652.615	967.780	6.618.042	735.882	6.751.254
LI (equipment)	598.205	20.537	118.915	739.660	5.872.298
Properties	4.312.478	855.009	5.167.487	118.915	739.660
Installations	118.915	960	117.955	20.537	598.205
Furniture and utensils	663.870	78.243	(1.453)	420	(1.262)
Accumulated depreciation	(1.917.858)	(324.777)	(2.242.635)	(188.609)	(611.802)
LI (equipment)	(54.148)	(56.057)	(68.345)	(68.345)	(112.265)
Properties	(618.447)	(22.184)	(640.631)	(122.126)	(279.571)
Installations	(17.544)	(4.768)	(22.312)	(22.312)	(22.312)
Furniture and utensils	(371.417)	1.453	(441.428)	189	189
Depreciation - fair value (88.761)	(88.761)	(96.992)	(165.753)	(165.753)	(165.753)
Total	643.093	(280.971)	1.073.064	4.098.064	4.098.064
Total	643.093	(280.971)	1.073.064	4.098.064	4.098.064
The Association adopts the calculation of depreciation on property, plant and equipment items, using the straight-line method, according to the estimated useful life of the assets. During the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Association did not identify the existence of indicators that certain assets could be recognized in the accounting at amounts above recoverable amounts, and therefore, no provision was recognized in the financial statements.					

9. Intangible assets - Composition of intangible assets in the year:					
	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Net	2020	2019
Assignment of Use of Corporate RM Mono Firma 2020	20.000	(26.633)	(6.633)	(6.633)	(6.633)
Right to use software 2020	278.571	(65.306)	213.265	213.265	213.265
Totvs ERP implementation	199.209	(280)	198.929	198.929	198.929
Software Use License 1 year	99	(2.068)	(1.969)	(1.969)	(1.969)
Software Use License 2 years	2.068	(64.000)	(61.932)	(61.932)	(61.932)
Software Use License 3 years	142.719	(46.278)	96.441	96.441	96.441
Total	580.184	(141.998)	438.186	438.186	438.186
Movement of intangible assets in the year:					
Intangible	528.173	9.112	537.285	41.899	580.184
Assignment of Use of Corporate RM Mono Firma	20.000	(26.633)	(6.633)	(6.633)	(6.633)
Right to use software	278.571	(65.306)	213.265	213.265	213.265
Totvs ERP implementation	199.209	(280)	198.929	198.929	198.929
Software Use License 1 year	99	(2.068)	(1.969)	(1.969)	(1.969)
Software Use License 2 years	2.068	(64.000)	(61.932)	(61.932)	(61.932)
Software Use License 3 years	142.719	(46.278)	96.441	96.441	96.441
Total	528.173	9.112	537.285	41.899	580.184

10. Labor and social obligations					
	2020	2019			
INSS to be collected					

Registered as a Legal Entity under No. 5.332 in Book A7, on June 8, 1965

Civil Registry of Legal Entities (Notary Jero Oliva) and registered in the CNPJ/MF under no. 21.728.779/0001-36

BOARD'S REPORT

The members of the Board of Directors - 2020/2021, in compliance with the Opinion of the Fiscal Council and the Independent Auditors, approved the said Balance Sheet of the Centro de Integração Empresa Escola de Minas Gerais, suggesting that a report be made to the Founding Members, Owners, Cooperators and Meritorious, in the following Terms: According to the statutory provisions chap. III, art. 27 letter "B", we fulfill the grateful duty of presenting to you, the Balance Sheet and respective Financial Statements of activities for the fiscal year ended on December 31, 2020. Belo Horizonte, April 22, 2021. Sebastião Alvino Colomante, Chief Executive Officer; José Pedro Barbosa and Waldir Esmero Campos, Executive Vice Presidents; Raimundo Alves de Jesus and Flávia Dias Castro, Executive Directors; Hélio da Silva Machado Filho and Patrícia Augusta de Alvarenga, CFO, Antônio Carlos Dias Athayde, Executive Superintendent.

Balance sheets on December 31, 2020 and 2019 - (In reais)							
ACTIVE				PASSIVE			
	Grades	2020	2019		Grades	2020	2019
Current assets				current liabilities			
Cash and cash equivalents 4		1.812.323	3.066.266	Forfeitures		144.260	138.473
Other receivables 5		1.401.563	231.880	Labor and social obligations	10	520.815	574.995
Total current assets		3.213.886	3.298.146	tax obligations	11	158.317	170.386
				Internal Scholarship Fund	12	861.079	1.187.356
				Other bills to pay		17.349	3.588
non-current assets				Transfer obligation - CIEE partnership			500.000
Financial investments projects 6		3.046.040	2.681.397	Total current liabilities		1.701.820	2.574.797
Investment property 7		1.265.328	1.982.429	non-current liabilities			
Fixed Assets 8		4.095.716	4.357.760	Provisions for risks	13	7.236	
Intangible	9	141.998	188.854	Total non-current liabilities		7.236	
Total non-current assets		8.549.082	9.210.440				
				Social equity			
				Social equity	14		
				revaluation reserve	14	2.720.733	2.817.725
				accumulated surplus	14	7.333.166	7.116.051
				Total equity		10.053.912	9.933.789
total assets		11.762.968	12.508.586	Total liabilities and equity		11.762.968	12.508.586

The accompanying explanatory notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

BUSINESS

Mother's Day can spend R\$ 12.2 billion in the count

Unlike last year, in 2021 retail is starting the process of reopening the economy, which can help sales

Rio de Janeiro - The National Confederation of Trade in Goods, Services and Tourism (CNC) estimates for Mother's Day this year a sales volume of R\$ 12.2 billion throughout the country, which represents an increase of 47% in compared to the 2020 result (BRL 8.26 billion). CNC senior economist Fabio Bentes told Agência Brasil yesterday that 2020 was especially atypical for that date, as non-essential retailers were closed due to the restrictive measures imposed by the authorities to combat the new coronavirus.

“Shopping centers are starting to operate again, which they didn't have last year. The clothing segment is very strong in malls and suffered a lot in 2020”

For this reason, CNC chose to compare the 2021 sales expectation with that of 2019, which was the last normal Mother's Day in retail. The financial movement expected for the date was 2% lower than in 2019, which reached BRL 12.34 billion. The economist clarified that since it moves practically all segments of commerce, Mother's Day is considered the "Christmas of the first semester". In 2020, retail sales for the date retreated 33.1%, the biggest drop in the historical series.

Clothing - The clothing segment



The clothing, footwear and accessories segment traditionally leads sales in this period of the year

rio, footwear and accessories traditionally lead sales during this period of the year. In 2020, it moved BRL 1.6 billion, with a reduction of 62.7% compared to 2019. This year, the segment's billing forecast rises to R\$ 4.09 billion, according to CNC, showing a positive variation of 146%. "It will more than double this year."

Fabio Bentes noted that in 2021 retailers are starting the reopening process. “ *Shopping centers* are starting to operate again, which they didn't have last year. The clothing segment is very strong in *malls* and suffered a lot in 2020”. He explained that, in addition to being the sector that will move the most , in absolute numbers, sales on Mother's Day, it will also be the one that will grow the most compared to last year, due to this different reality of the operation of commercial establishments.

Next, furniture and home appliances (R\$ 2.38 billion) and pharmacies, perfumes and cosmetics (R\$ 1.52 billion) should come. Regarding the perfumery segment, Bentes highlighted that, in addition to having a natural appeal associated with the date, it is also a low average ticket segment (average value of sales in a period). He said that the health crisis ends up causing an economic crisis, pressure on the families' budget, with unemployment still high and high inflation. “Usually, when you have an unfavorable scenario for the family budget, these segments grow, such as clothing and perfumery and cosmetics, which the children turn to when the budget is tight”.

Cheapest - According to CNC, from the basket of 17 goods and services for Mother's Day, only

five presented retraction in comparison with the previous year: handbags (-7.6%), make-up articles (-6.3%), books (-3.1%), women's clothing (-2.3%) and women's shoes (-1.3%). In general, the basket has the highest average change since 2016 (4.7% in 2021, against 7.7% in 2016). “It is a reflection of the higher inflation that we are experiencing this year, first due to the effect of food inflation at the beginning of the year and, later, due to fuel inflation . When inflation is higher, this ends up spreading to certain retail prices”.

Taking into account the devaluation of the real in the period, the economist said that it is very difficult for the retailer not to pass on certain price increases. "Who tends to pass it on is the retailer who has the rope around his neck. For apparel retailing, this has yet to happen. he is offering

LAMBDA IV ENERGIA SA				
CNPJ/MF No. 34.216.543/0001-62				
Management report				
Dear Shareholders, we present below the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.				
Balance Sheets on December 31, 2020 and 2019		Income Statements for the year y on December 31, 2020 and 2019 (in thousands of reais)		
(in thousands of reais)				
Active	2020 2019	There was no transaction on this account		
Current assets	105.300 (0)	Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for the year y on December 31, 2020 and 2019 (in thousands of Reais)		
Cash and cash equivalents	105.300 (0)			
Total assets	105.300 (0)			
Passive	2020 2019	Capital social	Reservations capital	Total
Current liabilities				
Net worth	105.300 (0)	Balances on January 1, 2017		
Capital social	10.530	Balances on December 31, 2017		(0)
capital reserves	94.770	Capital increase/AFAC	10.530	94.770 105.300
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	105.300 (0)	Balances on December 31, 2018	10.530	94.770 105.300
Explanatory Notes		Statements of Cash Flows for the year y on December 31, 2020 and 2019 (in thousands of reais)		
The financial statements were prepared in accordance with the accounting standards in force in Brazil, issued by the Federal Accounting Council. The complete Financial Statements, accompanied by the Explanatory Notes are available to Messrs. Shareholders at the Company's headquarters.		2020 2019 Cash Flow Statements		
Executive Board		Equity movements (capital, dividends and others)		
Gustavo Matos Joao Cunha		105.300 -		
William Franco de Oliveira – Accountant CRC 15P 256.533/0-3		Cash flow from financing activities		
		105.300 -		
		Variation in cash and cash equivalents		
		105.300 (0)		
		At the beginning of the period		
		105.300 (0)		
		At the end of the period		
		105.300 (0)		

CAPANEMA BUILDINGS AND LEASING OF OWN PROPERTY SA - CNPJ 23.981.710/0001-65						
BOARD'S REPORT						
relating to the financial year ended December 31, 2020, we are at your disposal for any clarifications you deem necessary.						
Shareholders: In compliance with legal and statutory provisions, Belo Horizonte, December 31, 2020, we submit for your appreciation, the financial statements, BALANCE SHEET ENDED ON 2020, THE BOARD.						
DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in R\$ THOUSAND)						
ACTIVE			PASSIVE			
2020	2018	2018	2020	2019	2018	
Current	1.810	2.046	1.164	Current	27 0	12
Available				Suppliers	5	17
Banks Movement Account				Other Obligations	147	10
Financial Investment	6 6.1575	18 1.660	8.874	Trade Obligations	11	10
Other Current Assets				provisions	11	9
Stocks	0	0	0	Advances from Customers/Third Parties	0	6
National customers	0	0	0	Wages Payable	9	0
Advances / Loans	0	0	0	Debts with Connected Persons	0	8
Recoverable Taxes	282	269	277	Other Current Accounts	0	23
Deferred payments	0	0	0	Net CIRCULANT		
Other Current Accounts	41	72		Liabilities in the Long Term		
Net CIRCULANT	14.802	14.837	13.877	Accounts and Liabilities	0	0
Achievable in the Long Term				Net worth	16.785 16.826	14.819
Credits with Connected Persons	0	0	0	Capital Stock	20.833 20.645	17.374
Judicial deposits	0	0	0	Profit Reserve	28 28	26
Permanent				legal reserve	302 302	302
Immunized	14.902	14.937	13.677	Accumulated Profits/Loss	-4.378	-4.340 -3.485
TOTAL ASSETS	16.812	16.862	14.841	TOTAL LIABILITIES	16.812 16.802	14.841
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Capital Capital to be paid in Capital Reserves Profit Reserves Retained Earnings 28 302 (3485)						
Balance on 12/31/2018						
2.875						
Increase in capital						
Adjustment of Previous Exercises						
Distribution of Dividends						
Increase in capital						
Increase and/or Decrease Reserves						
Fiscal Year Result						
Income on 12/31/2019						
20645						
188						
Adjustments from Previous Exercises						
Distribution of Dividends						
Fiscal Year Result						
Balance on 12/31/2020						
20833						
INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 12/31/2020 12/31/2019						
2020/2018						
Gross Operating Revenue						
955 200						
() Taxes on Sales						
(88) (18)						
(-) Returns and Cancelled Sales						
Net Operating						
Revenue () Credits of Credits and Goods						
867 182						
Gross Profit Operating Expenses						
Revenues Net						
867 182						
Financial Result						
Exp. Commercial						
(1.282) (961)						
and Administrative Other Operating						
30 53						
Expenses Operating Income () Non-Operating Expenses ()						
(1.321) (717)						
Income for the Year () Provision for						
(26) (31)						
CSL						
(410) (260)						
15 30						
(410) (260)						
() Provision for RPP						
Net Profit/Loss for the Year Net Earnings per						
(410) (260)						
(0.02) (0.02)						
Share Notes to the Financial Statements						
Closed on December 31, 2020						
1. Operational Context: Capanema Edificações e Locações de Imóveis Omeas SA is a privately-held corporation, having started its activities on 03/08/1988 with head office in the city of Belo Horizonte-MG and its corporate object is the rental activity own properties. 2. Presentation of Financial Statements: The financial statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. 3. Main Accounting Guidelines: a) Permanent Assets were recorded at acquisition cost; b) Income for the Year, all revenues, costs and expenses are shown on an accrual basis; c) Inventories are valued at the average acquisition cost of inputs and other costs provided for in law; d) Capital Stock: The capital stock subscribed and paid in on 12/31/2020 is BRL 20,833,425.76 (twenty million, eight hundred and thirty-three, four hundred and twenty-five reais and seventy-eight cents). The amount of BRL 188,058.00 (one hundred and eighty-eight thousand, fifty-eight reais) was paid in the calendar year of 2020.						
Acquisitions or Write-Offs to Fixed Assets Dividends						
35 (1,200)						
Disbursed Net Cash in Investment Activities Investment Activities						
35 (1,200)						
Capital Increase Net Cash in Financing Activities Net Change in Cash Cash plus/minus of						
188 2.671 1.339						
188 2.671 1.339						
Initial Cash plus Cash Equiv. of Trade						
(97) 800 182						
Net Cash Change in Cash BOARD: Capanema Edificações e Locações de Imóveis Omeas SA						
1.684 1.684 692						
Executive Officer: Form Accounting Ltd. - CRC MG 007830/0-9; Cristina Mendanha Leão - CRC MG 087490/0-2						

COVID-19

Senate approves breach of vaccine patent

Bill passed in the House yesterday by 55 votes in favor and 19 against and now goes to the Chamber of Deputies

Brasília - The Senate plenary yesterday approved a bill that provides for the temporary suspension of patents for vaccines, drugs and tests against Covid-19 for the duration of the coronavirus pandemic. The text was approved by 55 votes in favor and 19 against and now goes to the Chamber of Deputies.

Compulsory, temporary and non-exclusive license to exploit the patent will occur when an act of the federal government recognizes a national emergency or public interest. In such cases , even so, the rights

"This vaccine is a global challenge, it is the line that separates life and death, it is a war of all of us against a virus"

The objective, according to the author of the project, Senator Paulo Paim (PT-RS), is to speed up the production of immunizers in an attempt to accelerate the process of vaccination against the disease in the country.

During the discussion of the project, the rapporteur for the matter, Nelsinho Trad (PSD-MS), explained that the concession of

of the patent holder are the insured and can only occur in case he does not meet the need of the situation.

The text foresees the creation of two stages for the process of compulsory licenses. According to the rapporteur, declared

BALANCE SHEET - (In thousands of reais)		
ACTIVE		2019 2020
CURRENT		1.293 1.776
Available		170 924 419
Accounts receivable from customers		214 440 141
recoverable taxes		146 161 118
Advances to suppliers		316 1 170
Stocks		1 052 7 9
NOT CIRCULANT		1.033 938 130
advance to third parties		107 2.463
Immobilized		2.828 2019
		2020
Intangible		
TOTAL ASSETS		
PASSIVE		
CURRENT		1.090 1.296 169
Suppliers		186 502 550
tax obligations		339 237 77
Labor obligations		320 3 3 355
Short-term loans and financing		291 234 121
Other obligations payable		
NOT CIRCULANT		
Loans and financing		
Deferred tax liability		40
tax obligations		251
NET WORTH		1.018 1.241
Capital social		1.015 1.015
Capital Reserve		2.095 2.095
profit reserves		(2 092) (1.869)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND PL		2.463 2.828
INCOME STATEMENT - (In thousands of reais)		
		2019 2020
LIQUID REVENUE OF SALES		1.863 2.045
cost of goods sold		(250) (596)
GROSS PROFIT		1.613 1.449
Business expenses		(264) (108)
Administrative and general expenses		(744) (723)
Other (expenses) operating income, net		(154) (198)
OPERATING INCOME / EXPENSES		451 422 (160)
Financial result		(143)
INCOME BEFORE TAX INCOME AND SOCIAL CONTRIBUTION		291 279 (84)
Income tax and social contribution		(56)
PROFIT / LOSS FOR THE YEAR		207 223

ELASA ELO ALIMENTAÇÃO S/A - CNPJ: 03.300.974/0001-99			
Balance sheet for the year according to Corporate Law for the year ended in: (amounts expressed in reais)			
Active	31/12/2020	31/12/2019	Liabilities and equity
Current	40.849.983	53.654.474	Current
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5.791.249	5.211.374	Suppliers
Customers advances	20.672.873	20.497.516	Labor and Social Security Obligations
Stocks	7.547.838	8.607.693	Taxes and Contributions advances
Recoverable Taxes	2.860.338	3.196.803	Other obligations
Contractual Deposits	9.080.278	13.331.887	Loans and Financing
third party stock	3.772.618	4.927.359	third party stock
Expenses Next Year	24.795		Not CIRCULANT
Not CIRCULANT	7.267.114	4.058.781	Loans and Financing
Judicial deposits	2.933.914	1.670.121	Taxes and Contributions
Investments	3.023.333	4.211.643	Other bills to pay
Immobalized			commissions payable
			Net worth
			Capital Social
			profit reserve
			legal reserve
			Capital Reserve
			Advance for future Capital Increase
Total Assets	57.003.767	61.121.588	Total Liabilities
Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity by Corporate Law for the year ended December 31, 2020			
(amounts expressed in reais)			
	Capital	Let them go in the future	Reservation
Description	social	reserves	Capital Legal Capital of Total Profits
Balance on December 31, 2018	1.619.360	3.446.000	323.872 9.818.188 14.261.455 25.468
Distributed Profits			
Net income for the Year			
Grant Reserve			(4.892)
Balance on December 31, 2019	1.619.360	3.446.000	323.872 8.710.920 9.115
Distributed Profits			
Net income for the Year			
Balance on December 31, 2020	1.619.360	3.446.000	323.872 8.710.920 698

Explanatory Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019		
1. Operating Context - The purpose of the company is to provide for tax legislation (g) - Income and Expenses - Recognized according to collective accrual basis. (n) - Net Revenue and composition of hospitals, prisons and similar; provision of school meals; Operating Revenue - Sales Return		
provision of (outsourced) labor; provision of management services for industrial restaurants; provision of support services for restaurant activities; provision of cleaning and building and industrial conservation services; provision of food, foodstuffs, hotels and leisure on vessels and in onshore and offshore oil extraction companies; snack bars, bars and the like; chamber services, prison management and community organizations; leasing and subleasing of equipment for industrial kitchens, snack bars, laundries, vehicles, refrigeration containers and the like; wholesale trade of goods in general, with a predominance of food products; retail trade of food products in general or specialized in food products not specified in the list of food products; wholesale trade of goods with no predominance of food products; maritime agency activities; wholesale trade of clothing and accessories for professional and work safety use; wholesale trade of hardware and tools; retail trade in hardware and tools; specialized wholesale trade in construction materials not otherwise specified; wholesale trade in steel and metallurgical products, except for iron and steel; wholesale trade of machinery and equipment for industrial use; parts and pieces; wholesale trade of personal hygiene products; retail trade of cosmetics, perfumery and personal hygiene products; wholesale trade of hygiene, cleaning and home care products; retail trade of household appliances; wholesale trade of electrical and electronic products; equipment for agricultural use; parts and pieces; retail trade of other products not previously specified; wholesale trade of building materials in general; retail trade of building materials in general;	Operating Income Sales/Return Tax Net Revenue 3 - Other Raw Materials/Inputs Finished products Intermediate Products merchandise for resale consumption stock Total	Costs Original Land 76,987.99 Vehicles 191.705 Supplies 2,459,617.32 Machinery and Equipment 8,249,970.89 / (148,476) 1.10 45,571.45 45,571.45 112,929.78 (245,803) 112,929.78 95,481.17 Operating and Financing

	1 430.441,63 (5.007.590) 00
	3.023.33 4.21
	Bradesco
wholesale trade of paints, varnishes and the like; retail trade of paints and materials for painting; wholesale trade of lubricants; retail trade of lubricants; wholesale trade of bed, table and bath articles; retail trade of bed, table and bath items; packaging wholesale trade; wholesale trade of office supplies and stationary retail trade of stationary; wholesale trade of computer equipment; wholesale trade of computer supplies; specialized retail trade of computer equipment and supplies; slaughter of cattle, pigs, sheep and goats; industrialization and commercialization of meat products; manufacture of sandwiches in general; franchise administration; and may also participate in other companies, as partners, shareholders or quota holders.	Financing BNDES card (Bradesco) Santander Bank Itaú Bank Total Long term Bradesco Financing card BNDES (Bradesco) Santander Bank Itaú bank Total

2. Main Accounting Practices - The Company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting practices established by the Brazilian Corporate Law. The main ones are as follows: (i) - Financial Investments - These are recorded at cost, plus income earned up to the balance sheet date, consistent with market values; (ii) - Inventories - Inventories are stated at average price, plus or minus adjustments for obsolescence and other values; (iii) - Current and Non-Current Assets - Other assets are presented at their realizable value, including, when applicable, earnings and monetary variations earned; (iv) - Property, plant and equipment - Presented at historical cost, restated up to December 31, 1996; (v) - Depreciation - Depreciated of Fixed Assets in operation is calculated based on the estimated useful life of the assets, using the straight-line method, observing the stated rates; (vi) - Current and Non-Current Liabilities - Stated at known or estimated amounts, plus, when applicable, the resulting charges and monetary variations incurred; (f) - Income Tax - The Company's income tax is constituted on taxable income, considering the exclusions and additions provided for in

are free from material misstatement, regard-



According to the proposal, patent holders are obliged to give the public authorities information for the production of vaccines and medicines.

the emergency situation, the Executive branch must publish, within 30 days, a list of patents related to products and processes essential for combating the pandemic. This would be the list of patents subject to compulsory licensing . It would be up to institutions

assess whether they would be interested in the respective breach of the patent.

“In the second stage, licenses would be effectively granted only for patents on the list of priorities for which effective proposals emerged and based on objective market conditions, technological capacity and

According to Trad, Brazil has already used this prerogative by promoting the compulsory licensing of efavirenz - one of the drugs used in the treatment of patients with AIDS.

it is a global challenge, it is the line that separates life and death it is a war for all of us against a virus", he said.

The proposal even entered the Senate voting agenda at the beginning of the month, but was withdrawn after a suggestion by the leader of the government in Congress, Eduardo Gomes (MDB-TO), and corroborated by the leader of the government in the Senate, Fernando Bezerra Coelho (MDB-PE), on the grounds that the Chamber would promote debate on the subject. (

ABB ADMINISTRAÇÃO DE MOVÍVEIS E PARTICIPAÇÕES SA CNPJ: 00.716.1650001-35					
BALANCE SHEET CLOSURE (R\$ IN RBL)					
ACTIVE	2020	2019	PASSIVE	2020	2019
CURRENT			CURRENT		
Prepaid cash equivalents	1.586.642,21	252.779,78	Suppliers	10.301,55	2.543,25
Total Current Assets	1.586.642,21	252.779,78	Obligations and charges tax obligations	22.935,30	300,38
NOT CIRCULANT			Other obligations	78.514,28	5.095,03
Investments	27.693.029,07	24.885.862,31	Other Current Liabilities	930,00	888,22
Immovilized	4.232.681,98	2.797.006,00	Total Current Liabilities	90.949,13	8.525,68
Total Non-Current Assets	31.916.711,05	27.682.922,97	NOT CIRCULANT		
			NET WORTH		
			Subscribed share capital	8.902.480,00	8.902.480,00
			Reserve of dividends to be distributed	0,00	0,00
			legal reserve	1.780.496,00	1.780.496,00
			Retained earnings	22.770.311,43	21.043.890,88
			Total Shareholders' Equity	33.343.287,43	32.725.866,88
TOTAL ASSETS	33.503.357,26	27.735.702,76	TOTAL LIABILITIES	33.503.357,26	32.735.702,76
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DMLP)					
	Capital Stock Dividend Reserve Reserves 8.902.480,00		Retained earnings		Total
On December 31, 2019					
Fiscal Year 2019	1.780.496,00	0,00		17.043.890,88	27.725.866,88
Dividends Paid				8.902.480,00	
Distributed Profits				2.777.930,55	
On December 31, 2020					
	8.902.480,00	0,00	1.780.496,00	22.770.311,43	33.343.287,43
Statement of Income (R\$ IN RBL) 2020 2019 GROSS					
OPERATING REVENUE 217.004.64 231.002.48 Gross revenue deductibles 217.004 231.002.48 - 8.433.83 NET REVENUE 117.891.62 122.628.65 Administrative expenses 0.00 0.00 Tax expenses 0.00 0.00 Net financial income 26.687.16 19.939.28 Other operating income 2.500.000.00 Results from shareholdings 2.467.330.75 7.500.015.20 Operating Income 3.007.166.76 2.179.439.28 OPERATING PROFIT 1.057.7.854 79.701.9 5.586.143.16 NON-OPERATING DISBURSE Indemnities 700.000.00 0.00 GROSS PROFIT RPJ 8.554.769.10 9.586.143.16 CSLL 56.675.92 11.141.00 33.541.89 4.684.63 NET RESULT 8.443.531.00 9.568.317.47					
RE 2019 2020 1. Environmental and Construction SA 2.102.558.83 25.513.678.78 Minsk Brasília Consult. e Serviços Ltda 2.523.303.48 2.179.413.29 24.685.862.31 27.693.029.07 Belo Horizonte, December 31, 2020 Elisa Rodrigues de Paula Bezerra - Diretora Andrezza da Assunção Ribeiro - Accountant - CRC MG 95.736					

[illegible]

EVOLUA ENERGIA PARTICIPAÇÕES SA - CNPJ: 35.064.955/0001-81

Management Report: Messrs. Shareholders, Evoluta Energia e Statutory, submit to your appreciation, the statements Participações SA, in accordance with the legal accounting provisions related to the fiscal year ended on 12/31/2020.

Balance sheets as of December 31, 2020 and 2019
(In thousands of reais, unless otherwise indicated)

Statements of cash flows for the years ended on December 31, 2020 and 2019
(In thousands of reais, unless otherwise indicated)

ACTIVE		31/12/2019	
Notes 12/31/2020 12/31/2019			
Current assets			
Cash and Equivalent cashiers..... 7 Taxes	10.254,3		
recoverable.....			
Other accounts receivable.....	30		
current assets	10.287		
non-current assets			
Amortized.....	59		
Intangible assets..... 9 Right of use..... 9	1.206		
Total non-current assets	1.193		
Total assets	12.745		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Notes 12/31/2020 12/31/2019			
current liabilities			
Suppliers..... 10 Social and labor obligations..... 11	168		
Tax obligations Lease liabilities 12	258		
Total current liabilities	132		
non-current liabilities	580		
Lease liabilities 12 Total non-current liabilities	1.026		
Equity 13	1.026		
Share capital..... 13.a Capital reserve..... 13.b Additional reserves.....	2.035		
Total shareholders' equity	2.362		
Total liabilities and equity	11.139		
Management's explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.			
Statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2020 (In thousands of reais, unless otherwise indicated)			
Notes 12/31/2020			
(Expenses) operating income			
Administrative and general..... 14	Operating loss..... (2.400)		
before result, finance	(2.400)		
Financial result			
Financial expenses..... 15	Financial income..... 15	(2)	40
Loss before IR and contrib.	(2.362)		
Income tax and loss for the year..... contribution..... (2.362)			
Loss for the year (2.362)			
Management's explanatory notes are part Management's explanatory notes are an integral part of the financial statements.			
Statements of changes in shareholders' equity for the years ended as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands of reais, unless otherwise indicated)			
Notes Share Capital Capital reserve Accumulated losses Total			
Balance on September 19, 2019			
(Constitution)			
Capital payment..... 13.a 1			
Balance on December 31, 2019 1 Capital payment..... 13.a - 7.770 (-) Capital to be paid..... 13.b - (5.738)			
	11		
	7.770 (5.738)		
Goodwill reserve..... 13.b - 11.466			
Loss for the year..... (2.362) (2.362)			
Balance on December 31, 2020 2.035 (2.362) 11.139			

Operating activities

Loss before income tax and social contribution..... (2.362)

Adjustments to reconcile the result available at applied in the activities, operational

Depreciation and amortization..... 4

Amortization of right of use Interest on lease liabilities..... 25

Decrease (increase) in assets

Recoverable taxes..... (3)

Other Accounts Receivable..... (30)

(Decrease) increase in liabilities

Suppliers..... 258

Social and labor obligations..... 22

cash applied to the activities, operational..... (2.362)

Of investment activities

Property acquisitions..... (64)

Acquisitions of intangibles..... (1.047)

Box liquid applied in activities investment..... (1.111)

Of the activities third-party financing

Amortization of lease liabilities..... (74)

cash applied in activities third-party financing..... (74)

Of the activities of financing with shareholders

Capital increase..... 13.500 Net cash generated by activities, financing with shareholders 13.500 Increase in cash and cash equivalents.....

10.253 Cash and cash equivalents

At the beginning of the year..... 1 At the end of the year..... 10.254 Increase in cash and cash equivalents..... 10.253

Additional information.....

Transactions that do not involve box

Suppliers..... 146 Acquisitions of intangible assets..... (146)

Management's explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2020
(In thousands of reais, unless otherwise indicated)

31/12/2020

Operating income.....

Financial result.....

Loss before IR and contrib. Social..... (2.362)

Income tax and loss for the year..... contribution..... (2.362)

Comprehensive result..... (2.362)

Management's explanatory notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statements of changes in shareholders' equity for the years ended as of December 31, 2020 and 2019
(In thousands of reais, unless otherwise indicated)

Notes Share Capital Capital reserve Accumulated losses Total

Balance on September 19, 2019

(Constitution).....

Capital payment..... 13.a 1

Balance on December 31, 2019 1 Capital payment..... 13.a - 7.770 (-) Capital to be paid..... 13.b - (5.738)

11

7.770 (5.738)

11.466

Loss for the year..... (2.362) (2.362)

Balance on December 31, 2020 2.035 (2.362) 11.139

11.466

Tax <i>Andreza Mendes</i> - CPF: 455.500.389-49 Report of the	Director <i>Menezes Vieira</i> - CTCR 124G-078.08U-10
Independent auditor on the financial statements to the Management and Shareholders of Evolva	auditor's responsibilities for auditing the financial statements - Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report containing our
Belu Horizonte – MG	Reasonable security is a high level of security, but not an absolute assurance that the audit will detect an occurrence with Brazilian and international auditing standards will always detect any material misstatements that exist. Misstatement may arise from fraud or error and are considered material when, individually or jointly, they may influence, within a reasonable expectation, the decisions of users. The standards taken based on said financial statements. As part of the audit performed in accordance with Brazilian and international auditing standards, we exercise professional
Opinion - We audited the financial statements of Evolva Energia Participações SA ("Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as of December 31, 2020 and the related statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows, for the year ended on this date, as well as the related notes and disclosures. In our summary of the main accounting policies, in our opinion, the aforementioned financial statements fairly present, in all material respects, the equity and financial position of Evolva Energia Participações SA on December 31, 2020, and the results of its operations for the period. As for the year ended on this date, in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil. Basis for opinion - Our audit was conducted in accordance with Brazilian and international auditing standards. The procedures used under these standards are described in the following section entitled "Auditor Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements". We are independent from the Company, in accordance with the relevant ethical principles set forth in the Code of Ethics of the Institute of CPAs and in the professional standards issued by the Federal Accounting Council, and we fulfill our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards. We believe that our audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Emphas-	through the audit. In addition: - we identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, planned and performed audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence to support our opinion no. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is greater than that arising from error, as fraud can involve the act of circumventing internal controls, collusion, forgery or intentional false representations; - obtained an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures appropriate to the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls; - We evaluated the adequacy of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management, - concluded on the appropriateness of the use of the accrual basis of accounting basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether there is material uncertainty regarding events or conditions that could cast significant doubt on the going concern assumption. In the absence of such a material uncertainty exists, we must draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or include a modification in our opinion if the disclosures are inadequate or the conclusions are based on an assumption obtained up to the date of the audit. However, future events or conditions may lead the Company to no longer remain in operational continuity. - We evaluated the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements and the disclosures. The financial statements represent related transactions and events in a manner consistent with the objective of fair presentation. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other things, the scope and timing of the audit, identified deficiencies in internal controls, including significant deficiencies in internal control
Pre-operational phase - We draw attention to Explanatory Note No. 1 to the financial statements, which describes that the Company was incorporated on September 19, 2019, in the City of Belo Horizonte, Minas Gerais, Brazil, showing losses in its operations. Considering that the Company, as a result of being in the pre-operational and development phase of its operations, is, therefore, spending significant amounts in the acquisition of fixed assets and other costs, which, according to the estimates of its Management, will be absorbed for revenues from future operations, when the Company is fully operational. Our opinion is not qualified on this matter. Responsibilities of Management - The management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil and for such internal controls over financial statements as may be required to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from distortions, relevant, regardless of whether caused by fraud or error. When preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's capacity to continue as a going concern. Management is also responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements related to its operational continuity and the use of this accounting basis in the preparation of the financial statements, unless that Management intends to liquidate the Company or cease its operations and has no realistic alternative to avoid the closure of operations. Those responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the	Auditors' Independence - We are independent from the Company, in accordance with the relevant ethical principles set forth in the Code of Ethics of the Institute of CPAs and in the professional standards issued by the Federal Accounting Council, and we fulfill our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards. We believe that our audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Emphas-



COMPETITIVE MINES

DEVELOPMENT

Favorable environment attracts investors to Minas Gerais

State strengthens its productive chains

MARA BIANCHETTI

Third largest economy in the country, Minas Gerais stands out in attracting investments , even in the midst of the economic crisis imposed by the Covid-19 pandemic. if before

“The pandemic has hurt many companies, especially small and medium-sized businesses. But many companies are already looking at the long term

of the global economic slowdown caused by the virus, the State had as its main challenge the diversification of sectors, now it also focuses on strengthening chains productive. In both strategies , the development

of a favorable business environment remains the main instrument for winning and maintaining important projects.

And the results happen. Even breaking a historic investment record in 2019 - when the State attracted BRL 55.9 billion - and reaching a volume of BRL 32 billion in contributions in 2020 - despite the impacts of the pandemic , - everything indicates that 2021 will surpass the sum of both The exercises.

The bet is on the director-president of the Minas Gerais Investment and Foreign Trade Promotion Agency (Indi). Thiago Toscano. “We have a flood of investments. The pandemic has hurt many businesses, especially small and medium-sized businesses. But many companies are already looking at the long term and drawing up plans for five or ten years from now, starting not only from



Private sector investments announced in Minas Gerais amount to R\$ 118 billion since the beginning of the Romeu Zema administration

in the sectoral vocations of the State, but understanding and being interested in the favorable business environment of Minas Gerais”, he reveals. A recent survey released by the State Secretariat for Economic Development (Sede) showed the attraction of more than R\$ 100 billion in private investments since the beginning of Romeu Zema's (Novo) management. Now, the amount already reaches R\$ 118 billion. Toscano recalls that the work of the current government is aimed at the much-desired economic diversification of Minas Gerais, but also at strengthening the production chain and suppliers already located in the State. For this, the

strategies are divided into sectorial and attractive, considering the vocations of Minas Gerais cities and, at the same time, the opportunities that come from technological changes and behavior of consumption. “Amazon recently announced the construction of a distribution center (DC) with investments of R\$ 120 million; Vale is investing BRL 7 billion in raising the dams. Should we only consider the investment or the added value and opportunities that each of these projects bring?”, he asks, highlighting the new strategy of measuring strategic investments for the State.

Pillars - In any case, for Minas to be inviting and not only attract, but also maintain investments, Indi also needs to focus on competitiveness , be it structural, fiscal, financial or social. For this, the CEO of the Agency said that four pillars are worked on: infrastructure, reducing bureaucracy, labor and quality of life. In infrastructure, an important initiative concerns the Rodoanel Metropolitano, which promises to relieve traffic on the Beltway of Belo Horizonte and consolidate itself as another important transportation route. In reducing bureaucracy, Avança

Minas presents a series of measures to reduce bureaucracy and simplify processes. In terms of job training, there is a mapping with the aim of negotiating the arrival of companies based also on the availability of trained professionals. Finally, Toscano spoke about quality of life. “When a worker moves to another city, he looks for good education, health and entertainment services. We have already lost investments by not offering such conditions. But today we have a lower cost of living than São Paulo, better security than Rio de Janeiro and better public policies than both”, he explained.

SCENARIOS

Brazil and the OECD within the framework of attracting foreign direct investment

MARCOS MANDACARU* AND JULIANO ALVES PINTO**

DIÁRIO DO COMÉRCIO has been publishing a series of fortnightly articles focused on Brazil's entry into the OECD and the impact on attracting foreign direct investment. The guest authors are Marcos Mandacaru, special advisor to the Vice-Governorship of Minas Gerais and specialist in attracting investment, and Juliano Alves Pinto, Undersecretary for Economic Development and career diplomat.

PART III In the previous edition, the context in which the Brazilian position in relation to the OECD was built as leader of the developing countries was described, marked by distancing if not certain antagonism in relation to the international organism, markedly capitalist and which brought together, without exception, tion, developed countries, members of the so-called First World. Mexico's entry into the OECD would mark the beginning of a new phase, only sufficiently understood by Brazilian diplomacy at the end of the last decade.

Although since the last three decades of the 20th century, successive economic crises have been rocking economies on a global scale, not being different either in Brazil or in Latin America as a whole, it is possible to say that international investment flows

advent of new technologies and the progressive deregulation of markets, have become more intense. The fact is that good investments , those lasting ones, from the perspective of production and not just from a purely financial perspective, began to seek countries in which there was more transparency , more governance, more predictability and more credibility. At the entrance of Latin countries -Americans in the OECD obeys the logic that in order to increase the flow of investments it is necessary to undertake structuring economic reforms , which promote a significant improvement in the business environment. This is not a false understanding of the typical reality of emerging economies, in which the recognized economic potential, whether in the production of raw materials or in the transformation industry, coexists with a still high contingent of the population living in conditions of poverty, for which the immense challenges of a social nature must be faced , above all in terms of health and education. Although it is not possible to state a direct correlation between joining the OECD and increases in the flow of investment, as these often depend on multiple factors, such as, in the case of Mexico, the entry into NAFTA in 1994, in the case of Chile the commodity boom agriculture starting in 2008 and in Colombia in improving of its external image, the

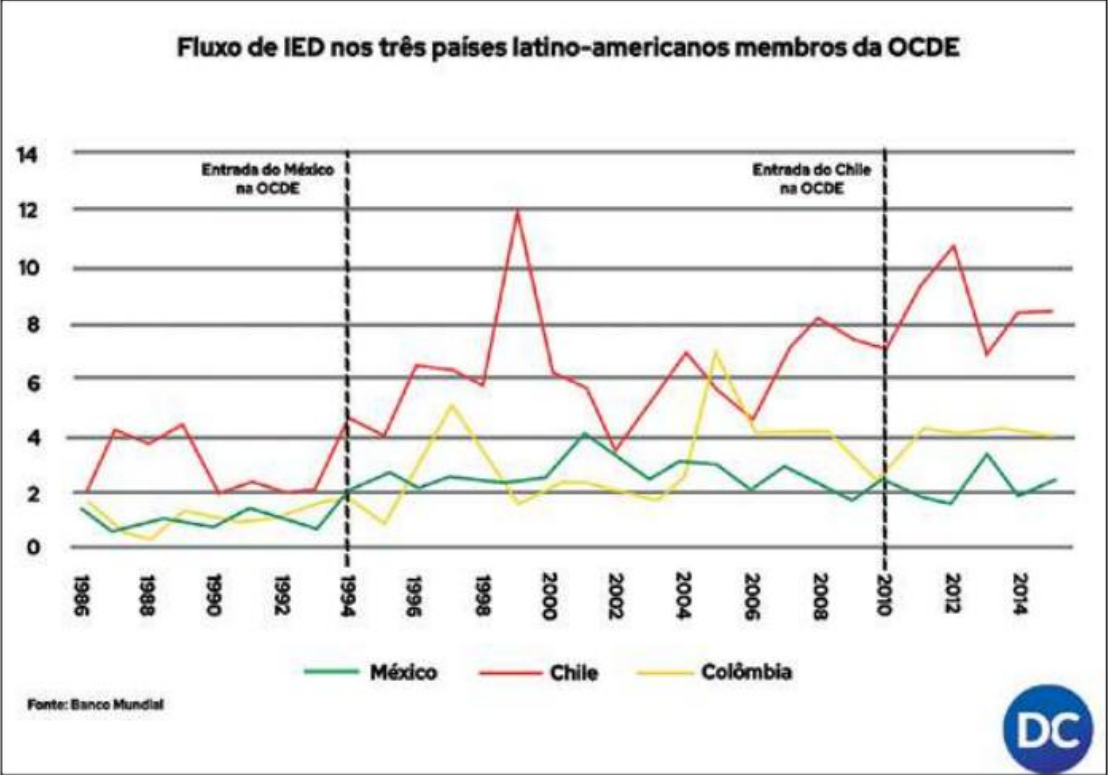
based on a successful policy to combat drug trafficking and the terrorist activities of left-wing guerrilla groups. It is, however, evident that an agenda that favors the adoption of good practices tends to signal to the more dynamic economies that there is a more favorable environment for hosting investments foreigners. It is possible that the external factors mentioned, combined with the reformist agenda promoted by the OECD: (See graph) The OECD is no longer distinguished by being the club of the richest countries, but it is recognized as the group of democratic countries that adopts and disseminates modern practices of governance , regulation, protection of intellectual property, transparency and integrity.

There is, however, a fear that joining the OECD may mean closing doors to strategic partners outside the organization. Without contesting the legitimacy of the assertion, precisely the one that characterized the Brazilian position until 2016, it can be said that the 21st century no longer reserves space for the third worldism characteristic of the sixties, seventies and eighties. To a large extent, the emergence of China as an aspiring hegemonic power and the massive Chinese investments in Asia, Africa and Latin America itself, made the world economic scenario much more eclectic and interdependent.

Brazil's entry into the OECD was considered taboo

for decades by the Itamaraty, a position that was reversed only in 2016, when there was finally a signal from the Brazilian government in favor of joining that organization. Until today, however, there is no way to say that the country's entry into the OECD represents, in fact, a peaceful point in Brazilian diplomacy. Although Brazil's accession process to the OECD has not been concluded, there is great expectation for the adoption of important reforms that will allow the creation of a regulatory environment and economic freedom compatible with the best international practices. With regard to the anti-corruption agenda, it is worth noting the recent efforts of the

Government of Minas Gerais, through the Comptroller General of the State, to use OECD parameters for the promotion of integrity, especially with regard to the dissemination of values, the establishment of a safe and anonymous channel for complaints and the adoption of a strict compliance booklet . It is no wonder that Minas was considered in 2021 the most transparent state in Brazil, obtaining the maximum score, along with Ceará and Espírito Santo, on the *Transparent Brazil Scale*, from the Comptroller General of the Union (CGU). For its part, in 2021 , the OECD decided to suspend Brazil's accession process on account of both the country's ambivalence in combating deforestation and an alleged relaxation in anti- corruption policies, coinciding with recent STF decisions to annul part of the Lava Jato operation process corresponding to the conviction of former President Lula. Suspension would not mean interruption of accession to the bloc, although it is possible that Brazil will remain outside the organization for a few years. * Special advisor to the Deputy Governorship of Minas Gerais and specialist in attracting investments **Undersecretary for Economic Development and career diplomat





AGRIBUSINESS

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PIG FARMING IN MINING

Exports help relieve pressure on the sector

Producers in the state have followed the country's rise in sales abroad, which is contributing to price recovery

MICHELLE VALVERDE

The heated demand for pork meat in the internal and external markets is contributing

for the recovery of prices paid to producers in Minas Gerais. After values were lower than expected by the sector throughout the first months of 2021, in April there was a recovery and a kilo of live pigs is being traded, on average, at R\$ 8. Price appreciation is considered essential, since the cost inflation of

production rose more than 100% in a year.

To overcome the challenges of the activity and, in particular, to commemorate the Day of Pork from Minas Gerais, today, April 30, the Association of Pig Farmers of Minas Gerais (Asemg), which is completing 49 years, has been promoting events that guide producers and show opportunities. One of these initiatives was the online event "Exports and pork farming in Minas Gerais", which addressed, yesterday, the opportunities to become

commercialize the product with the foreign market.

According to the president of Asemg, João Carlos Bretas Leite, the events promoted by the entity are important to guide the producer and show opportunities. "We face many challenges and, therefore, we always seek to guide our associates in the best possible way. We are always working on ways to publicize the pork meat, the quality and we also seek to bring relevant information to the producers, which is important for them to make decisions", he points out.



RONALDO RONAN RUFINO

After amounts paid for pork were lower than expected in the 1st quarter, there was appreciation in Apr

ENERGISA PARÁ TRANSMISSORA DE ENERGIA I SA
CNPJ/MF: 28.091.111/0001-70
MY: 31300118703



Minutes of the Ordinary and Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting of Energisa Pará Transmissora de Energia I SA ("Company"), held on April 15, 2021, drawn up in summary form. 1. Date, time and place: On April 15, 2021, at 4:30 pm, at the Company's headquarters, located at Praça Rui Barbosa, nº 80 (part), in the City of Cataguases, State of Minas Gerais - CEP nº 36.770-901. **2. Call Notice and Attendance:** Waived pursuant to art. 124, paragraph 4, of Law no. 6.404/76, due to the presence of shareholders representing the totality of the Company's share capital, as verified by the signatures in the "Shareholders' Attendance Book". Also present were the Administrative Director Mauricio Perez Botelho and the representative of the independent auditors Ernst & Young Auditores Independentes SS, Alvaro Brito - CRC RJ-127732/O-6. **3. Board:** Chairman, Mr. Mauricio Perez Botelho, and Secretary, Mrs. Jacqueline Mota F. Oliveira. **4. Resolutions:** By the shareholders representing the totality of the Company's share capital, the following resolutions were unanimously taken: 4.1. At an Extraordinary Meeting: **4.1.1** Authorize the drawing up of the minutes referred to in this Meeting in summary form, as well as their publication with omission of the signatures of the attending shareholders, pursuant to art. 130 and its §§, of Law nº 6.404/76. **4.1.2** Set the global amount of the annual compensation of the Company's managers for the year 2021 in the amount proposed by the shareholders present, which initiated and authenticated by the presiding board, is filed at the Company as doc. 1. 4.1.3. Acknowledge and accept the resignation presented by Mr. Geraldo Cesar Mota, to the position of Chief Executive Officer of the Company and to declare the Company's thanks for the work carried out during the time in which he served as the Company's director. 4.1.4. Due to the resignation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer, to elect Mr. **Gabriel Mussi Moraes**, Brazilian, married, electrical engineer, bearer of identity card No. 133295477, issued by IFP - RJ, registered with the CPF/MF under No. 1.04.664.287-04, resident and domiciled in the City and State of Rio de Janeiro, with office at Av. Pasteur, nº 110, 6th floor, Botafogo, Rio de Janeiro - RJ, with a term coinciding with that of the other Directors elected at the Company's Extraordinary General Meeting held on April 30, 2020. 4.1.5. The elected Director, who took office in this act, declares that (i) he is not impeded by special law, or convicted of bankruptcy, prevarication, bribery or bribery, concussion, embezzlement, against the popular economy, against the financial system national law, against antitrust rules, against consumer relations, against public faith or property, or the criminal penalty that prohibits, even temporarily, access to public office, as provided for in § 1 of art. 147 of the Brazilian Corporate Law; (ii) is not sentenced to suspension or temporary disqualification applied by the Securities and Exchange Commission, which makes him ineligible for management positions in a publicly-held company, as established in § 2 of art. 147 of the Brazilian Corporate Law; (iii) meets the requirement of unblemished reputation, established by § 3 of art. 147 of the Brazilian Corporate Law; (iv) does not hold a position in a company that may be considered a competitor of the Company, pursuant to item I of § 3 of art. 147 of the Brazilian Corporate Law; (v) does not have or represent a conflicting interest with that of the Company, pursuant to item II of paragraph 3 of art. 147 of the Brazilian Corporate Law; and (vi) is not a politically exposed person, as defined in the applicable regulations; according to Docs. 2 which, numbered and authenticated by the presiding board, are filed at the Company. 4.1.6. Consign that Mr. Gabriel Mussi Moraes will cumulatively exercise the positions of Chief Executive Officer and Director of Transmission. 4.1.7. Due to the changes deliberated above, state that the Company's Board of Executive Officers is composed of the following members, all with a term of office until April 30, 2023: (i) Mr. **Gabriel Mussi Moraes**, Brazilian, married, electrical engineer, bearer of identity card No. 133295477, issued by IFP - RJ, registered with the CPF/MF under No. 1.04.664.287-04, resident and domiciled in the City and State of Rio de Janeiro, with office at Av. Pasteur, nº 110 - 6th floor, Botafogo, Rio de Janeiro - RJ, CEP: 22.290-240, in the position of Administrative Director; and (iii) **Alexandre Nogueira Ferreira**, Brazilian, married, economist, bearer of identity card No. 6929633, issued by the SSP - MG, registered with the CPF/MF under No. 028.042.606-23, resident and domiciled in City and State of Rio de Janeiro, with office at Av. Pasteur, nº 110, 6th floor, Botafogo, Rio de Janeiro - RJ, in the position of Officer without specific designation; 4.1.8. Approve the amendment to the wording of item 4.1.6, approved at the Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meeting held on April 30, 2020 and registered with the Board of Trade of the State of Minas Gerais (JUCEMG) under No. 785230 on May 27, 2020, which will take effect with the following wording: "4.1.6 Approve the increase in the Company's capital stock in the amount of BRL 46,938,715.00 (forty-six million, nine hundred and thirty-eight thousand, seven hundred and fifteen reais), through the issuance of 46,938,715 (forty-six million, nine hundred and thirty-eight thousand, seven hundred and fifteen) new common shares with no par value issued by the Company, for the issue price of R\$ 1.00 per share , increasing the Company's share capital from BRL 75,000,000.00 (seventy-five million reais) to BRL 121,938,715.00 (one hundred and twenty-one million, nine hundred and thirty-eight thousand, seven hundred and fifteen reais) and the consequent amendment of Article 5 of the Bylaws to reflect the increase in share capital." 4.1.9. Approve the increase in the Company's capital stock in the amount of R\$ 30,655,000.00 (thirty million, six hundred and fifty-five thousand reais), through the issuance of 30,655,000 (thirty million, six hundred and fifty-five thousand) new common shares with no par value issued by the Company, at the issue price of R\$ 1.00 per share, with the Company's capital stock rising to R\$ 121,938,715.00 (one hundred and twenty-one million, nine hundred and thirty-eight thousand, seven hundred and fifteen reais) to BRL 152,593,715.00 (one hundred and fifty-two million, five hundred and ninety-three thousand, seven hundred and fifteen reais) and the consequent amendment of article 5 of the Bylaws to reflect the increase in share capital. 4.1.10. All 30,655,000 (thirty million, six hundred and fifty-five thousand) new common shares now issued will be fully subscribed by the shareholder Energisa Transmissão de Energia SA, as per the subscription bulletin attached to the Act of the Board of Directors, and will be paid up at - on the capitalization of the balance of Advances for Future Capital Increase - AFAC of Energisa Transmissão de Energia SA registered until December 31, 2020, in the total amount of R\$ 30,655,000.00 (thirty million, six hundred and fifty-five thousand reais), 4.1.11. To state that the shareholder Energisa SA, at the end subscribed, expressly and irrevocably waived its preemptive right for the subscription of new shares issued by the Company. 4.1.12. Due to the deliberations of items 4.1.8 and 4.1.9. above, amend the caput of article 5 of the Company's Bylaws, which shall read as follows: "Article 5

- The Company's share capital, fully subscribed and paid in, is R\$ 152,593,715.00 (one hundred and fifty-two million, five hundred and ninety-three thousand, seven hundred and fifteen reais), divided into 152,593,715 (one hundred and fifty-two million, five hundred and ninety-three thousand, seven hundred and fifteen) common shares, all registered and without par value." 4.1.13. Approve the amendment to the wording of item "b" of article 18 of the Bylaws, which will become effective with the following wording: "Art. 18 (...). b) by the joint signature of (i) two Officers; or (ii) one Officer and one attorney-in-fact, in accordance with the extent of the powers conferred upon them, or (iii) by 02 attorneys-in-fact appointed pursuant to item "a" above, provided that at least one of the proxies is invested in the positions of statutory directors, manager, coordinators, superintendent or employee director of its shareholders, subsidiaries or affiliates, and a limit of authority and the position held by the grantees must be specified in the power of attorney. In addition, the power of attorney must contain the extension of the powers granted, as well as the term of office." 4.1.14. Approve the consolidation of the new wording of the Company's Bylaws, which forms an integral part of these minutes as Exhibit II. 4.2 In Ordinary Meeting: 4.2.1. Authorize the drawing up of the minutes to which this Meeting refers in summary form, as well as its publication with omission of the signatures of the attending shareholders, pursuant to art. 130 and its §§, of Law nº 6.404/76. 4.2.2. Approve, after being examined and discussed, the annual report and management accounts, as well as the financial statements for the fiscal year ended on December 31, 2020, accompanied by the opinion issued by the independent auditors, which were published in the on March 24, 2021 in the newspaper "Diário do Comércio de Minas Gerais", pages 7 to 9, and in the Official Gazette of the Union, pages 134 to 137, with the publication of the advertisements referred to in art. 133, of Law nº 6.404/76, in the form of its 5th paragraph. 4.2.3. Approve the net income included in the approved financial statements in the amount of R\$ 104,399,537.55 (one hundred and four million, three hundred and ninety-nine thousand, five hundred and thirty-seven reais and fifty-five cents). 4.2.4. Approve the allocation of net income for the year 2020, allocating the amount (i) of R\$ 5,219,976.88 (five million, two hundred and nineteen thousand, nine hundred and seventy-six reais and eighty-eight cents) to the legal reserve; and (ii) ninety-nine million, one hundred and seventy-nine thousand, five hundred and sixty reais and sixty-seven centavos (R\$99,179,560.67) for the payment of dividends. 4.2.5. Approve that dividends are not distributed to shareholders, pursuant to art. 202, §§ 4 and 5 of Law No. 6,404/76. Due to this approval, the amount equivalent to BRL 99,179,560.67 (ninety-nine million, one hundred and seventy-nine thousand, five hundred and sixty reais and sixty-seven cents) will be allocated to the special reserve for dividends, which, if not absorbed for losses in subsequent years, shall be paid as dividends as soon as the Company's financial situation permits. 5. **Approval and Closing:** There being no further business to discuss, these minutes were drawn up, read, approved and signed by all those present. **Board:** as) Mauricio Perez Botelho - Chairman; as) Jacqueline Mota F. Oliveira - Secretary. **Shareholder:** a) Energisa Transmissão de Energia SA - Shareholder represented by Director Mauricio Perez Botelho; to the Energisa SA - Shareholder represented by Director Mauricio Perez Botelho; a) Alvaro Brito - Representative of the Independent Auditors. It matches the original recorded in the Minutes of General Meetings of Energisa Pará Transmissora de Energia I SA Cataguases, April 15, 2021. Jacqueline Mota F. Oliveira - Secretary. I certify that the act, digitally signed by the company ENERGISA PARÁ TRANSMISSORA DE ENERGIA I SA, from NIRE 3130011870-3 and filed under number 21/354.348-6 on 04/15/2021, is registered with JUCEMG under number 8495536, on 04/28/2021. The act was electronically approved by the examiner Zulene Figueiredo. The Secretary-General, Marinely de Paula Bomfim, certifies the registration.

Asemg's veterinarian and market consultant, Alvimar Jalles, explains that Brazilian pork exports are exceptional and Minas Gerais has evolved in terms of shipments.

"In Brazil, the volumes shipped in the last two months have

already surpassed the 2020 record, and we can say that Minas Gerais is also following the growth, even if in a smaller proportion than the southern states, which are the largest exporters".

Data collected by Jalles show that, in March alone, Minas exported 1.61 thousand tons of pork. The volume was the largest since June 2020 and the second largest in history. "Exports are recovering and, in April, they also remained heated".

The resumption of volumes in March and the estimate of a positive April are also necessary to review the numbers for the first quarter. According to data from the State Secretariat for Agriculture, Livestock and Supply (Seapa), Minas Gerais, between January and March, exported 4.1 thousand tons of pork meat, a volume that was 2.7% lower compared to the same period last year.

Revenue fell by 3.5%,

AROMATIC PLANTS

Embrapa opens registration for online course

Registration for the course "Aromatic and Spice Plants - Identification and Cultivation ", offered by Embrapa Genetic Resources and Vegetables (Brasília-DF) and available in the Virtual Environment of Agroindustry – and the Instituto

(AVA) of Em brapa - the e-Campo platform - are now open. Included in the activities alluding to Embrapa's 48th anniversary, the

online course is presented in a self-instructional format, which allows participants to access the contents according to their learning pace and time availability.

The course deals with the uses and benefits of aromatic and spice plants , with botanical information on cultivation,

harvesting and processing and essential oils of 33 species - saffron, rosemary, basil, alfavacão, rue, boldo, boldo de Jardim, camomila, lemongrass, citronella, cumim, lemongrass, aloisia, fennel, cumin, ginger, geranium, mint and mints, lavender, wormwood, laurel, macela, mallow, basil, marjoram, melissa, oregano, pennyroyal, sage, thyme and vetiver.

MINEIRA PORK MEAT DAY

On April 30, Mineira Pork Day is celebrated, established by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Minas Gerais (ALMG), through Law 21.125, of 01/03/2014. The creation of the date aims to value the pork production chain and the economic, social and cultural representativeness of the sector in the State.

On the same day, Asemg's birthday is also celebrated, which in 2021 will be 49 years old. The association aims to connect the production chain to generate sustainable development in pig farming.

ending the period at US\$ 7.9 million.

Record production costs -The increase in shipped volumes is

important to generate income for producers, who are working with record costs and no drop estimates. In addition to the heated international demand for pork, an impulse that comes mainly from China, the domestic market is also demanding more, which promoted the recovery of prices paid for pork. More attractive prices than beef are favorable for greater demand.

"The cost of pork production remains very high in Minas. In

April, the price of a live hog reached BRL 8 and this is the first moment of relief in 2021. We started the year with a drop in prices, which was caused by the negative expectations caused by the closure of activities

non-essential economic measures to control the Covid -19 pandemic. Even under social isolation, pork consumption remained good and was important for the recovery of prices", said Jalles.

With the value of BRL 8 per

"In Brazil, the volumes shipped in the last two months have already surpassed the 2020 record, and we can say that Minas is also following the growth"

kilo of live pigs, the productive sector is registering positive profit margins. According to the president of Asemg, João Carlos Bretas Leite, this is important for the producer to be able to pay the expenses, which

are much higher.

Only in the case of corn, the increase in prices is almost 100% and the estimates are pessimistic, since, in the middle of the harvest period, the values of the cereal increased.

In addition, the second corn crop has been facing climatic problems

and the fear is of productive losses, which may make the cereal even more expensive.

"The challenges faced are unprecedented. We never imagined corn at these price levels. Production cost inflation is over 100%, an unimaginable situation.

Last year, the corn put on the farm, between May and June, varied between R\$ 45 and R\$ 47 per sack, and, this year, it is already between R\$ 98 and R\$ 100. We have not reached the off-season. We are living in a

scenario of uncertainties. Today we have a satisfactory profit margin, but we don't know about tomorrow", said Leite.



PAULA RODRIGUES / EMBRAPA

Basil is among the 33 species covered in classes

Technology Transfer and Communication Center, respectively.

"During the discussions around the learning that the course seeks to provide, we considered the importance of good cultivation practices and

the identification of the species, since many of these plants are used as phytotherapies, as well as their best use, essential to enjoy all their benefits", summarizes Fernanda Nascimento.



BUSINESS

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DIVERSIFICATION

Gema de Minas expands its area of activity

Strategy is to have products in each department, such as coffee, cleaning, basic food basket, farinaceous products, beverages, among others

MARA BIANCHETTI

The Gema de Minas Alimentos group, headquartered in Capelinha, in Jequitinhonha, continues to grow. The brand, genuinely from Minas Gerais and, until then, specialized in coffee, has been expanding its areas of activity and increasing its portfolio since the beginning of this year. Today, the company already has a *mix* of 25 products and intends to end 2021 with at least 50.

"The strategy is to have a product in each department. Coffee, cleaning items, basic food basket, farinaceous products, drinks, among others", revealed the group's CEO, Ivan Caldeira. According to him, the first launches: chocolate milk, strawberry mixture for milk and powdered refreshment, have already arrived at supermarkets and the sales performance is being surprising. "The new items are being

very well accepted by all customers. This is also why we managed to maintain a good pace of results in the first months of this year, even in the face of the second wave of the pandemic and the new impacts on trade and people's income", he said.

Caldeira explained that, in the case of coffee lines, production is owned and is concentrated in the industrial park located in Capelinha. The new items are being outsourced, but, in the future, they may have manufacturing incorporated into the manufacturing unit. Currently, the local infrastructure is 20,000 square meters spread over a plot of 80,000 square meters, "or

that is, there is enough room to grow", he added.

Also according to Caldeira, last year, the company started growing beans, which was done in three harvests. The entire structure was assembled and the processes developed, from harvesting to packaging. This year, around 500 hectares of grain will be planted. Black and carioquinha beans will be marketed.

"The idea was to start marketing in January, but the pandemic messed up plans a little. Over

"In 2020, the company managed to increase revenue by 30% and the forecast, with the launches, is to maintain growth and end 2021 with an expansion of 20%"

last year, we acquired knowledge with planting and found it a good opportunity to package and enter the market. In July, we should make the launch", he said.

Coffees - Only at the Gema de Minas coffee shop the *mix* consists of 14 items among coffee lines, *cappuccino*, filters and strainers.

Among the lines are Cafés Gema de Minas, Capelinha, Midiã and Café Montes Claros. The products are sold in around 450 cities in Minas Gerais, operating in the Jequitinhonha, Mucuri, Rio Doce, Midwest region of Minas Gerais and in the Metropolitan Region



In the case of the coffee lines, the group's own production is concentrated in the industrial park located in Capelinha

of Belo Horizonte (RMBH).

Regarding the market, the numbers are positive. In 2020, the company managed to increase its turnover by 30% and the forecast, with the launches, is to maintain growth and end 2021 with

20% expansion.

"After 24 years of activity, we realize that a large part of our success is the relationship we build with our customers. We wish to expand this bond. The chocolate milk, strawberry and Gema de Minas juice, the first of many launches in 2021 by the group, will follow the same high quality and purity production standards already known by consumers.

The Gema de Minas group reinforces its commitment to remain a company that is aware of and committed to sustainability. It has also been restructuring its li

production line, investing in technology and safety", assured the executive without disclosing the volume invested, for strategic reasons.



Today, the Gema de Minas Alimentos group, from Capelinha, already has a *mix* of 25 products

EASTER

Number of internet orders increased by 136% in 2021

A study carried out by Lett, a *startup* specialist in Trade Marketing Digital, confirmed the expectations for Easter 2021 growth in *e-commerce*. The study analyzed, through data intelligence, the nine largest chocolate manufacturers in Brazil, the 50 main chocolate brands, 12 *e-commerces* and 497 products.

The results show that even with high unemployment and an unstable economy, during the period from March 23 to April 11, Easter moved commerce with the *online* sale of more than 600 thousand products and obtained revenues of Rs. \$ 64.4 million, the value represents an increase of 84%, when compared to the collection of the same period in 2020. In total, 497 products were analyzed, separated into three categories: Chocolate Bars, Bomboniere and Easter Eggs.

The survey pointed out that Nestlé, Lacta, Ferrero and Arcor companies had the best results at Easter 2021 in *e-commerce*. Nestlé, for example, brought to the public a *mix* of

180 products as a purchase option for the period.

Average ticket - When the subject is the purchase of chocolates, the average ticket of the products is a factor that directly influences the consumer's behavior. According to data from Opinion Box, around 52% of *shoppers* expected a consumption budget of between R\$11 and R\$30.

Brands listened to market trends. Considering data from the nine main industries analyzed, six of the major brands (Fer ro, Delicce, Hersheys, Arcor, Lacta and Nestlé) had an average ticket below BRL 30.

However, the average prices of Easter Eggs, Chocolate Bars and Bomboniere changed significantly between the period from March 23rd to April 11th.

In the Easter Eggs category, in the period prior to Easter, from March 23 to 30, there was the biggest increase in prices, reaching a cost of around R\$41.17. Then the products fell in prices.

Stock - The availability of products for consumer purchase was another criterion analyzed by Lett's survey

during Easter, which pointed out that the average availability rate among the analyzed manufacturers was 61.64%. However, when the study is analyzed by category, there are some differences. Easter Eggs products, as they are associated with an extremely seasonal demand, had lower average percentages, with around 33% of stock availability.

The products from the Chocolate Bars and Bomboniere segments maintained high levels of availability throughout the period analyzed by the survey. This tends to happen because, although brands sell a lot of this type of product at Easter, they continue to have consumer demand afterwards.

Another analysis presented by the study is related to consumers' search for Easter products on the internet. In the year 2021, the search for Chocolate Bars was slightly higher than Bomboniere compared to the year 2020. However, searches for "Easter Eggs" items remain the majority in the public's preference, even for a limited period.

"...pois a seus anjos ele mandou, a teu respeito, que te guardem em todos os teus caminhos."
salmo 91,11

Com grande pesar comunicamos o falecimento de nosso associado Fernando Varella, que sempre distribuiu alegria aos irmãos adeceanos e que deixará eternas saudades.

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MANAGEMENT

Pandemic exposes fragility of leaders in leading teams

Someone under stress is not going to give the best answers.

DANIEL MACIEL

It no longer matters the personal style or the corporate culture, the fact is that every business leader felt in check at some point during the pandemic. The mission of coordinating teams, thinking strategically about the company's future and keeping everyone engaged amidst the health and economic chaos of the last 13 months is, and will continue to be for a long time, a challenging task. For many, the biggest of their

entire lives. For 20 years advising leaders in various sectors, master business coach André Bax reveals that anguish and fear have reached the most inexperienced and those dedicated to small businesses, the most renowned global entrepreneurs and CEOs of multinationals. What sets them apart, however, is the support structure. And what brings them together, insecurity. "No one could have predicted that we would go through a situation like the current one. I've been dealing with leadership training for over 20 years and, as much as we're prepared, we're going through a unique moment. For this moment, the most important

for the leader it is self-knowledge, it is knowing how to understand one's emotions. We take this into our training . Psychology explains that there is no emotional control. We don't control our emotions, we can understand them and, from that, deal with them more easily", explains Bax.

For the specialist, the first step is to admit one's own weaknesses and seek

"Fear is a human feeling that, in the right dose, can protect us from risks, but which, when exaggerated, paralyzes us. And he is probably the most common feeling among people today."

professional help when the pressure starts to get to you. Taking care of the mind and body is also fundamental for those whose mission is to be an example and lead people. "Fear is a human feeling that, in the right dose , can protect us from risks, but which, when exaggerated, paralyzes us. And he is probably the most common feeling among people these days.

We are afraid of getting sick, of losing someone dear, of being unemployed. Leaders also feel fear and must seek help when this happens. The era of the omnipotent boss is over", he points out.

Another basic point that leaders must observe is respect for laws and common sense. Although Brazilian legislation is still lacking in regulating work models such as *home office* and

remote work, avoiding abuse and harassment is a leader's mission, not only to avoid future labor liabilities but also to keep teams engaged.

For those days when things are more difficult, the *coach* indicates a momentary withdrawal, to put emotions in order and be more assertive in decisions and effective in supporting employees. a brief



Bax: The most important thing for leaders right now is knowing how to understand their own emotions

15 minutes walk may be enough.

"The leader has a full support role , even if from a distance. In the moments of

great instability, so it is best to wait a while to respond to demands. Breathe, walk. Science has proven that exercise

physical help us fight stress. Someone at the height of stress is not going to give the best answers", advises the consultant.

VEHICLES

Carbel Japan predicts revenue of BRL 300 million in 2021

The new coronavirus pandemic not only brought challenges for different sectors of the economy, but has also stimulated creativity and put to the test the resilience and solidity potential of many companies. The car market was heavily hit with the crisis installed in the world. However, the segment has shown its resilience.

Data released by the National Federation of Motor Vehicle Distributors (Fenabrave) indicate that registrations of light commercial vehicles registered in March (177,109 units) an increase of 11.93% in relation to February and compared to the same month of March of the same year. last year (155,784 units) the increase was 13.69%. In the quarter , sales of new vehicles had a retraction of 6.5%.

One of the examples of overcoming and reinvention comes from Carbel Japan. With two stores in Belo Horizonte, one in the Estoril neighborhood (West region) and the other in Barro Preto (Central-South region), the Nissan dealership has faced the sector's bottlenecks with a sales force and The company's expectation is to reach the end of the year with the same sales volume as before the pandemic and a turnover of more than R\$ 300 million. One of the reasons for the recovery in sales was Nissan's bet on two new launches that have pleased the public: the new Versa and the new Kicks. The first arrived at

end of last year bringing new concepts, more elaborate design and new technologies. The model already has awards for best purchase and car of the year. Likewise, the new Kicks also hit the market with everything. It is Nissan's best seller in Brazil and Latin America since its launch.

"In addition to good cars for negotiation, in this pandemic period what has made the difference is the training of our team and our strategy.

sales strategy, such as Carbel Home", highlights the director of Carbel Japan, Thiago Maia. And he adds: "We are a young company, which will complete six years in 2021, but we rely on the expertise and solidity of the Carbel Auto Grupo, which has been operating for over 50 years. Carbel Home is an innovative sales format in which customers can buy a car without leaving home.

"Our goal is to offer the best experience when buying a vehicle with safety, comfort and convenience, even more essential in times of a pandemic and the need for social isolation", highlights Thiago Maia. In fact, various changes in the functioning of the physical stores stipulated by the authorities, the Carbel Japan dealerships remain open 24 hours a day, seven days a week in the *online environment*. Through the *website www.carbel.ljapao.com.br*, the customer can access the entire purchase process in just one click. Thiago Maia explains that all contact with

sales consultants can be done via WhatsApp or the video call tool on the *website*. Carbel Japan is also in charge of taking the car completely sanitized to the customer's home for the *test drive*. The evaluation of the used car can also be done without having to take it out of the garage. After closing the deal, the company is also in charge of delivering the sanitized vehicle to the customer in the comfort of his home.

Innovation - Carbel Japan is the result of the entrepreneurial vision of the Carbel group, which also includes the brands Audi Center BH, Honda Banzai, Carbel Korea, Carbel Volkswagen, Strada Fiat, Strada Jeep and Carbel Renault. It was only in July 2015 that the Carbel Group took over the operations of the Nissan dealerships in Belo Horizonte with an eye on the market. innovative and technological feature of Japanese vehicles. Considered one of the largest vehicle manufacturers in the world, Nissan's presence in Brazil began in 2000, with an investment of more than R\$ 2.6 billion in its industrial complex in Resende, in the state of Rio de Janeiro.

In March 2019, Carbel Japan opened its newest store, the first unit in Minas Gerais that follows Nissan's worldwide standards. Located on Avenida do Contorno, in Prado, the unit received around R\$ 5 million in investments in an area of more than 2 thousand meters squares.

SHORTS

CEO da Microcity is awarded

CEO Renato Castro, from the Minas Gerais company Microcity, leader in PCaaS in Brazil, received the IT Executive of the Year award, in the Revenue Increase category, at an event held by the IT Midia group, specialized in the Information Technology (IT) sector. . Renato Castro received recognition due to the sales volume achieved in 2020, which totaled revenues of BRL 140 million, 21% above 2019, making it the best year in the company's history. The IT Executive of the Year award, in which CEOs, CIOs, CMOs (Chief Marketing Officer) and sales executives participate, had a record number of entries in 2021, totaling 413 projects, of which 274 CIOs and 139 Industry professionals, submitted to evaluation by a committee specialized in the subjects evaluated.

MEC intended BRL 436.1 million to federal institutions

The Ministry of Education (MEC) released R\$ 436.1 million to federal educational institutions linked to the portfolio to be used for the cost and maintenance of these institutions, such as expenses with water, energy, electricity, telephone, services outsourced services and purchase of materials such as paper, etc. The funds will also be used to pay the National Student Assistance Program (Pnaes), which offers assistance to low-income students enrolled in on-site undergraduate courses at federal institutions of higher education, such as support for student housing, food, transportation and health. The actions are carried out by the educational institution that receives MEC resources for funding. Most of the amount (R\$ 287.7 million) is destined to federal universities, including transfers to university hospitals. The Federal Network of Professional, Scientific and Technological Education received R\$ 142.9 million. The remainder (R\$ 5.5 million) was transferred to the

National Institute of Education for the Deaf (Ines), the Benjamin Constant Institute (IBC) and the Joaquim Nabuco Foundation (Fundaj). Throughout 2021, MEC authorized the transfer of BRL 1.5 billion to federal institutions linked to the portfolio.

Inatel has good MEC/Inep evaluation

Inatel, in Santa Rita do Sapucaí, in the south of Minas Gerais, received grade 4 in the General Index of Appraised Courses (IGC), one of the quality indicators of the Ministry of Education (MEC), which was published by the National Institute of Studies and Anísio Teixeira Educational Research (Inep), on April 23rd. The result places Inatel in the group of the top 15% of teaching institutions, among the 2,070 evaluated. Minas Gerais had the highest number of institutions evaluated, 265, and Inatel is the best among the non-profit private institutes in the State.

Algar Telecom expands MPE operation

Algar Telecom, Grupo Algar's telecommunications and IT company, expands its services to customers in the MSE (Micro and Small Businesses) segment in the cities of Betim (RMBH) and Ribeirão das Neves (RMBH) and network expansion in the Santa Lucia, in the Center-South region of Belo Horizonte. Currently, Algar Telecom serves MSEs in 301 cities and districts. The company offers, in the MPE segment, telecom services (internet and fixed voice), and a range of ICT options. They are connectivity solutions (VPN, network management - NOC and dedicated connection), productivity (integrated communication tools , PABX and cloud storage and monitoring of IT applications), security (cloud backup, antivirus and security management - SOC) and infrastructure (*elastic cloud*, dedicated hosting and *colocation*). The portfolio also includes complementary internet services (support, dedicated link, data packages) and digital services.



NEWS

Jeep Compass is more agile and economical

Best-selling medium SUV in the country also has changes in the interior and new multimedia center in the 2022 version

Leader in its segment with about 70% of the market, the Jeep Compass arrives in the 2022 lineup with several changes, offering new interior and engine.

In the year that Jeep completes eight decades since it was born in the United States, to remain at the top, the brand bets on innovations in the model that was first presented to the public at the Detroit Auto Show , in the United States, in 2007 and which is the only one to date that has a diesel engine in its segment.

“With maximum power of 185 hp at 5,750 rpm and maximum torque of 270 Nm at 1,750 rpm, the 1.3-liter turbo engine makes the Compass leave immobility and reach 100 km/h in 8.8 seconds”

The model has already had more than 240,000 units sold in Brazil since it started being sold here , in 2016, with production at the Jeep Automotive Pole, in Goiana (PE).

T270 Turbo Flex Engine - With the highest torque and highest power among the flex engines produced in Brazil, according to Jeep, in addition to low fuel consumption and reduced levels of pollutant emissions, the T270 debuts in the Jeep range in the new Com pass always integrated to a six- speed automatic transmission.

With a maximum power of 185 hp at 5,750 rpm and maximum torque of 270 Nm at 1,750 rpm, the 1.3-liter turbo engine makes the Compass leave immobility and reach 100 km/h in 8.8 seconds. It has a compression ratio of 10.5:1, aluminum block and direct fuel injection.

The T270 features the third generation of MultiAir, which has even more flexible valve control and more fuel efficiency in high load conditions, when vehicle performance is most desired .

The engine is even more reliable because it has a silent and for life timing chain , which does not require any type of maintenance.

TD350 Turbo Diesel Engine - With 170 hp of power and 350 Nm of torque, the new version of the TD350 Turbo Diesel engine comes with a great anticipation of compliance with Proconve L7 standards, scheduled only for January 2022, reducing emissions by 85% of nitrogen oxide in nature.

It already has the SCR exhaust gas after-treatment system, which reduces the emission of polluting gases. Therefore, it is necessary to use the additive ARLA32. In the TD350 engine, autonomy is approximately 10,000 km, so the driver will not need to stop to fill up with the additive all the time, informed Jeep.



PHOTOS: STELLANTIS JEEP - DISCLOSURE



Still according to the manufacturer, the TD350 engine maintained its low fuel consumption (10.3 km/l in the city and 13.5 km/l on the road) and great autonomy (more than 800 km with a 60-liter tank).

All Turbo Diesel versions of the new Compass have a 4x4 *Jeep Active Drive Low* traction system and a nine-speed automatic transmission.

gears with *paddle shift* which allows you to change gears using the butterfly on the steering wheel. They also have a terrain selector , which allows distributing torque selectively between the axles in the most appropriate way for the grip conditions on the road being traveled, and HDC (*Hill Descent Control*), which helps the driver on steep descents during *off- road* journeys . -road.

News - One of the new features among the functions that will come as standard in the new generation of the Jeep Compass, *Traction Control +* is a traction control system that operates in conditions where the vehicle has low adherence to the ground in one of the wheels.

It is available for all Turbo Flex versions. The system applies braking torque to the wheel that is slipping and transfers, through the differential, the torque to another wheel that is in contact with the ground. To enable the function, the driver simply presses the ASR OFF key . Another novelty, standard on all Turbo Flex versions , is the *Sport mode*. When activating the key, the user selects a different calibration , with faster gear changes that are performed at higher speeds.

The *flex* versions also gained a new para-front shock and, with it, a greater entry angle, going from the current 16.2° to

up to 21.5° on the new Compass, which represents an increase of 33%. Externally, the Compass brings news on the front bumper (as mentioned above), new wheels for all versions, on the taillights, painting of plastic parts, Full LED headlights with LED signature and fog lights with the same technology. .

The new headlights bring

superior performance to current bihalogens or xenon, ensuring greater safety when driving at night and longer service life (above 100,000 hours), reducing the need for maintenance.

The SUV also gained new 10.25-inch full digital and HD instrument panel , steering wheel, door panel, multimedia centers up to 10.1 inches, center console, dashboard

instruments and more storage space.

Technologies -Compass 2022 brings the new multimedia center with greater data processing and storage capacity. With a 10.1-inch Full HD screen present in virtually all versions (except the Sport), it also features on-board navigation as standard and mirroring for Android

Auto and Apple CarPlay via wireless connection.

In addition, it received Jeep's connected services platform , *Adventure Intelligence by Jeep Connect*, which in the Plus version brings all the *features* already presented in the Renegade and even other exclusive functions:

Parking and gas station locator; Send & Go; Last Mile Navigation and Remote Star

Model added new autonomous driving functions

Among the available features of autonomous driving, highlight for the adaptive cruise control (ACC), the collision alert with automatic braking (FCW), the alert of lane departure (LDW), the *Park Assist* and the automatic high beams (AHB).

In the new generation of Jeep's medium SUV, three new functions were included as standard in the S Series and as an option in the Limited and Trailhawk versions: emergency braking for pedestrians, cyclists or motorcyclists; driver fatigue detector and license plate recognition. In addition to the traditional front air bags for driver and passengers, the Compass also features *airbags* as standard for all versions.

side and curtain, which provides more safety for its occupants.

In total, there are six standard *airbags* in the Sport, Longitude and 80 Years versions and seven in the Limited, Trailhawk and S Series (the additional one is for the driver's knees). The SUV also features a new 10.25-inch instrument panel for the Limited, Trailhawk and S Series versions (there is also a 3.5-inch instrument panel for the Sport version and a 7-inch instrument panel for the Longitude and 80 Years).

Fully digital, it features a larger LCD display screen; new *HOME* key on the steering wheel command, which facilitates user navigation; vehicle 3D image rendering capability ; possibility of changing the theme in digital or analogue mode and customization of favorite menus with up to five different options.

Now you no longer need a cable to charge your smartphone. Just put it backed up

in the indicated part of the center console and the procedure is done by induction, so the cell phone must be compatible with the technology. The function comes as standard on the Limited, Trailhawk , S Series and 80 Years versions. Compass brings a function that is very useful for those who have their hands full to fill the trunk. It is enough for the driver to move his foot under the rear bumper, the sensor detects his presence and triggers the system.

Then the brake light will flash and approximately one second later the trunk will open automatically. To close, just perform the same movement. If it encounters any obstacles during opening/ closing, the trunk will automatically work in the opposite direction.

For it to work, the driver must have the key at a maximum distance of 1.5 m from the trunk and the vehicle must have the transmission in P (Parking). The system is factory enabled and can be disabled by

driver, if he so desires. *Auto Hold* aims to bring more comfort in traffic jams and long stops, allowing the driver to remove his foot from the brake pedal in stationary vehicle conditions, even if it is not in the P (Park) position. To put the car back in motion, it is enough for the driver to accelerate the vehicle again . To activate it, just press the button on the console. In addition, the system memorizes the driver's choice, making it unnecessary to press the button every time the vehicle is started. The function is available as standard for all versions of the new Compass.

The USB type C input has the functionality of exchanging data with the cell phone and charging, in addition to allowing other devices such as *pendrives* to be used to exchange data with the multimedia.

As standard on all versions, the new USB Type-C input can provide up to 15 watts of power for charging cell phones, speeding up the process.

VERSIONS AND PRICES
Jeep Compass Sport T270 Turbo Flex AT6 - R\$ 139,99 mil
Jeep Compass Longitude T270 Turbo Flex AT6 - R\$ 154,99 mil
Jeep Compass Longitude TD350 Turbo Diesel AT9 4x4 - R\$ 196,99 mil
Jeep Compass 80 Years T270 Turbo Flex AT6 - BRL 162.99 thousand
Jeep Compass 80 Anos TD350 Turbo Diesel AT9 4x4 - R\$ 204,99 mil
Jeep Compass Limited T270 Turbo Flex AT6 - R\$ 176,99 mil
Jeep Compass Limited TD350 Turbo Diesel AT9 4x4 - R\$ 216,99 mil
Jeep Compass Trailhawk TD350 Turbo Diesel AT9 4x4 - R\$ 216,99 mil
Jeep Compass S Series T270 Turbo Flex AT6 - BRL 187.99 thousand



LEGISLATION

WORK

Cases of Covid-19 can be occupational accidents

Last year, there were 21,000 contaminations in the professional environment in Brazil

Brasília - In 2020, 21,000 workers were infected with Covid-19 while performing tasks in their work environment, according to the Digital Observatory for Occupational Safety and Health , a partnership between the International Labor Organization (ILO) and the Ministry Labor Public (MPT).

This is the case of the driver of a carrier in the interior of Minas Gerais who did not resist the disease. Almost a year after he died, the Minas Gerais Labor Court ordered the company to pay R\$200,000 in compensation to the driver's family.



MARCELO CAMARGO / BRAZIL AGENCY

Telework is an alternative to prevent the transmission of Covid-19 within companies

“The worker will have to bring the evidence and the reasons why he caught Covid-19 at work. the employer will bear the burden of proving otherwise

To determine the indemnity tion, the judge of Três Corações, in the south of Minas, considered that the Federal Supreme Court (STF) understands contamination by coronavirus as an occupational accident. He took into account that, by sending the driver on trips, the company assumed the risk of contamination in the midst of the pandemic.

The employee's family lawyer , Aline Junqueira, reports that Covid-19 infection was proven as an occupational accident. According to her, the family is shaken, and the compensation is just a way of holding the employer accountable.

“It has been proven that the driver was working to the company for ten consecutive days, there was no supply of alcohol and after valets used the cart, the

cabin was not sanitized. The company did not take due care to protect the employee. Condemnation is justice being done, because no amount of money in this world will bring her father and husband back”, points out Aline Junqueira.

The judge of the Regional Labor Court of Minas Gerais, Sebastião Oliveira, says that the matter is complex, but, in proven cases, it is possible to attribute Covid-19 to diseases acquired in the course of work. “It is true that there is a provision in the law that the endemic disease, equated in this case with the pandemic, would not be related to work, but if there is proof that the disease occurred as a result of exposure to direct contact due to the nature of the work, it must be classified as an occupational accident”, he emphasizes.

According to the magistrate, proven cases of Covid -19 as a disease acquired in the course of work can generate differentiated retirement , family pension or fine. It depends on each case.

The lawyer specialized in social security law André Bittencourt explains that it is important to have the

evidence that the contamination occurred in a work environment. “The burden of proving what I'm implying happened is on me. So the worker will have to bring the evidence and the reasons why he understands that he caught Covid-19 at work. The employer will have the burden of proving that they are not, showing documents that I buy that they delivered appropriate masks, that they provided gloves, that they had gel alcohol. The judge will have to check to see if it fits as an accident at work or not”, he ponders.

The director of Fiocruz's National School of Public Health, Sérgio Castro, highlights the increase in mortality from Covid-19 among essential service workers . “In the most clearly essential activities , such as commerce and transport, there was a proportional increase in mortality . 300 truck drivers died in 2019. In 2020, it increased to 600 deaths ”, he says. Nursing professionals were the most affected by Covid-19 while performing their duties.

“Green April” - April was adopted as awareness month

organization on the prevention of accidents at work. On April 28 , the World Day in Remembrance of Victims of Accidents and Illnesses at Work is remembered, instituted by initiatives of Canadian unions and chosen due to an accident that killed 78 workers in a mine in the state of Virginia, in the United States. United States in 1969.

In Brazil, in May 2005, Law 11,121 was sanctioned, creating the National Day in Memory of Victims of Occupational Accidents and Diseases. During the Green April, the Public Ministry of Labor (MPT) will carry out a campaign to reduce the risk of infection by Covid-19 in the workplace.

The MPT asks employers to take protective measures, such as periodic testing of workers and the removal of those with at least one symptom related to the disease and employees who have had contact with the likely patient.

In addition, the MPT advocates that employers have a broad view of the work environment , especially where air conditioners work . (ABR)

Project in the Chamber - The discussion is broad and seems to be far from peaceful . Currently, Bill 455/21 is being discussed in the Chamber of Deputies , which seeks to prohibit employers from dismissing workers who do not take vaccines against

biological agents to which they are exposed. According to the proposal, refusal of immunization cannot, as a rule, be considered a hypothesis for termination of the contract for just cause, except for specific hypotheses.

The lawyer warns that vaccination does not exempt people from complying with other safety procedures, such as continuing to wear a mask, following sanitization routines, avoiding crowds and keeping the environment ventilated. “Vaccination does not exempt companies from complying with the current prevention guidelines to ensure a safe working environment. Above all, the sense of collective well-being must prevail to guarantee safety for everyone's health.

SHORTS

Tax reform

On the 4th of May, from 6 pm to 7:30 pm, executives and finance professionals will meet to discuss the Webinar “Tax Reform”, in yet another Finance Meeting promoted by the Brazilian Institute of Finance Executives (Ibef-MG). The entity has been following with interest the processing of the PECs related to the tax reform and, for that, it promotes a debate with the participation of the main protagonists of the theme in the State and in Brazil. The event will be mediated by the Corporate VP of Finance and IT at ArcelorMittal Brasil and Executive VP at Ibef-MG, Alexandre Augusto Silva Barcelos, and guest panelists, Mario Sergio Carraro Tellesm gManager of Economic Policy at CNI, Júlio Damião, CFO of the Group Prime Holding and president of Ibef-MG, Luiz Cláudio Fernandes Lourenço Gomes, Deputy Secretary of Finance of Minas Gerais and Aguiinaldo Ribeiro, federal deputy and Rapporteur of PEC 045/19, on tax reform.

Death of Minister of TST

The Minister of the Superior Labor Court (TST) Walmir Oliveira da Costa, aged 63, died last Wednesday from complications caused by Covid-19, in the first case of death caused by the pandemic among judges of superior courts. Costa, who was from Pará, had been at the TST since 2007 and had been a labor judge since 1989. So far , several ministers of the superior courts have already been diagnosed with Covid-19. Among them, the President of the Federal Supreme Court (STF), Luiz Fux, Minister Carmem Lúcia and Minister Alexandre de Moraes. The Superior Court of Justice (STJ) also recorded several cases of Covid-19 among ministers, including the President of the Court, João Otávio de Noronha.

Industrial property

Sebrae and the National Institute of Industrial Property (Inpi) sign today, at 12:00 noon, a technical cooperation agreement to facilitate the expansion of the use of industrial property by micro and small companies. by Inpi, for more than 2 thousand researchers and entrepreneurs selected by Sebrae in Catalisa ICT and the structuring of the Brazilian seal of Geographical Indications. Also planned are the elaboration of a proposal for the structuring of a support fund for small businesses in the generation and management of industrial property, the development of an acceleration day on the use of industrial property for small businesses and the modeling of a technological prospecting platform aimed at to small businesses.

individual micro entrepreneur

The Complementary Law Project (PLP) 41/21 increases from R\$ 81 thousand to R\$ 180 thousand the annual income limit of the individual microentrepreneur (MEI). The proposal is pending in the Chamber of Deputies. The text also allows micro-entrepreneurs to hire up to three people who receive a minimum wage or the professional floor of the category. Currently, only one employee is allowed. The project amends the Micro and Small Business Statute. The practical effect of the proposed changes is to allow a greater number of small enterprises to be classified as MEI, a regime that provides for lower taxation and less bureaucracy, among other benefits. “This measure will help many self-employed workers, organized into small businesses, to enjoy tax benefits and reduction of obligations in order to leverage their businesses and, consequently, employment and income in the economy as a whole”, said deputy Osires Damaso (PSC-TO), author of the proposal.

“Oppressive demand”

Bill 90/21 guarantees defendants subject to the so-called “oppressive claim” the right to group hearings and judgments related to similar cases and the right to claim compensation for moral damages caused to them. The text is pending in the Chamber of Deputies. The “oppressive demand” or “filing of action for oppression” or even “oppressive action” consists of the simultaneous filing of several lawsuits with the same cause and against the same person in different regions, simply with the objective of creating difficulties for the accused, since in special civil courts the defendant must appear in person at the hearings, otherwise, if he does not contest the narrated facts, they will be declared true in the records. “When actions are proposed in different places, the defendant cannot be in more than one place at the same time or, when on different days, he has to travel through different regions”, warns the author of the project, deputy Paulo Ramos (PDT- RJ).

Mandatory immunization raises controversy

With the worsening of the Covid-19 pandemic in the country, employers are confused about determining the vaccination of employees. This is because there is still a portion of Brazilians who do not want to be vaccinated, either because of doubts about its effectiveness or because of personal conviction. Lawyer Tamara Magalhães, specialist in labor law at Bernardes & Advogados Associados, explains that the Constitution does not allow any citizen to be subjected to forced vaccination.

However, the State may declare that immunization against Covid-19 is mandatory and impose limitations on the rights of citizens who refuse to undergo the procedure. This can generate a conflict between individual rights (such as the inviolability of the body, religious convictions, etc.) and the public interest (protection of collective health), for those who refuse to be vaccinated. What prevails in this case is the practice that ensures the use of the necessary means

for the preservation of human life , in this case, collective immunization .

With regard to the employer , Tamara Magalhães points out that the Federal Constitution provides that it is the company's duty to reduce the risks inherent to work, through health, hygiene and safety standards and points out that an unvaccinated employee , who comes to be contaminated , may endanger the health of other workers. Thus, since vaccination is considered to be of collective interest and the employer must provide a healthy and safe work environment

for its employees, in the lawyer's opinion there is reason for the employer to demand proof of immunization from its employees and outsourced workers. The article. 8 of the Consolidation of Labor Laws (CLT) provides that no class or private interest prevails over the public interest.

Tamara Magalhães points out, however, that there is no

consensus among specialists on the powers and limits of the employer in the aspect. Although the lawyer understands that, if there is an internal norm of the company regarding the obligation of vaccination, by failing to comply with it, the employee may be dismissed, including for just cause (article 482, h of the CLT), but this type of dismissal can be reversed by the Labor Court.

The specialist aligns with the trend of the Public Ministry of Labor (MPT), adopted in the Internal Technical Guide on Covid-19 Vaccination, according to which “if there is unjustified refusal by the employee to vaccinate, it can be characterized as a faulty act, in the terms of the legislation. However, the company must not use, immediately, the maximum penalty or any other penalty, without first informing the worker about the benefits of the vaccine and the importance of collective vaccination, in addition to providing him with medical care, with clarifications on the efficacy and safety of immunization”.

Bovespa

Movimento do Pregão 29/04

A Bolsa de Valores de São Paulo (Bovespa) fechou o pregão regular de ontem em baixa de -0,82% ao marcar 120065.75 pontos, com volume financeiro negociado de R\$ 31.682.121.820. As maiores altas B2W DIGITAL ON, SABESP ON, ECORODOVIAS ON, P.ACUCAR-CBD ON e BRASKEM PNA. As maiores baixas foram LOJAS AMERIC PN, EMBRAER ON, SANTAN- DER BR UNT, ITAUUNIBANCO PN e BRADESCO ON.

Pregão do dia 28/04

RESUMO NO DIA

Discriminação	Negócios	Títulos Mil	Part. (%)	Valor em R\$ Mil	Part. (%)
28/04/2021					
%					
LOTE PADRAO	2.411.264	1.200.362	48,06	27.675.088,90	88,96
FRACIONARIO	354.796	5.679	0,22	148.088,34	0,47
DEMAIS ATIVOS	688.362	647.814	25,94	2.265.572,13	7,28
TOTAL A VISTA	3.454.419	1.853.855	74,23	30.088.749,16	96,72
EX OPC COMPRA	4	5	0,00	93,16	0,00
TERMO	2.888	19.446	0,77	347.772,00	1,10
OPCOES COMPRA	160.814	423.626	16,96	405.560,31	1,31
OPCOES VENDA	61.684	200.030	8,01	204.171,78	0,65
OPC.COMP.INDICE	115	9	0,00	19.954,09	0,06
OPC.VEND.INDICE	195	31	0,00	34.770,43	0,11
TOTAL DE OPCOES	222.808	623.697	24,97	664.456,62	2,13
BOVESPAFIX	3.024	56	0,00	3.444,04	0,01
TOTAL GERAL	3.686.377	2.497.125	100,00	31.108.577,01	100,00
PARTIC. AFTER MARKET	16.894	6.843	0,27	158.501,68	0,50
PARTIC. NOVO MERCADO	1.839.367	987.037	39,52	16.807.428,41	54,02
PARTIC. NIVEL 1	613.036	510.196	20,43	6.257.125,35	20,11
PARTIC. NIVEL 2	354.339	363.206	14,54	4.437.794,61	14,26
PARTIC BALCAO ORGANIZADO	210	5	0,00	617,96	0,00
PARTIC. MAIS	77	8	0,00	142,13	0,00
	162.830	2.020	0,08	171.215,02	0,55
PARTIC. IBOVESPA	1.683.957	907.187	36,32	22.793.625,85	73,27
PARTIC. IBX 50	1.290.508	774.768	31,02	19.464.762,43	62,57
PARTIC. IBX 100	1.181.080	950.775	38,07	23.597.971,93	75,85
PARTIC. IBiA	2.126.363	1.084.715	43,43	25.856.313,44	83,11
PARTIC. MIDLARGE	1.314.994	670.475	26,84	20.005.326,14	64,30
PARTIC. SMALL	793.222	397.130	15,90	5.650.641,35	18,16
PARTIC. ISE	905.616	529.186	21,19	11.835.234,17	38,04
PARTIC. ICO2	1.252.157	683.162	27,35	16.256.923,13	52,25
PARTIC. ICE	209.437	66.096	2,64	1.362.648,80	4,38
PARTIC. INDX	539.166	239.669	9,58	6.375.433,67	20,49
PARTIC. ICONSUMO	710.613	339.991	13,61	6.967.542,65	22,39
PARTIC. IMOBILIARIO	136.878	49.614	1,98	776.232,25	2,49
PARTIC. IFINANCIERO	434.802	305.559	12,23	6.387.339,81	20,53
PARTIC. IMAT	226.487	96.246	3,85	5.219.342,37	16,77
PARTIC. UTIL	251.286	81.846	3,27	1.659.559,69	5,33
PARTIC. IVBX 2	963.257	489.889	19,61	11.171.548,15	35,91
PARTIC. IGC	2.223.190	1.140.316	45,66	25.998.963,26	83,57
PARTIC. ICGT	2.033.151	1.043.566	41,79	24.755.299,79	79,57
PARTIC. IGMN	1.507.263	721.833	28,90	16.040.767,35	51,56
PARTIC. ITAG ALONG	2.132.632	1.091.634	43,71	25.260.403,81	81,20
PARTIC. IDIV	521.469	298.861	11,96	5.310.594,41	17,07
PARTIC. IFIX	213.719	2.626	0,10	211.183,98	0,67
PARTIC. BDRX	40.300	3.220	0,12	260.451,64	0,83

MERCADO À VISTA

LOTE-PADRÃO

CÓD.	EMPRESA/AÇÃO		ABERT.	MÍN.	MÁX.	MÉD.	FECH.	OSC. (%)	OFERTAS		NEGOS. REALIZADOS	
									COMPRA	VENDA	NUM.	QUANTIDADE
MMMC34	3M	DRN	264,99	263,00	266,40	264,47	263,16	-1,14	263,16	269,78	40	1.027
RRRP33	3R PETROLEUM	ON NM	45,64	42,57	46,46	45,06	45,80	+0,65	45,80	45,84	8.967	1.769.700
ABUD34	AB INBEV	DRN	64,74	63,92	64,74	64,29	63,92	-0,43	62,90	65,00	109	762
A1BR34	ABB LTD	DRN	45,06	44,78	45,11	45,03	44,78	-0,92	43,65	45,20	14	55
ABT134	ABBOTT	DRN	165,00	162,50	165,20	163,48	163,40	-2,38	162,00	173,00	64	153
ABV334	ABBVIE	DRN	608,50	602,50	608,50	604,69	604,00	-1,38	600,00	625,00	17	31
ABC84	ABC BRASIL	PN N2	14,75	14,68	14,89	14,80	14,80	+1,02	14,80	14,83	2.543	628.000
A1BM34	ABIOMED INC	DRN	471,60	471,60	474,30	472,95	474,30	+0,82	450,70	-	2	2
ACN834	ACCENTURE	DRN	1.570,50	1.567,50	1.570,50	1.568,94	1.569,00	-0,85	1.375,00	1.650,00	104	500
EAL13	ACO ALTONA	ON	16,30	16,21	16,75	16,51	16,66	+3,09	16,25	16,66	13	3.400
EAL14	ACO ALTONA	PN	6,56	6,54	6,83	6,69	6,75	+3,05	6,71	6,78	106	27.200
ATV134	ACTIVISION	DRN	509,74	489,50	509,74	493,16	489,50	-3,97	487,01	489,50	145	2.430
ADBE34	ADOBE INC	DRN	55,39	55,29	55,77	55,70	55,49	-2,04	53,96	57,33	211	17.778
ATAP34	ADVANCE AUTO	DRN	66,65	66,15	66,85	66,15	66,14	-1,4	60,00	68,98	9	11.244
A1MD34	ADVANCED MIC	DRN	477,00	451,50	481,70	460,02	451,50	-3,58	453,00	480,00	41	405
A1EG34	AEON NV	DRN	24,84	24,84	25,18	24,99	24,92	+0,64	24,84	25,93	19	27
AER13	AERIS	ON NM	8,82	8,81	9,44	9,15	9,09	+3,29	9,07	9,09	16.531	10.290.700
AESB3	AES BRASIL	ON NM	15,15	15,06	15,29	15,12	15,12	-0,06	15,08	15,12	3.430	842.500
ATES34	AES CORP	DRN	155,00	155,00	155,00	155,00	155,00	=	148,30	-	1	10
ATFL13	AFIAC INC	DRN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	308,00	-	-
AFIT13	AFIUNTE T	ON	9,20	8,90	9,20	9,05	8,96	-2,6	8,93	9,16	10	1.200
AIRB34	AIRBNB	DRN	48,55	47,10	49,07	48,35	48,29	-0,53	48,16	48,29	218	64.475
A1KA34	AKAMAI TECH	DRN	50,00	49,20	50,00	49,71	49,20	-3,11	44,00	52,00	4	4
A1LK34	AKASA AIR G	DRN	372,60	370,80	372,60	371,31	370,80	-0,85	-	-	3	38
A1LB34	ALBEMARLE CO	DRN	917,00	917,00	917,00	917,00	917,00	-0,19	-	1.000,00	-	5
A1RE34	ALEXANDRIA R	DRN	243,00	243,00	243,00	243,00	243,00	=	233,00	-	1	5
A1UX34	ALEXION PHAR	DRN	452,10	448,50	452,10	450,30	448,50	-1,9	446,65	-	2	2
BRGE3	ALFA CONSORC	ON	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,94	9,50	-	-
BRGE5	ALFA CONSORC	PNA	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,58	16,38	-	-
BRGE6	ALFA CONSORC	PNB	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,20	19,17	-	-
BRGE7	ALFA CONSORC	PNC	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,62	15,00	-	-
BRGE8	ALFA CONSORC	PND	8,20	8,20	8,50	8,40	8,50	=	8,25	8,80	3	300
BRGE11	ALFA CONSORC	PNE	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,25	9,99	-	-
BRGE12	ALFA CONSORC	PNF	6,06	6,06	6,06	6,06	6,06	=	6,10	6,14	1	200
CRV13	ALFA FINANC	ON	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,26	5,37	-	-
CRV14	ALFA FINANC	PN	6,23	6,23	6,24	6,23	6,23	-0,63	6,23	6,30	4	1.400
RPAD3	ALFA HOLDING	ON	7,04	6,96	7,30	7,10	7,00	=	6,89	7,10	8	800
RPAD5	ALFA HOLDING	PNA	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,60	8,80	-	-
RPAD6	ALFA HOLDING	PNB	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,41	5,58	-	-
BRV13	ALFA INVEST	ON	9,73	9,73	9,90	9,80	9,90	+3,01	9,70	9,78	7	1.300
BRV14	ALFA INVEST	PN	8,80	8,46	8,80	8,58	8,60	=	8,46	8,60	12	2.200
ALSO3	ALUMINUSCONAE	ON NM	26,52	26,22	26,95	26,57	26,95	+2,16	26,82	26,95	5.303	986.300
BARA34	ALIBABAG	DRN	46,19	45,34	46,19	45,69	45,34	-1,17	45,33	45,45	812	65.815
A1IG34	ALION TECHNO	DRN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	860,00	-	-
AFIT13	ALIPERTI	ON	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,03	-	-	-
AFIT14	ALIPERTI	PN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,00	-	-
A1IL34	ALLIANCE DAT	DRN	142,00	142,00	145,20	142,05	144,00	-2,43	-	158,41	6	103
A1EN34	ALLIANT ENER	DRN	-	-	-	-	-	-	249,60	-	-	-
AALR3	ALLIAR	ON NM	9,07	8,91	9,14	9,00	9,02	-0,33	9,01	9,02	1.710	431.100
ALID3	ALLIED	ON NM	17,10	17,10	17,49	17,32	17,45	+2,34	17,45	17,48	117	24.100
A1IT34	ALLSTATE COR	DRN	339,00	339,00	339,00	339,00	339,00	-0,29	-	339,00	1	1
A1IN34	ALNYLAM PHAR	DRN	38,98	38,48	39,12	38,86	38,48	-1,02	38,10	-	4	4
ALP33	ALPARGATAS	ON N1	34,79	32,97	35,23	33,95	34,23	-3,3	34,21	35,40	28	3.600
ALP44	ALPARGATAS	PN N1	38,90	38,05	39,00	38,45	38,52	-0,84	38,46	38,52	3.527	618.500
APER3	ALPER S.A.	ON NM	48,65	47,28	49,20	47,80	47,42	-2,22	47,40	47,54	401	55.300
GGL134	ALPHABET	DRN A	86,51	84,26	87,44	85,76	84,58	+0,09	84,58	85,31	1.912	189.667
GGL135	ALPHABET	DRN C	86,30	85,37	88,52	86,23	85,37	+1,04	85,37	87,44	346	9.554
AVIL3	ALPHAVILLE	ON NM	25,50	25,00	26,00	25,47	26,00	=	24,55	26,00	16	1.900
A1YX34	ALPHEX INC	DRN	23,26	23,08	23,26	23,08	23,08	-1,7	22,08	25,18	3	64
MOO034	ALTRIA GROUP	DRN	256,70	254,20	256,70	255,68	254,60	-1,69	252,81	274,59	17	69
ALUP3	ALUPAR	ON ED N2	8,61	8,35	8,61	8,43	8,48	+1,8	8,39	8,49	194	26.900
ALUP4	ALUPAR	PN ED N2	8,91	8,64	9,50	8,85	8,74	+1,04	8,70	8,74	200	32.600
ALUP11	ALUPAR	UNIT ED N2	26,14	25,63	26,24	25,96	26,11	+1,43	25,94	26,11	4.890	827.400
AMZ034	AMAZON	DRN	118,45	118,01	120,10	118,87	118,35	-0,08	118,30	119,35	1.190	121.952
BAZ33	AMAZONIA	ON ERJ	39,45	38,33	39,46	39,06	38,98	-0,43	38,42	38,98	13	1.800
#ABEV3	AMBEV S/A	ON	15,30	15,18	15,41	15,25	15,21	-0,52	15,20	15,21	17.886	11.694.400
AMBIP3	AMBIPAR	ON NM	29,00	28,57	29,32	29,06	29,20	+1,21	29,19	29,20	1.239	194.600
A1CR34	AMCOR PLC	DRN	63,06	63,06	64,50	63,66	63,45	+0,31	62,45	-	5	6
A1EE34	AMEREN CORP	DRN	-	-	-	-	-	-	190,00	-	-	-
A1MX34	AMERICANMOVIL	DRN	39,16	38,46	39,16	38,94	38,68	-3,3	36,03	41,00	4	7
AAL134	AMERICAN AIR	DRN	118,05	116,25	118,11	117,01	116,78	-2	116,25	119,28	51	7.053
A1EP34	AMERICAN ELE	DRN	236,80	236,80	236,80	236,80	236,80	=	-	-	1	4
AXPB34	AMERICAN EXP	DRN	82,03	82,03	82,80	82,32	82,05	-0,42	80,75	88,00	65	182
T1W034	AMERICAN TOW	DRN	343,20	339,90	343,20	341,11	339,90	-2,18	251,00	-	3	158
A1MP34	AMERIPRISE F	DRN	-	-	-	-	-	-	240,00	-	-	-
AMGN34	AMGEN	DRN	50,08	45,15	50,08	45,42	45,47	-9,2	45,47	47,71	217	30.435
CBEE3	AMPLA ENERG	ON ED	23,50	23,50	26,31	24,68	23,80	+0,84	23,51	24,50	32	4.300
ATDI34	ANALOG DEVIC	DRN	420,00	420,00	420,00	420,00	420,00	-4,5	-	-	1	1
ATUA34	ANGLOOLD AS	DRN	28,00	27,86	28,32	28,10	28,02	-1,95	28,00	30,90	22	1.350
ANM13	ANION	ON NM	10,96	10,67	10,96	10,79	10,80	-0,91	10,79	10,81	3.791	1.306.000
ATON34	ANON PLC	DRN	322,00	322,00	322,00	322,00	322,00	+0,62	315,23	-	1	9
A1PA34	APA CORP	DRN ED	107,50	107,50	111,50	109,49	111,50	+7,05	101,99	114,85	21	161
A1V34	APARTMENT IN	DRN	36,17	35,62	36,24	35,96	35,88	-1,8	24,20	38,00	13	44
AAPL13	APPLE	DRN	73,50	71,65	73,50	72,71	71,91	-2,44	71,91	72,49	2.222	202.571

Pregão														Continuação																					
CÓD.	EMPRESA/AÇÃO	ABERT.	MÍN.	MÁX.	MÉD.	FECH.	OSC. (%)	OFERTAS		NEGOS. REALIZADOS		CÓD.	EMPRESA/AÇÃO	ABERT.	MÍN.	MÁX.	MÉD.	FECH.	OSC. (%)	OFERTAS		NEGOS. REALIZADOS													
								COMPRA	VENDA	NUM.	QUANTIDADE									COMPRA	VENDA	NUM.	QUANTIDADE												
L1FC34	CHINA LIFE I	DRN	27,86	27,86	27,86	27,86	-0,64	-	27,50	-	1	-	L1FC34	CHINA LIFE I	DRN	27,86	27,86	27,86	27,86	27,86	-0,64	-	27,50	-	1	-									
C1HC34	CHINA PETROL	DRN	45,76	45,56	46,56	45,70	-0,47	-	45,56	46,24	10	176	-	-	C1HC34	CHINA PETROL	DRN	45,76	45,56	46,56	45,70	45,78	-0,47	-	45,56	46,24	10	176	-	-					
C1MG34	CHIPOTLE MEX	DRN	-	-	-	-	-	350,00	-	-	-	-	-	C1MG34	CHIPOTLE MEX	DRN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	350,00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
# HGTG3	CIA HERING	ON	27,23	26,42	27,45	26,94	27,32	+0,66	27,29	27,32	26,283	8.364.300	-	-	# HGTG3	CIA HERING	ON	27,23	26,42	27,45	26,94	27,32	+0,66	27,29	27,32	26,283	8.364.300	-	-	-	-	-	-		
# CIEL3	CIELO	ON	3,65	3,48	3,65	3,53	3,53	-3,28	3,53	3,54	28,049	62.146.700	-	-	# CIEL3	CIELO	ON	3,65	3,48	3,65	3,53	3,53	-3,28	3,53	3,54	28,049	62.146.700	-	-	-	-	-	-		
C1IC34	CIGNA CORP	DRN	337,20	337,20	337,20	337,20	337,20	-0,96	316,63	367,00	1	-	-	-	C1IC34	CIGNA CORP	DRN	337,20	337,20	337,20	337,20	337,20	-0,96	316,63	367,00	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CNSY3	CINESYSTEM	ON	MA	-	-	-	-	-	0,05	-	-	-	-	-	CNSY3	CINESYSTEM	ON	MA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CSC034	CISCO	DRN	56,30	54,74	56,30	55,13	55,00	-2,29	54,50	56,30	175	939	-	-	CSC034	CISCO	DRN	56,30	54,74	56,30	55,13	55,00	-2,29	54,50	56,30	175	939	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CTGP34	CTINGROUP	DRN	65,60	65,13	66,12	65,45	65,13	-2,29	65,13	66,03	97	487	-	-	CTGP34	CTINGROUP	DRN	65,60	65,13	66,12	65,45	65,13	-2,29	65,13	66,03	97	487	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CLC34	CLOROX CO	DRN	ED	248,36	248,36	248,36	248,36	-6,58	241,18	-	1	1	-	-	CLC34	CLOROX CO	DRN	ED	248,36	248,36	248,36	248,36	248,36	-6,58	241,18	-	1	1	-	-	-	-			
CHME34	CME GROUP	DRN	278,60	278,60	278,60	278,60	278,60	+0,86	-	-	1	10	-	-	CHME34	CME GROUP	DRN	278,60	278,60	278,60	278,60	278,60	+0,86	-	-	1	10	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CLMS34	CMS ENERGY C	DRN	-	-	-	-	-	-	145,00	-	-	-	-	-	CLMS34	CMS ENERGY C	DRN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	145,00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
COCA34	COCA COLA	DRN	49,29	47,82	49,29	48,32	48,25	-2,1	47,85	48,55	949	28.192	-	-	COCA34	COCA COLA	DRN	49,29	47,82	49,29	48,32	48,25	-2,1	47,85	48,55	949	28.192	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CEEB3	COELBA	ON	39,10	39,10	39,15	39,14	39,15	+0,9	38,00	39,35	2	1.100	-	-	CEEB3	COELBA	ON	39,10	39,10	39,15	39,14	39,15	+0,9	38,00	39,35	2	1.100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
COCE3	COELCE	ON	ED	-	-	-	-	-	70,00	-	-	-	-	-	COCE3	COELCE	ON	ED	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
COCE5	COELCE	PNA	ED	55,83	54,65	55,83	55,03	55,10	-0,18	55,09	55,37	69	17.600	-	-	COCE5	COELCE	PNA	ED	55,83	54,65	55,83	55,03	55,10	-0,18	55,09	55,37	69	17.600	-	-	-	-	-	-
# COGN3	COGNAC ON	ON	ATZ	3,98	3,88	4,01	3,95	4,00	+1,01	4,00	4,01	16,896	30.798.300	-	-	# COGN3	COGNAC ON	ON	ATZ	3,98	3,88	4,01	3,95	4,00	+1,01	4,00	4,01	16,896	30.798.300	-	-	-	-	-	-
CTSH34	COGNIZANT	DRN	432,40	432,40	432,40	432,40	432,40	-0,79	-	-	1	35	-	-	CTSH34	COGNIZANT	DRN	432,40	432,40	432,40	432,40	432,40	-0,79	-	-	1	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
COLG34	COLGATE	DRN	ED	61,40	60,62	61,40	60,73	60,62	-1,31	58,40	64,00	9	132	-	-	COLG34	COLGATE	DRN	ED	61,40	60,62	61,40	60,73	60,62	-1,31	58,40	64,00	9	132	-	-	-	-	-	-
CMCS34	COMCAST	DRN	59,85	58,02	59,85	58,35	58,02	-2,73	58,02	59,80	218	20.649	-	-	CMCS34	COMCAST	DRN	59,85	58,02	59,85	58,35	58,02	-2,73	58,02	59,80	218	20.649	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CGAS3	COMGAS	ON	143,26	143,26	143,26	143,26	143,26	-1,2	140,00	150,00	1	100	-	-	CGAS3	COMGAS	ON	143,26	143,26	143,26	143,26	143,26	-1,2	140,00	150,00	1	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CGAS5	COMGAS	PNA	159,73	158,23	159,73	158,55	158,24	-0,47	158,24	159,20	20	2.200	-	-	CGAS5	COMGAS	PNA	159,73	158,23	159,73	158,55	158,24	-0,47	158,24	159,20	20	2.200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
E1DI34	CONSOLIDATED	DRN	-	-	-	-	-	-	170,00	-	-	-	-	-	E1DI34	CONSOLIDATED	DRN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	170,00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CALI3	CONST A LIND	ON	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,00	-	-	-	-	-	CALI3	CONST A LIND	ON	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CAU4	CONST A LIND	PN	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,00	200,00	-	-	-	-	CAU4	CONST A LIND	PN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,00	200,00	-	-	-	-	-	-		
STZB34	CONSTELLATIO	DRN	-	-	-	-	-	-	305,00	-	-	-	-	-	STZB34	CONSTELLATIO	DRN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	305,00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
C1O034	COOPER COMPA	DRN	-	-	-	-	-	-	252,00	-	-	-	-	-	C1O034	COOPER COMPA	DRN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	252,00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CSMG3	COPASA	ON	MA	16,32	16,30	16,84	16,66	16,77	+3,07	16,77	16,78	9.087	3.288.800	-	-	CSMG3	COPASA	ON	MA	16,32	16,30	16,84	16,66	16,77	+3,07	16,77	16,78	9.087	3.288.800	-	-	-	-	-	-
CPLE3	COPEL	ON	N1	6,26	6,12	6,26	6,15	6,13	-1,6	6,13	6,14	2.585	918.100	-	-	CPLE3	COPEL	ON	N1	6,26	6,12	6,26</													

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FINANÇAS



LIVE OUT LOUD



The Quixote Bookshop

ROGÉRIO FARIA TAVARES*

Culture is the soil on which the ways of being and living of a people rise.

Through it, different communities define and express their relationships with the world and what they are able to extract from it, both to overcome the present and to dream of the future.

The arts provide the creative contours through which this process takes place. As essential, then, as air and water, culture and the arts are food for the soul, the mind and – make no mistake about it – also for the body. Therefore, it is easy to know when a city treats its inhabitants well. Among the main indicators are, undoubtedly, the appreciation of education and health and respect for the environment. But from no responsible list will the stimulus to cultural and artistic life be left out .

Among other benefits, the so-called 'creative economy' mobilizes an extensive production chain, generating jobs and income and realizing the ideals of inclusion foreseen by the Citizen's Constitution of 88 and by the legislation that followed it . After all, culture is neither a favor nor a privilege. It's right.

Like many Brazilian municipalities, Belo Horizonte is home to first-rate cultural manifestations, led by high-quality artists and managers. A place where the groups Corpo and Galpão, Mimulus and Fundação de Educação Artística, by dear Berenice Menegale, operate, it is, however, in the intimate connection with books that she aligns, in an emblematic way, with her origin and her more than a century old history. Since the days of Curral Del Rei, writers and readers have circulated here. During the construction of the new capital, Alfredo Camarate published very tasty texts. In 1903, Avelino Fóscolo launched "A capital", the first novel set in Beagá. Over the decades, the city's love of literature has grown ever more



Belo Horizonte has already accepted losing the Metrópole, Pathé, Savassi Cineclube and Usina cinemas, the Mineiriana and Van Damme bookstores. We will not, in any way, be without Quixote

evident, it suffices, to prove it, to consult the legacies of Drummond and Nava, to name just two.

Essential links in this chain that forms literary life, bookstores give the measure of how civilized a city is. It's like that all over the world.

In addition to selling points, they are spaces for sociability and encounter , for dialogue, reflection and criticism. And of resistance against ignorance, truculence and barbarism. Defending them, therefore, and even more so now, during the pandemic, is an attitude that cannot be given up.

Founded in 2003, by Alencar Perdigão (also owner of the great publisher 'Quixote + Do', with Luciana Tanure), and always at the same address,

at Rua Fernandes Tourinho, 274, in its eighteen years, the Quixote bookshop has established itself as a reference of intelligence and appreciation for the cultural activities of the city. It is the promoter, for example, of the "Festival Livro na Rua", Flir. Closed for about seven months due to health protocols, it has now launched a 'shopping voucher' sales campaign , essential to keep up. Customers can acquire, by bank transfer, coupons of different values and redeem the books until the end of December, with delivery at home or directly at the store, which is always a pleasure.

After all, there it is possible to chat with Alencar himself, Cláudia (his wife and partner) and the competent booksellers Andrea Ledo and Bruno Zattar, with whom it is always good to talk about books and literature (they both know what they are talking about). . Belo Horizonte has already accepted losing the Metrópole, Pathé, Savassi Cineclube and Usina cinemas, the Mineiriana and Van Damme bookstores. We will not, under any circumstances, be without Quixote.

* Journalist. Doctor of Literature. President of the Minas Gerais Academy of Letters.

Body Group Classes

Grupo Corpo holds, in May, always on Fridays -fairs, another season of *online dance workshop* , free and for all ages. Through the company's YouTube channel (www.youtube.com/grupocorpooficial), on the 7th, 14th, 21st and 28th of May, from 7:30 pm, anyone can have the privilege of dancing virtually with the professional dancers. This time, classes will be inspired by movements from the acclaimed shows "Nazareth" (1993), with music by Ernesto Nazareth; "O Corpo" (2000), with a soundtrack by Arnaldo Antunes; "Onçotô" (2005), with a soundtrack by Caetano Veloso and José Miguel Wisnik, and "Gira" (2017), with music by the trio Metá Goal. Just access the channel and follow the sequence of movements, all adapted so that everyone can follow along.

Belo Horizonte Short Film Festival

The Clóvis Salgado Foundation and the Pro-Culture and Arts Promotion Association (APPA), through Cine Humberto Mauro, open registrations today for the 23rd FESTCURTASBH – Belo Horizonte International Short Film Festival, one of the most important events for the dissemination and promotion of world production of short films. -films in Brazil. Filmmakers with short films completed in 2020 or 2021 have until June 13, 2021 to apply. The Festival notice is available on the Clóvis Salgado Foundation website , on the *website* at FESTCURTASBH and on the APPA *website* . Entries are free and must be made exclusively through the *Shortfilmdepot online* platform or through the FESTCURTASBH Festival *website* .

Soundtracks

The almost centenary Oscar has soundtracks as an important category of the seventh art. Despite the 'mature age' of the award, to date only four women have won statuettes for their songs. Composer Rachel Portman pioneered Douglas McGrath's film Emma. Their work in the film music scene is remembered by director and writer João Batista Melo on the Cinematographer program, on Rede Minas, today at 8:30 pm.

The attraction also features a chat with a team that understands the subject to talk about their participation in national cinema. Professor Roberta Veiga, journalist and researcher Mariana Tavares and critic Camila Vieira, also co-author of the book "Women behind the cameras: Brazilian filmmakers from 1930 to 2018" present themselves together and talk about the insertion of women in Brazilian works to the work of notable female figures of the seventh art in the country. The public can also check out the program at the same time, on the broadcaster's *website* : redeminas.tv

Funed makes part of the historical collection available

The Ezequiel Dias Foundation (Funed) made available this week in part of its *online historical collection*, with the title "Memories of Science – objects used in scientific research in the early 20th century". The objective is to enable, in the current context of social isolation, access to the Institution's collection and tell a little of its history, through the technical objects that were used by various professionals in the context of scientific research focused on public health.

According to the head of Funed's Extension and Scientific Dissemination Division, Marina Rezende , the collection comprises optical objects, containers and measuring instruments that date back to the beginning of the 20th century. "This is an action that aims to expand access by different audiences to part of the historical collection available at the Foundation, as we know that knowing is a fundamental step to preserve", he says.

In all, 30 historical objects

These will include, among them, a flexible microscope that belonged to the patron of the Foundation, physician and researcher Ezequiel Dias. The instrument was widely used in field research, as its folding feature facilitated its use in different environments.

An English chest of drawers donated by the president of the Morro Velho Mine, located in Nova Lima, will also be on display, in gratitude for the reception that the directors of the then Ezequiel Dias Institute gave to Queen Elizabeth in the 1930s . contain snakes.

A Funed Income and Expense book will also be on display, with records of the institution from its creation in 1907 to 1941. In it, there are invoices, receipts, purchase and sale statements, a list of the institution's first employees and information on tax collection.

For the Foundation's historian, Fabiana Melo Neves, to provide

these objects have a very great symbolic value , as memory is a fundamental element in the formation of people's cultural identity, since it supports the constitution of senses and assigns meanings. "Preserving the institutional heritage is not just rescuing, but understanding the differences and recognizing the limits of each era. Preserving the pillars of the institution is keeping its memory, knowledge and identity alive", he believes.

Access to virtual collections is growing and, during social isolation , this work gains even more relevance, as it is a way of guaranteeing people's permanent access to scientific content . Institutions such as the Oswaldo Cruz Foundation (Fiocruz) and the Butantan Institute have also already made part of their collections available on virtual platforms.

According to Fabiana, most museums currently promote online exhibitions. "In Minas Gerais, Funed is an institution

pioneer. It is one of the first Science and Health institutions to join the Tainacan project, which is part of the Brazilian Institute of Museums (Ibram). The objects in the exhibition are records of Funed's history, but they do not only retell the institutional history.

They reflect the marks of the people who worked there and contributed to building what we seek to preserve", adds Fabiana.

The Tainacan platform was chosen because it is free access *software* and is already part of Ibram's projects. According to José Junior Santos, head of the Scientific, Historical and Cultural Information Service , the idea is to expand the number of objects and documents available within the scope of Tainacan. The idea is to provide content that arouses the curiosity of the general public and offers the opportunity to learn a little more about the history of Funed and health sciences as a whole.

Funed has a historical collection of approximately 76,000 volumes. Rare works stand out , such as the main books on basic science and the great treatises on microbiology, anatomy , histology, zoology and botany (ten volumes of Flora Brasiliense by Von Martius), in addition to the complete collection of Hippocrates, translated by Litré, in addition to national periodicals such as Brasil Médico, Gazeta Médica da Bahia,

The Hospital and other Latin ones such as La Semana Médica complete the collection of rarities. The collection is open to the public, but due to the pandemic, visits are temporarily suspended.

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In addition to the pieces from the collection, the



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